PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8,
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette

No. 54,757.—New Series] BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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NESTLE'S
CONDENSED
MILK,
RICHEST IN CREAM
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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P. M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
26th June	HIMALAYA	6898	MOOLTAN	9621
3rd July	PERSIA	7951	......	—
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
17th "	HIMALAYA	6898	......	..
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
31st "	EGYPT	7912	......	...
7th Augt.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	ARABIA	7903	......	—
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
28th "	OCEANA	6610	......	..
4th Septr.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
11th "	CALEDONIA	7558	......	..
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	1050
25th "	PERSIA	7951	......	..
2nd Octr.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
9th "	EGYPT	7912	......	..

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a. m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the Importance of having their Beggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 1 and 1-30 o'clock p. m. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further particulars apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Company.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI Direct,
Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time, about
WAROONGA	2,510	Mon 28th June	noon.
KASARA	1,195	Thur 1st July	9 a. m.
DUMRA	1,695	Fri. 2nd July	6 a. m. †

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,510 tons, 28th June, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly)

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on THURSDAY, 1st July, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. tons, sailing on or about 26th June

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

24th June, 1909.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
TRIESTE	5,095	S. Cliunak	1st July 1909
KOERBER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Aug. 1909
TRIESTE	5,095	S. Cliunak	1st Sept. 1909
KOERBER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Oct. 1909
AFRICA	4,719	———	1st Nov. 1909
BOHEMIA	4,281	M. Dabcevich	16th " 1909
KOERBER	5,423	A. Foresti	1st Dec. 1909
PRAGA	3,895	G. Gillhuber	16th " 1909

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN-TICKETS.

Are issued, to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd's from Genoa to Colombo, and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 3 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers' Season (March, April and May) all the Steamers of the direct Line will call on their Homeward voyages first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
....	6,350	E. Tarabochia	24th July 1909.

For further particulars regarding passages. apply to,

W. DENSO,
Agent,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Coy
Sassoon House 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty upper storied HOUSE, at Bangalore, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 558, care of the "Bombay Gazette.

SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnen	8th July 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barlilon	5th Aug. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	30th Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,685	X	28th Oct. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Rebufat	25th Nov. "
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnen	23rd Dec. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione Generale Italiana's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	16th July 1909.
DUMBEA	5,685	X	13th Aug. "

For further particulars apply to—

L. BRICARD,
Agent,
Albert Building Hornby Road.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct
FOR BRINDISI and VENICE
(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th July 1909.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1909.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Sept. 1909.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 900 *	" 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th Aug. 1909.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Sept 1909.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to .... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.
Subject to alterations.
For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
AGENT,
No. 59 HORNBY ROAD.

JEWELLERY.

Exclusive Novelties, Artistic and Distinctive in Design.

DEPARTMENTS.

- JEWELLERY
- WATCHES
- CLOCKS
- SILVER PLATE
- ELECTRO-PLATE
- WATCH REPAIRING
- JEWELLERY REPAIRING
- RE-PLATING.

English Chiming Clocks, and Reproductions from Old Styles, Chippendale, Sheraton, Etc.

FRENCH TRAVELLING CLOCKS
DINING and DRAWING ROOM
CLOCKS, Etc.

EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

In Necklets, Pendants, Brooches, Bracelets, Scarf Pins, Lace Brooches in Pearl and Enamel or Fancy Stones.

Large Stock of UNSET STONES FOR MATCHING.

WE DO YOUR REPAIRS ON THE SPOT.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE CONNAUGHT HOTEL
POONA.

Select Hotel for European Gentry only.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD

For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

Full particulars and prices on application to

MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No, 838
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Kolar and Karachi.

GET READY FOR THE "MONSOON,"

Now is the time to order.

MOTOR CAR WATERPROOF APRONS.
MOTOR CAR WATERPROOF COVERS.
CARRIAGE WATERPROOF APRONS.
HARNESS WATERPROOF COVERS
HORSE WATERPROOF LOIN COVERS.
Covers for Bags, Trunks, Suit Cases, &c., &c., &c.

WE ARE THE SPECIALISTS.

APRONS, COVERS, &c., made in LEATHER.

AMERICAN CLOTH,
and last, but not least,
GENUINE WILLESDEN CANVAS
PROMPT ESTIMATES GIVEN.

MCALPIN & HUGGETT,
FORT,
AGENTS FOR
THE WILLESDEN PAPER & CANVAS WORKS, LD., LONDON.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour Rs. 5.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Re. 1-8,

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Is scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

HAIG & HAIG'S THREE STARS WHISKY.

Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
and All Wine Merchants.

SOLE AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.,
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS.
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

You'll Enjoy a good Breakfast this Morning

- - IF YOU - -

Drink Liptons Coffees

- - BECAUSE - -

BEING ROASTED, GROUND AND PACKED ON OUR OWN PREMISES

- - THEY ARE - -

ALWAYS FRESH AND FAR SUPERIOR TO IMPORTED COFFEES.

AWARDED

GRAND PRIX	PARIS EXHIBITION	1900
"	LIEGE	1905
GOLD MEDAL	ST LOUIS	1904
"	JAMESTOWN VA	1907
"	BHAVNAGAR	1908

Sold in 1 lb. & 1/2 lb. tins
BY

Messrs. D. C. Oomrigar, Opp. Crawford Market.
" D. D. Baria, " "
" Nelson & Co., Inside Crawford Market.
" Haji Jakeria Ebrahim, Esplanade Cross Road.
" Haji Ebrahim Haji Mahomed, Abdul Rehman Street.
" J. B. Mistri, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort.
" P. C. Shroff, Grant Road.
" Tarachund & Co., Slater Road.
" Empire Stores, Hornby Road.

ONE TRIAL WILL SECURE TO US YOUR PERMANENT PATRONAGE.

PRICES	Rs.	a.	p.	
Finest Pure Coffee	1	2	0	per lb.
Fresh Coffee, 1st Quality	0	14	0	per lb.
French Coffee, 2nd Quality	0	11	0	per lb.

"LIPTON" BUILDING, Apollo Street, FORT, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
* PRAESIDENT	3,400	Muhlbauer	2nd July

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agent.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 24th May, 1909.

NOTICE.

THE business of JAMES FINLAY & Co., Merchants in Glasgow, London and Liverpool, and FINLAY MUIR & Co., Merchants in Calcutta, Bombay, Colombo, Karachi and Chittagong, has been converted into a private Limited Company under the name of JAMES FINLAY & Co., LIMITED, and the business at its various Branches will be carried on under the same management as heretofore:—

JOHN LITTLETON SYMONS, DANIEL MACFARLANE INGLIS, GREGOR MACGREGOR WILSON, BETTRAM BROWN, HOWIE BLAIR and LANCELOT BRACHI, have been AUTHORISED TO SIGN for the Limited Company, per procuration in Bombay and Karachi.

FINLAY MUIR & CO.,
per pro JAMES FINLAY & CO., LTD.,
G. M. WILSON.

BOMBAY, 25TH JUNE, 1909.

APPLICATIONS are invited for a TEMPORARY POST of INSPECTOR of STEAM BOILERS, in the office of the Collector of Bombay. The Appointment will be for a period of about six months. Only Engineers holding a First Class Certificate granted by the Board of Trade, the Board of Examiners under the Bombay Boiler Act or the Bombay Marine Board, need apply. Applications should be sent to the Office of the Undersigned, before July 1st.

P. B. HAIGH,
Assistant Collector, in charge
Steam Boiler Department.

Bombay Collector's Office,
Steam Boiler Department,
Bombay, 24th June, 1909.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT, BOMBAY.

No. 320 OF 1909.

Re PIROSHA DADABHOY LAM, of Bombay, Parsee, until lately residing at Marine Lines, within the Forts, Bombay, an adjudged Insolvent.

WHEREAS the abovenamed PIROSHA DADABHOY LAM has been this day adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under Sec. IX. of the Act XI. and XII. Vic., Chap. 21, It is ordered that all the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvent be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and that the said Insolvent, do, within thirty days from the date hereof, file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C. to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of his debts, estate and effects.—Dated this 23rd day June, 1909.

W. J. HOWARD,
Ag. Clerk of the Court.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 319 of 1908.

M. J. P. DE ANDRADE……………………Plaintiff.

vs.

THE MOHANLAL KANDAS GINNING and MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.……Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute for sale made in the above Suit and bearing date, the first day of February, 1909, the following immoveable and moveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, in one lot, by the Acting Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on FRIDAY, the 9th day of July, 1909, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time.)

PARTICULARS.

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed plaintiff and the defendants in—

FIRST.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate at Oomrawati Zillah, Oomravati, in the Registration Sub-District of Oomravati, admeasuring 3440 Square Yards or thereabouts, and Assessed under Survey No. 7, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by a public passage and a well jointly belonging to the said premises and the premises hereinafter 2ndly described, on or towards the South by the property of Burjorji Hormasji Ghoksey, on or towards the East by the property of Angal Vakil, and on or towards the West by the said premises hereinafter secondly described and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Company.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate at Oomravati in Zillah Oomravati, in the Registration Sub-district of Oomravati, containing by admeasurement four acres and twenty-five Gunthas, and Assessed under Survey No. 7, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the public passage, on or towards the South by the property of Burjorji Hormusji Choksey, on or towards the East by the said premises hereinbefore firstly described, and on or towards the West by the property of Narayansing Telsildar and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Company.

THIRDLY.—1 Boiler (Mussgraves) 17 feet by 6 feet with Donkey pump.

1. High Pressure Engine (Tenjis) 13 in. Cylinder and piston stroke 2 1-2 feet with feed pump, 20 Gins (Platts Brothers), 4 bearings each.

6. Gins (Platts brothers), 5 bearings each.

Shafting 2 1-2 thick with 2 feet pulleys for the 20 gins and 2 1-2 feet pulleys for the 6 gins, Chimney.

Lathe 10 feet by 14 inch with fly wheel.

1 Oil Mill.

1 Boiler, 20 feet by 6 feet.

1 Boiler and Chimney at Hinganghat.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Acting Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. EDGELOW, GULABCHAND WADIA and Company, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 25, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 27th day of May, 1909.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Acting Commissioner.

HIGHER ACCOUNTANCY AND SECRETARIAL EXAMINATIONS OF LONDON.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Candidates desirous of appearing for the CORPORATE ACCOUNTANTS and the INCORPORATED SECRETARIES (London) Examinations to be conducted at Bombay in December next. Full particulars as to course of studies, fees may be obtained from

THE COMMERCIAL TRAINING COLLEGE,
36, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, including delivery.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 30 years, and during that time never found it out of order, and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. Almeida, Girgaum, Bombay.

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

S. R. PILLAI & Co.,

7-8 HUMMUM STREET, **BOMBAY.**

Have for immediate delivery the following Serviceable—

2ND HAND MOTOR CARS.

	Rs.
WOLSELEY.—12-14 H.P., 2-cylinder, 7 seats, back entrance, body double phaeton, painted dark green with red lines, wooden canopy, lamps and accessories … … … …	4,500
WOLSELEY.—8-10 H.P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats, back entrance, painted dark green with white lines, complete with hood, lamps, etc. … … …	1,800
DE DION.—9-10 H.P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats, back entrance, painted white with red lines, complete with hood, lamps (electric), etc.… … … …	3,200
BEAUFORT.—10-12 H.P., 2-cylinder, L. T. Magnets, 5 seats, back entrance, painted chocolate with white lines, complete with hood, lamps, etc. …	1,500
DE DION.—8 H.P., 1-cylinder, 3 seats …	1,500
WOLSELEY.—6 H P., 1-cylinder, 3 seats …	1,700
ALLDAYS and ONIONS.—8 H. P., 4 seats.	2,000
WOLSELEY.—12-14 H. P., 2-cylinder, 5 seats … … … … …	2,700
ORLEANS.—10-12 H. P., 4-cylinder, 5 seats, side entrance, painted grey, in excellent condition … … …	3,250
HORLICK.—10-12 H. P., 4-cylinder, 5 seats, side entrance, painted grey …	3,250
DEDION.—9 H. P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats …	2,500
DEDION.—9-10 H. P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats, just repainted, with new hood, in good order, dark blue … …	3,250
SIDDELEY.—10-12 H. P., almost new, 2 seats and spider seat, hood, lamps, etc., accessories worth Rs. 1,000 …	4,000
DEDION.—9-10 H. P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats, just thoroughly overhauled …	3,000
DEDION.—9-10 H. P., 1-cylinder, 4 seats, Stepney wheel … … …	2,800
PANHARD.—15 H. P., 4-cylinder, 5 seats, painted green, new tyres, 40 miles an hour, hood, lamps, etc … …	3,500

S. R. PILLAI & Co.,

7-8 HUMMUM STREET, **BOMBAY.**

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY

OFFER THE FOLLOWING:—

	Rs.
2ND HAND BEISTON HUMBER.—12 H. P., 2-cylinder, double phaeton, side entrance, body hood and all accessories, shop soiled. … …	3,500
DARRACQ.—10-12 H. P., 2-cylinder, landaulette, to seat 2 inside and 2 outside, canopy over driver, glass screen and all accessories … …	4,500

REASONABLE OFFERS CONSIDERED.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,

HORNBY ROAD, FORT, **BOMBAY.**

BURMAH LUBRICATING OILS,

Cheapest and Best.

BURMAH PETROL,

Drives your Car Furthest.

BURMAH MOTOR OILS AND MOTOR GEAR OIL,

Save all friction in your Car.

BURMAH CANDLES,

Burn brightest and will not warp.

BURMAH KEROSINE GOLD MOHR BRAND,

for Lamps.

BURMAH KEROSINE PICTORIA BRAND

for Oil Engines.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

BURMAH OIL CO., LD.,
SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
Agents.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, KARACHI AND MADRAS.

NEW TEAS. NEW TEAS.

TRY THE

MAY BLOSSOM.

THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.

BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Apply early to

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & Co., Victoria Terminus and Messrs. DENISON & Co Hummum Street, Fort.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 2-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. I. R. Gardoner, 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

DR. W. COOK, M.A., M.D., writes:—"KADI" saved a life in Bronchitis, as there was every indication of speedy death. DR. O. S. writes from LONDON:—"A 6 months' bedridden case of ASTHMA was relieved at once by "KADI" and in 8 days was as well as usual." (Original Testimonials open to inspection). "Kadi" is wonderful for COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS and PNEUMONIA. Rs. 1-8-0.—D. SPECIFIC CO., Opp., "Bombay Club," Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted For particulars apply to No. 558, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

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BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements, Annual Subscription in advance, Rs. 10. Single copy Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street.

EDUCATION.—LADY living in healthy part of England and having one little girl, aged 10, would like charge of one more. Good day school. Terms moderate; Excellent references.—W, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged, Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 2½d. to 1s. 4⅜d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates, Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Offices have been MOVED from the premises in Armenian Lane and Medows Street, and are now located at 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all classes of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

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RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co.'s Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 8 annas.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous, Two Volumes, By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 9, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS. A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

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B. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
And all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 1, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 28th Inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.). Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece goods and the following:—

Furniture such as drawingroom sofas and easy chairs, single and double almiras, chest of drawers, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, Cottage piano by Rose, sideboard, iron safes, centrifugal pump.

1 century animatograph by R. W. Paul of London with about 3,000 feet films on stand by Benjamin.

1 large size stereoscope with 250 views, 1 Ice-box with refrigerator by Benjamin, 1 pair bronze large figures on stand "Hippemente and Atalante," 1 camera with lense, etc.

At 3 p. m. (S. T.).

Several gent's bycicles by different makers.
1 ruber-tyred wheel office shigram.
1 ruber-tyred wheel office brougham.
1 light ruber-tyred victoria.

SALE OF VICTORIA AND HORSE.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, Receiver, appointed in Suit No. 437 of 1909 Vasanji Tricumji & Co. vs. Esmalbhai Shivjee & Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 28th inst., at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

1 rubber-tyred Victoria with handsome horse and harness.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 25TH JUNE, 1909.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 26th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred ralli cart with removeable and folding hood, lamps, bell foot rug, etc. and adjustable shafts, lately done up.

AUCTION SALE of Old and Unserviceable Stores at Tramway's Co.'s Stable, Colaba.

On FRIDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a large quantity of old and unserviceable stores, consisting of new canvas, cloth with blue stripes, new American sun curtain cloth, with blue stripes, flat iron for making horse shoes, weighing platform scales with weights, cast iron brake blocks, rubbish iron empty oil casks and drums, empty paint tins and pots empty pinewood boxes, planks, corrugated iron sheet, etc. etc.

On the same day at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.), at Wari Bunder. A lot of country teakwood cross sleepers, curved girders, rails, cost iron road points, steel romps or approaches, iron hoops, corrugated iron sheets, pinewood planks and boxes, empty cement casks, &c.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property, at Kambeker Street.

On THURSDAY, the 8th day of July, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, the undermentioned immoveable property at the premises, under instruction of the mortgagee and at the risk of Bashoo Haji Jacob, Jooma Hoosein Haji Jacob and Aboobaker Bachoo, the mortgagors.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All these three pieces or parcels of fazandari land formed into one, containing by admeasurement 258 5-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuages, tenements or dwellinghouses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under B. Ward No. 2602, and Street Nos. 241-245, and all which premises are situate at and on the eastern side of Kambekar Street at Bombay in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay, and are bounded on the east by a sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Kambeker Street, on the north by the property of Abdul Karim Phace, and on the south by the property of Jusab Rehman, and form part of New Survey No. 2994.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and abstract of title, apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Attorneys, at their office, at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 25TH JUNE, 1909.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF 52 BALES COUNTRY GIN (DRILL.)

Messrs. SORABJI CAWASJI & Co. will, by order of Sha Deokaran Mulji, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, Thakar Ratansi Rowji, sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 26 June, 1909, at the shop of Sha Deokaran Mulji, Kamdhenu Lane, Mulji Jetha Market, at 2 p.m. (B.T.), 52 bales, each 40 pieces, white striped gin (drill), No. 15700, made of the Madhawji Dharamsi Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared away within three days from the day of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

BOMBAY, 25TH JUNE, 1909.

Established over a Century.

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Birmingham, ENGLAND.

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TRADE MARK
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314
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"GILBERT" GO. on all indents sent through Shippers.

A Simple Lesson in Domestic Economy

To make your cakes and pastry at home is to know that the ingredients are all sound and good, and to save money.

To have best results, however, use the SURE raising powder,

'PAISLEY FLOUR'

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Mix one part to eight of ordinary flour. This makes the most reliable and the cheapest cake mixture.

Many interesting recipes in every tin.

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"CHALLENGE" GALVANIZED STEEL. WINDMILLS.

The most Economical and Efficient on the Market.

Prices and full particulars on Application.

W. CROWDER & CO., LTD.,

Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital …………………	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ……	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund …… …………	$ 14,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund …… …………	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*.

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).

A. M. TOWNSEND, }
C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA
COLOMBO.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.
HANKOW.

HONGKONG.
KOBE.
LONDON.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NAGASAKI.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.
PENANG.

RANGOON.
SAIGON.
SAN FRANCISCO.
SHANGHAI.
SINGAPORE.
SOURABAYA.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.
YLOILO.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET., BOMBAY

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up………………	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits……………	Gold $3,468,244·55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.

Cebu.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Colon.
Kobe.

San Francisco.
City of Mexico.
Washington.
Panama.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI, RAWALPINDI, MURREE AND SRINAGAR.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge

COX'S AGENCY Ld., engage Passages and secure best available berths to all parts of the World Free of Charge for Commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and

BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance sheet will be sent on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS LONDON.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA

AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL ……………………………	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND …………………	£1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE,
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.
Bombay.
Karachi.
Calcutta.
Madras.
Rangoon.
Colombo.
Penang.
Taiping (Perak).
Ipoh (Perak).

Medan, Deli (Sumatra).
Singapore.
Kwala Lumpor
Bangkok.
Batavia.
Sourabaya.
Manila.
Cebu (Philippines).
Hongkong.

Foochow.
Saigon.
Shanghai.
Tientsin.
Hankow.
Yokohama.
Kobe.
New York.

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J. GREIG,
AGENT

[illegible]

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 558, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ………	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ………	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ………	£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ………	£562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ………	£350,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.

The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP …………………	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ………………	„ 15,500 000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Changchung
Chefoo
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Honolulu
Hongkong
Kobe
London

Liaoyang
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Ryojun (Port Arthur)

Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD FORT, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) …………………	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ………………………	Rs. 27,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL…	£1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL………	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND…………	£ 700,000

HEAD OFFICE:

7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.
Bombay.
Madras.
Karachi.
Cawnpore.
Lahore
Amritsar.

Delhi.
Tuticorin.
Chittagong.
Rangoon.
Mandalay.
Colombo.
Kandy.

Newera-Eliya.
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point.)
Zanzibar.
Mombasa
Nairobi.
Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive, same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED…	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP…	„ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND………	„ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.

RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq., (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq., (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4¼ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

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Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line.

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FLEX BOOTS FOR THE MONSOON.—The most suitable and reliable are the HAND-SEWN FLEX Monsoon Boots, BLACK LEATHER, Rs. 9-8, packing free. TAN LEATHER, Rs. 10-8. Standard sizes only. Send foot tracing, V. P. P. or cash with order. Boots not approved of can be returned.

Sole Manufacturers,
COOPER ALLEN & CO., Cawnpore.

FOR SALE.

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A COLLECTION of 16 subjects, 10 English 1913 ft. and 6 Hindoo 1013 ft., FOR SALE Guaranteed in perfect condition and practically unused. Cost £128-14-5. What offers? Apply "A.B.C.", C/o Messrs. King King & Co., Post Box No. 110, Bombay.

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FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

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There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
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Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

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The best in Dutch Havanas, and Real Manilla Cigars.

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PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

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BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.

FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

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		Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly	…	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	…	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly	…	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly	…	„ 2 8	„ 2 0
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Fourth Insertion …	„ 2-8	do.
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In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcements of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and Eight Annas of every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

		Town.	Post.
Yearly	… …	Rs. 13	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	… …	„ 7	„ 8
Quarterly	… …	„ 4	„ 5

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 23RD JUNE, 1909.] [BOMBAY, 24TH JUNE, 1909

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols... ...	84 5/16	un chgd	
3 do. Rentes	97 1/4	1/4	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	98 5/16	1/16	
3½ do. Govt Securities....	62 9/16	un chgd	
*Bar Silver in London ...	24 1/8		1/16
do. do. 2 months' hence	24 1/8		1/16
do. in New York ...	52 1/2		1/8
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·20	un chgd	
do. do. do. Berlin....	20·43		1
do. do. do. New York.	4·88 1/8	un chgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate.	2 1/2	Since 1st April.	
do Short London Bills 3 months' sight.	1 3/4	un chgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1/4	un chgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 1/4	un chgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	2 7/8	un chgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1	un chgd	
do. 7-day Market Loans...	1 1/2	un chgd	

Amount paid into the Bank of England £150,000.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 27-32d. unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.).—77s. 9d. unchgd.
*Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady, Buyers at the price.

London, June 23.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 60,00,000.

Rs.	10,20,000	were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs.	21,00,000	were allotted to Bombay.
Rs.	1,90,000	were allotted to Madras.
Rs.	33,10,000	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received Full above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate Received Full above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 15·97.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—

Rs.	7,00,000	were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs.	13,00,000	were allotted to Bombay.
Rs.	6,00,000	were allotted to Madras.
Rs.	26,00,000	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received Full above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received Full per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta, and Bombay, 16·00.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale .... Rs. 60,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week ......Rs. 60,00,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—

Spots	Moderate demand.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester —	Quiet.
Total Sales	7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	330
Imports	......
Mid-Americans	6·11+10
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	8 11-16+1-8

Future Delivery Prices:—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
5·94 +09	5·97 +10	5·94 +09	5·92 +10	5·91 +11

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·90 +11	5·90 +11	5·91 +11	5·91 +11

New York:—

Receipts at U. S. Ports	11,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year	11,000 „
Exports to Great Britain ...	7,000 „
Do to Continent... ...	9,000 „

Spot Cotton—11·75+15

Futures—Month of July	11·21+10	Advanced early on bull support and short covering and declined later partially under realizing.
Do. Oct.	11·26+13	

New Orleans:—
Spot Cotton—11 1-4+1-8
Futures—Month of July 11·35+11
Do. do. Oct. 11·29+15
Closing Tone of Spot—Firm.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fine Broach	d.	5 23/32
F. G. Broach	d.	5 17/32
Good Broach	d.	5 13/32
Fine Bhownagger	d.	5 5/32
F. G. Bhownagger	d.	5 4/32
Good Bhownagger	d.	5
Fine Oomras	d.	5 10/32
F. G. Oomras	d.	5 9/32
Good Oomras	d.	5 7/32
Good M. G. Oomras	d.	5 3/32
Fine M. G. Oomras ... —	d.	5 19/32
Fine Bengals	d.	4 30/32
F. G. Bengals...	d.	4 28/32
Good Bengals...	d.	4 16/32
Fine M. G. Bhownagger ...	d.	5 8/32
Good Khandeish	d.	4 28/32
F. G. Khandeish	d.	5½

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C. I. F.—42 1-4—June-July—London—Done.
Red Karachi—C. I. F.—42 1-2—June-July—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat.—Firmer.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe.—62lbs.—44—June—Sellers—Firmer.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed:—
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship 46 1-4 June-July—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore 42 1-4—June-July—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of rapeseed—Easier.

Linseed:—
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata 43 3-4—June-July—Antwerp—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee:
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality).—7 3-4—1-8

Rubber:—
Para Rubber, 6s. 2 3-4d.—Buyers.

Beef and Mutton Tallow:—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... ... 32s. 3d.
„ „ Mutton Tallow ... ... 34s.
General tone of Tallow Auction ... ... Firm.

Arrivals:—
"Visigoth," "Asanra."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [24TH JUNE, 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
1 Bundle Sovs ...	1,552	Bagdad	A Shashoo
Gold Coins ...	255		
Rupees	1,100		
2 Bundles Rupees	4,000	Busreh	M Mackedzie & Co
14 Boxes Gold Bullion	6,91,200	London	National Bank
Sovereigns......	1,50,000		
1 Parcel Silver...	13	London	Comptoir Nationa

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 22nd June, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway......	35	33,417
B.B. & C.I. Railway.	51	60,572

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England...	2½ per cent.	from 1st April.
Bank of Bengal ...	4 per cent.	„ 17th June.
Bank of Bombay...	5 per cent.	„ 3rd June.
Bank of Madras ...	7 per cent.	„ 2nd June.

Money:—
The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is Rs. 25 lakhs up. No change is made in its official rate of interest which stands at 4 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bombay has reduced to-day its rate of interest to 4 per cent.

Exchange:—
The Exchange Market is unchanged but steady at 1s. 3 15-16d. to 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T., 1s. 3 31-32d. on demand, and 1s. 4 1-8d. for credits 3 months' sight. Far Eastern rates are a shade higher as under.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s. 3 15-16d. to 1s. 3 31-32d.
Demand Draft	... 1s. 3 31-32d.
Credits—3 months' sight	... 1s. 4 1-8d.
Do 6 months' sight	... 1s. 4 7-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—France	169 1-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	138
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	132
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 3-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	176 1-4

Government Paper:—
This market opened at 94-2 for cash and 94-1 settlement on 30th June, and closed quiet thereat. The 2nd settlement on 2nd August was quoted 2 annas lower. A small budlee business is reported. The Calcutta rates were reported as 94-4 for cash and 94-1 forward in one month.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 94-2
1st Settlement	„ 94-1
2nd Settlement	„ 93·15

Bullion:—
Bar Silver declined 1-16d. in London yesterday' the closing quotations being 24 1-8 for ready as well as 2 months' forward. The market closed steady, with business done 1-16 higher. The New York rate fell 1-8 cent. at 52 1-2. The market locally opened at 62-11, ex-duty, for July settlement, declined to 62-8, rallied to 62-11, but receded at the close to 62-9. The August settlement kept 12 annas lower. Ready Bars were sold at the rate ruling for July. A fair business has been transacted during the day. The up-country demand during the week was on an average of about 100 Bars per day.

Bar Gold closes as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p
English Bar Gold	24	3	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	2	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	6	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	2	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	62	9	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	62	9	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...	61	13	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—
We have little change to report in the position of the market. Prices for New Crop were a little steadier on opening, but there was practically no enquiry except for early Bengals. At the close the market is easier and quotations are as under.

The demand for ready cotton continues very moderate, but prices are steady. The enquiry is chiefly on mill account.

QUOTATIONS:—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	264	Mar. 1910
Good M. G. Broach	256 1-4	„ „
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti ...	240-1	Jan. 1910
Fine M. G. Dhamangaum-Pulgaon.	231-2	„ „
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	225-6	„ „
Fine M. G. Amraoti	225-6	„ „
Fine M. G. Muttia	218	„ „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish... ...	211 1-2	„ „
Fine M. G. Khandeish	218	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	212	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengal	215-16	Dec. 1909
Good Bhounagar	225-6	Nov. „
F. G. H. G. Bengal	195 1-4	Jan. 1910

Liverpool Opener:—

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	7,000 bales.
Total Imports	2,000 „

Future Delivery Prices:—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
5·95 +01	5·98 +01	5·95 +01	5·93 +01

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·92 +01	5·91 +01	5·91 +01	5·92 +02	5·92 +02

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed:—
The market is steady with a fair demand.
We quote:—

Ready	Rs. 8 0 0	B. T.
September ... — ...	„ 8 11 0	R. T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is quiet but steady with a moderate enquiry.
We quote:—

Ready Brown Kutni ...	Rs. 7 2 0	B. T.
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	„ 7 11 0	„
Ready Yellow Cawnpore ...	„ 7 9 0	„
Brown Delhi	„ 7 12 0	R. T.

Poppyseed:—
June-July ... ... Rs. 10 2 0 R. T.
Tone—Steady.

Castorseed:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 32 0 0
June-July ... ... Rs. 6 9 0 R. T.
Tone.—Firmer.

Cottonseed:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 23 8 0
Tone—Steady.

Mowraseed:—
July-August ... ... Rs. 6 0 6 R. T.
Tone—Firmer.

WHEAT:—
The market is firmer with a good demand.
We quote:—

White Delhi	Rs. 6 4 6	R. T.
White Pessi, 85 p. c. ...	„ 6 9 0	„
Soft Red	„ 42 12 0	per candy

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks:—	
Bombay	1,465
India	74 1-2
Indian Specie Bank	55
Mills:—	
Crescent	103 3-4
David	416 1-4
Kohinoor...	740
Manockji Petit	3,222 1- August
New Great Eastern	200
Presses:—	
Indian Cotton	127 1-2
New Berar	505
New Mofussil	735
Sindh Press	660
Miscellaneous:—	
Badham Pile & Co	140
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary.	91
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Preference	148
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordinary	347 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,125
Treacher and Co	610
Railways:—	
Ahmedabad-Prantej	585
Tapti-Valley	425

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	4,330 bales.
Wheat	14,507 cwts.
Linseed	3,505 „
Rapeseed	2,464 „
Gingellyseed	106 „
Poppyseed...	4,745 „
Groundnuts	1,262 „
Castorseed	3,181 „
Rice	2,506 „
Myrabollams	270 „
Cottonseed	2,971 „
Mowraseed...	1,328 „
Gram	2,035 „
Joowar	134 „
Maize	nil

MESSRS. SCOTT TOD MADRAS have telegraphed advices from London Market Oorgaum Gold Mining Company, Limited, having declared an interim dividend on the Ordinary 10s. shares of 9d. on the Preference shares 10s. shares at 1s. 9d. each payable in July.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

BIRTH.

CROS—June 20, at 5, Wood Street, Calcutta, the wife of Monsieur Louis Cros, Procureur de la Republique Chandernagore, of a son.

DEATHS.

PASCAL—June 15, at Vizagapatam, Mary Pascal, widow of the late F. G. M. Pascal, Advocate, Vizagapatam, and daughter of the late J. S. Wiltshire, District Munsiff of Tekkali.

STONE—June 7, Berhampore (Ganjam), Hannah Joyce, infant daughter of Fred. and Linda Stone of cholera, aged 3 years.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 3m.; Sun sets, 7h. 19m.; High water, at Prince's Dock, 4-8m., 4-25a.; Low water, 9-39m., 11-30a.
P. and O. steamer "Salsette," with the English mails of the 11th June, due to arrive at 6 a.m.
In India: H. M. King-Emperor's Birthday.
Bank holiday.
Birthday Parades of Troops, 8-30 a.m.

Maxim: "Question not the veracity of a friend."

PHASES OF THE MOON.—First quarter 26th., 0h., 12-8m. a. m.; in Apogee. 25th, 5-2h. p. m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, June 26.—Concert at the Framjee C. Hall, Dhobitalao, at 9-30 p. m. by the Bothwicks Society entertainers in aid of a charitable institution. Phillips and Co., Annual Meeting, Oriental Buildings, 3-30 p.m. Bombay Gymkhana Cricket: "A" XI vs. G. I. P. Railway, Home, "B" XI vs. Municipal Cricket Club, away. Harwood League Football: Commercial Gymkhana vs. The Rovers, Cooperage. Sun rises. 6h. 3m., Sun sets, 7h. 19m.; High water, 5-7m., 5-4a.; Low water, 10-42m.

Sunday, June 27.—Sun rises, 6h. 3m., Sun sets, 7h. 19m.; High water, 6-15m., 5-52a.; Low water, 0-23m., 0-3a.

Monday, June 28.—Third Criminal Sessions of the High Court, 10-30 a. m. Harwood League Football: Bombay Gymkhana vs. The Hornets, Oval. Sun rises, 6h. 3m.; Sun sets, 7h. 20m.; High water, 7-30m., 6-50a. Low water, 1-11m., 1-16a.

Tuesday, June 29.—Third Criminal Sessions of the High Court. John Roberts and Company, Annual Meeting, 3 Tamarind Lane, 3 p. m. Jost's Fans Supply and Engineering Company, Siddik Building. Hornby Road, 5-30 p.m. Harwood League Football: Y. M. C. A. vs. R. A., Cooperage. Sun rises, 6h. 4m.; Sun sets, 7h. 20m.; High water, 8-37m., 7-51a.; Low water, 1-55m., 2-19a.

Wednesday, June 30.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m. Third Criminal Sessions. Harwood League Football: The Gloucesters vs. Commercial Gymkhana, Cooperage. Sun rises, 6h. 4m.; Sun sets, 7h. 20m.; High water, 9-29m.; 8-48a.; Low water, 2-36m., 3-15a.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held on Sunday next at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort, Mr. A. K. Vesavevala, B.A., will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti Chap. II (Yasna XXIX), verse 3. At 5-45, Mr. K. E. Punegar, B.A., will submit further the following subject: "Science and Religion."

REVISED POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius Tamatave, Diego-Suarez, St. Marie and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo, per extra s. s. "Vadala," will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Monday the 28th instant, instead of on Saturday the 26th idem as previously notified. A supplemental Mail will also be made up at 7-30 p.m. on the 29th instant.

GOANS AND THE KING'S BIRTHDAY MEETING.—At the instance of the Goan Union, there will be a public meeting of the Goan community of Bombay in the Goan Union School Hall, Dabul, this evening, at 7-30 p.m. for the purpose of voting a congratulatory message in connection with the official Birthday in India of H. I. Majesty Edward VII, Dr. B. Pais. Acting Consul-General for Portugal, has kindly consented to preside.

THE BOTHWICKS ENTERTAINMENT.—A pleasant and enjoyable entertainment is being provided at the Framjee Cawasjee Hall, Dhobitalao, to-morrow, at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.), by the Bothwicks Society Entertainers of Chicago-America, assisted by local amateurs including Miss Simmons and Miss Claridge. Mr. Pennington will preside at the piano. The proceeds of the concert are to go towards the funds of the Society of Our Lady of Piety, Dabul, a charitable institution.

BAND AT THE ST. MARY'S COLLEGE GROUND.—The following programme of music will be played by the College-students this evening at 8-30 p. m. (weather permitting):—

March	Welcome	Badstuber
Overture	Nonona	Bellini
Ballad (Comet Solo)	Eileen Alannah	Thomas
Valse	Fedora	Bucalossi
Selection	The Bohemian Girl	Balfe
Vocal Polka	The Jolly Blacksmiths	Suckley
Galop	Wounetrunken	Faust

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 1st Batn. Gloucestershire Regiment, will play the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, at 6-15 this evening:—

March	Convivial	O'Hara
Fantasia	Reminiscences of Ireland	Godfrey
Song	Chant Sans Paroles	Tchackawsky
Selection	Chinese Honeymoon	Talbot
Valse	Monte Christo	Kotlar
Dances	Henry VIII	German
Intermezzo	Manuella	Latter

THE BOMBAY EUROPEAN AND EURASIAN POOR FUND ASSOCIATION.—The Committee of the European and Eurasian Poor Fund regret to say that, owing to the great increase in distress among the poorer classes during the last year, their funds are now practically exhausted, and they have consequently to make a special appeal to the public for further support. The Relief Committee meet every Thursday to enquire personally into the cases of distress, and for some months now the applications for assistance from really deserving people, and in many cases even heart-rending cases, have been considerably more than it has been possible to help with the funds at their disposal. The rise in rents and general cost of living, and the fact that Eurasians are not now admitted into the Government Workhouse, have caused a very marked increase in the demands on the fund, and unless further financial help is at once forthcoming, the Committee will reluctantly be forced to stop relieving even the most urgent cases of distress. The applicants who have been helped with food tickets, and assistance towards paying rent, etc., have during the last few months averaged sixty-five at each meeting of the Relief Committee, and the members the Committee have spent several hours every Thursday, interviewing a constant stream of poor men, women and children, all with sad tales of poverty to tell. They have done their best to relieve the most urgent cases so long as they had funds in hand, but as the balance on hand at the end of May was only Rs. 8, the only course now open to them is (while thanking the subscribers for their liberal support in the past) to ask for further donations to enable them to carry on the good work which the Relief Fund is doing among the deserving poor. Subscriptions should be sent to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. Melville Leslie, care of Messrs. Greaves Cotton & Co.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SUIT BY A COMMISSION AGENT.

Before Mr. Justice Macleod.

JEYNARAYEN FULCHAND VS. HOTILAL BULDEODAS AND OTHERS.

For the Plaintiff:—The Hon. Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Rustom Wadia, instructed by Messrs Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Runchordas.

For the Defendants: The Hon. Mr. Strangman and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga, and Girdharlal.

The plaintiff, a commission agent and shroff in Bombay, sued the defendants to recover Rs. 23,896-15-0, with interest and costs. He said, the defendants were members of a joint and undivided Hindu family, the first defendant being first cousin to the second and third defendants. The first defendant had been carrying on business on behalf of the joint family in Bombay as merchants, commission agents, and shroffs. He was carrying on a similar business at Hathrus also. He subsequently closed the Bombay firm and had since been carrying on such business at Hathrus only in the name of Hotilal Hathruswalla. For several years past, the defendants' Hathrus firm had employed the plaintiff as their commission agent and shroff in Bombay, and he had, as such agent and shroff, made payments in Bombay on behalf of the defendants, either in cash or by honouring hundees drawn on his firm; had sold goods consigned by the defendants to him, and transacted other business. He had also acted as their "pakki adut" and shroff in respect of transactions for the sale and purchase of cotton, grain, and seeds for forward delivery. Plaintiff carried on the transactions on defendants' behalf under the supervision of defendants' deputy in Bombay. He used to forward to defendants from time to time accounts of all their dealings, and according to the accounts adjusted upto 21st October, 1903, a sum of Rs 45,550-4-0 was found due to plaintiff. Further dealings had taken place between the parties, and there was now due to plaintiff at the foot of their accounts the sum of Rs. 23,896-15-0. Defendants had hitherto failed to pay the sum or any part thereof. Plaintiffs had, at the request of the defendants, consigned six bales of Ankda cotton belonging to the defendants for sale in Europe. He had not yet received account sales in respect thereof; and was ready to account for them when the sale proceeds had been received. Plaintiff had filed a suit, at defendants' risk and costs against Messrs. Madraswalla Sons and Co., in the High Court in respect of a certain sale by the plaintiff, on behalf of the defendants of 500 bales of fine Bengal cotton, which suit is still pending. If any amount was recovered in that suit, plaintiff would account to the defendants in respect thereof.

The first defendant Hotilal, in his written statement, denied that an adjustment of accounts between the parties upto 21st October, 1903, took place, when a sum of Rs. 45,550-4-0 was found due to plaintiff. A copy account of dealings was handed to this defendant, but as he had not his books of account with him in Bombay, he passed a letter to the plaintiff, stating that he had received the account subject to all errors and omissions. This defendant said that, on taking proper accounts, defendants will not be found to be indebted to the plaintiff. Even if the adjustment up to 21st October, 1903, be held to be proved, this defendant was entitled to have the account re-opened. Under all the circumstances, the defendant said he was entitled to have the accounts taken from the commencement, in which the plaintiff should be disallowed all wrongful and excess charges. Plaintiff had not yet taken any steps to recover a sum of Rs. 7,980, which were decreed in his favour, as agent of the defendants, against one Choga Bhalchand; and on account of the plaintiff's delay and laches, the said sum had not yet been recovered to the defendants. This defendant submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The other two defendants, in their written statement, denied that they and the first defendant were members of a joint and undivided Hindu family, or carried on joint business at Hathrus. They and the first defendant were always separate in food, worship and estate, and they had no interest in any business carried on by the first defendant in his own name. These defendants submitted that this suit as against them should be dismissed with costs.

The hearing of details of the suit was proceeded with.

A SUIT TO SET ASIDE AN AWARD.

THE CUTCHI SARASWAT BRAHMIN CASTE.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

JOSHI DEOJI MULJI AND ANOTHER VS. TRICUMJI DEVCARAN AND OTHERS.

For the plaintiffs:—Mr. Padshah and the Hon. Mr. Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co.

For three of the defendants:—The Hon. Mr. Strangman, with Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya.

For a trustee defendant, Surji Ladha—Mr. Vakil (for Mr. Dasai), instructed by Messrs. Madhavji, Kamdar, and Chotubhoy.

In person, Lalji Dungarsi.

His lordship proceeded with the hearing of this matter. The first four defendants were members of a committee of forty-two appointed by arbitrators, representing themselves and other members. Three other defendants were trustees of the Cutchi Saraswat caste property. Another defendant was Lalji Dungarsi a Lohana, who was appointed arbitrator of the disputes and differences with Karamsi Damji, in whose possession the title deeds of the charitable property remained. Ramdas Kesewji, one of the committee men, and Hariram Surji, one of the trustees, were reported dead.

The prayer in the plaint was to declare the award "ultra vires," and to set it aside pending the disposal of the suit; to appoint a receiver for the management of the charitable property; to restrain the defendants by injuction from receiving rents and income and from making disbursements; and to declare that the trust properties were vested in trustees. It was stated in the plaint that by an indenture of 19 November, 1891, certain premises in Mandvi Bunder were settled upon trust to defray the expenses of a school for teaching the Sanscrit language to the children of the Cutchi Saraswat Samasta Mastan caste. By a deed, dated 11th May 1900, trustees were appointed. On 8th April 1907 there were certain disputes in the caste which were referred to the arbitration of Lalji Dungarsi and Karamsi Damji. On the 3rd August, following the arbitrators made an award, by which a "Committee of Forty-two" was appointed to frame rules for the management of the property. Apparently, the award gave the management of the property to the Committee; despite which the Trustees would be held liable for any breach of trust. The award was not binding on the Trustees, and it might be set aside.

The first four defendants, who represented the Committee, stated that the suit being frivolous and vexatious must be dismissed with costs; a very large majority of the caste approved of the reference of the award, the constitution of the Committee, and the action it had taken.

Ultimately, a consent-order was made in the case. The first plaintiff and Surji Ladha, a defendant, retired from the trusteeship; the first plaintiff also retired from the Committee. Suit dismissed. Costs of all parties to come out of the estate, those of the plaintiffs not to exceed Rs. 2000, and those of Surji Ladha not to be more than Rs. 500.

APPELLATE SIDE.

DEPOSIT FOR SALT CONTRACTS.

Plea of Undue Influence.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Heaton.

ISMALJI YUSUF ALI VS. RAGUNATH LACHIRAM MARWADI.

For the Defendant-appellant:—Mr. H. C. Coyaji with Mr. Dandekar.

For the Plaintiff-respondent:—Mr. W. B. Pradhan.

This was an appeal from the decision of the First Class Subordinate Judge at Thana. In this case the plaintiff sued to recover Rs. 1,000 from the defendant, alleging that the same was due to him primarily as a deposit extorted from him by the defendant by undue influence in connection with a contract for the manufacture of salt from Government salt-pans. The defendant contended that the Court had no jurisdiction and that the contract to sublet was forbidden by the terms of the lease and was illegal.

The facts of the case as elleged, were that one Yusuf Ali, father of the appellant, obtained from Government a lease of certain salt-pans under a certain license, one condition of which was that the lessee shall not sublet the salt-pans without the written permission of the Collector. Without any such permission, however, Yusuf Ali sublet to the respondent, who, as security for the performance of the conditions binding on him under the sub-lease, deposited a sum of Rs. 1,000 with Yusuf Ali. The respondent accordingly entered on possession of the salt-pans under his sub-lease. Sometime after that Yusuf Ali having died, the appellant, his son obtained a fresh lease with a fresh license from Government, and the respondent obtained a sub-lease from the appellant on the same terms as those contained in the sub-lease obtained from Yusuf Ali. For this sub-lease, the appellant had obtained no permission from the Collector, as required by the license. The respondent deposited a sum of Rs. 1,000 with the appellant to secure the performance by him of the conditions of the new sub-lease. The sub-lease was acted upon; its terms expired and the respondent paid all that was due to the appellant. This suit was brought by the respondent to recover Rs. 1,000, because the appellant denied the respondent's right to that amount on the ground that the amount in question formed a consideration for an agreement which, having been forbidden by law, was illegal. The original suit was decided by the Subordinate Judge of Bassein, who awarded the plaintiff's claim. The First Class Subordinate Judge of Thana confirmed the decree of the Court of first instance, and dismissed the appeal with costs. Against this decision an appeal was admitted into the High Court and Their Lordships observed that the ground on which both the Lower Courts have proceeded to over-rule the plea of illegality was that the contract to sublet was not absolutely prohibited by the license granted by the Collector to the appellant. But that view, Their Lordships said, ignored the real nature and object of the deposit to recover which the present suit was brought, under Section 11 of the Salt Act, the manufacture of salt without a license was prohibited. Section 47 of the Act made such manufacture an offence and rendered any person liable to punishment. The real object and necessary effect of the agreement between the appellant and the respondent was to enable the latter to manufacture salt without a license in the guise of a sub-lessee, although that was forbidden by law. After reviewing the evidence at length, Their Lordships said that a point was raised for the first time in the second appeal by the pleader for the respondent, who stated that his client manufactured salt not only under a sub-lease, but also as manager under a power of attorney from the appellant. This case, Their Lordships remarked, was not made in the Court below and there was no evidence in support of it. The alleged object of the transaction was clear upon the facts, the power of attorney would only have proved that by means of it the parties intended to disguise the real object of the agreement and defraud the Government. Their Lordships, therefore, reversed the decree of the Lower Appellate Court and rejected the claim.

POLICE NEWS.

MARINE COURT OF INQUIRY.

Grounding of the s s "Shah Allum."

A Marine Court of Inquiry, presided over by Mr. A. H. S. Aston. Chief Presidency Magistrate, was held yesterday to inquire into the circumstances under which the s.s. "Shah Allum," belonging to the Bombay and Hedjaz Steam Navigation Company of India, was wrecked on Perim Island, Gulf of Cambay, on June 9.

Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Government; Mr. Viceji, F. Viceji. Pleader, appeared for Captain Webb, Master of the s. s. "Shah Allums;" Mr. Jones, of Messrs. Smetham and Co., Solicitors, appeared for Mr. Simpson, Chief Officer and Mr. Bouvet, Second Officer of the s. s "Shah Allum."

Captain Webb, Master of the s. s. "Shah Allum," further deposed that the last course that he took was not the course that could have taken him clear. The reason why he took that course was the nature of the current. If that current had continued it would have been a safe course. As soon as he passed the reefs to the east the current failed. He knew the Chief Officer as one than whom he would not wish to see a more careful or energetic seaman. He would say the same about the Second Officer. He told the latter to steer high course off the current until he sighted the light. No lives were lost. The Perim Light was very hazy.

Questioned by the Court, witness said that the Goapnath Light was visible within its radius.

Questioned by Mr. Jones, witness said that this was his first visit to the Gulf of Cambay. The Chief Officer did not at any time suggest that they should anchor. Both anchors were ready to let go. The vessel was going at between six and a half and seven knots, seven knots at the most. That speed was made according to the current. He did not suggest that the Chief Officer could have seen the Light before he saw it. He had perfect confidence in all his officers.

Questioned by Mr. Vicaji, witness said that he had given orders not to hesitate to wake him up when in doubt. The safest distance to go round the Perim Light would be three miles. When he left the bridge he left the ship in quite safe waters.

Further questioned by Mr. Nicholson, witness said he was on the bridge because he was anxious in coming up the Gulf. He sighted Cuth but Light.

Questioned by the Court, witness said that he lost all his property except his clothes, and even these were saved by the Third Officer.

Mr. P. Bouvet, Second Officer on the s. s. "Shah Allum," examined by Mr. Nicholson, said that on June 9th he was on watch between twelve and four. He sighted Goapnath Light between a quarter to one and one o'clock. The speed of the vessel was between six and six and a half or seven knots at the most. He sighted Perim Light at 3-58 in the morning. He could not account for not putting down two of the courses altered. He could not see the land on which the Perim Light was. After the ship grounded he got an order to get off the anchor. He launched two boats and there were about four or five lascars with him. But before he could get off the anchor the ship broke up; and he cut the lashes to loosen the boats which had been tied to the ship. He was then left alone in the jelly boat as the lascars he had with him went for the gig, which went on its way to the shore. The crew went on the fore-castle head and jumped down into the water to obtain charge of the gig. He then went alongside the ship.

Questioned by Mr. Vicaji, witness said that he had never been up the Gulf before. The Captain had no discussion or conversation with him or the Chief Officer any time about the condition of the Gulf.

Mr. Simpson, Chief Officer on the s. s. "Shah Allum," examined by Mr. Nicholson, said that it was hazy weather. The sky was clear but it was hazy over the land. The light was 120 feet high. He did not wake up the Captain, because he did not think the ship was in danger. He bore out what the Captain and Second Officer had said about the crew. It was wet weather all the way. The life-belts were in good order. Before the ship struck he did not see the land at all. The sea was moderate. He could not say what the grounding was due to. There might have been a current running which they were not aware of. He thought the ship after entering the Gulf went at a speed of from six and a half to seven knots.

Questioned by Mr. Vicaji, witness said he had never been to the Gulf before, and he did not remember any conversation having taken place between himself, the Captain and the Second Officer as to the steering of the ship in the Gulf.

Further hearing was adjourned.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

FORT.

Before Messrs. S. E. Warden (Chairman), A. F. Fergusson and B. N. Gamadia.

ILL-TREATING ANIMALS.

Their Worships disposed of 55 cases, many of which were against hawkers for exposing articles for sale so as to cause obstruction in a public street and against bullock-cart drivers for ill-treating animals.

INSUFFICIENT NUMBER OF CREW.

Their Worship also disposed of a case in which on Eussuff Ismail, a tindal, was charged with having an insufficient number of crew in his tony No. 13932 at Ballard Pier on Wednesday last. The accused pleaded guilty, stating that he should have had four instead of which he had three, as one was ill. The accused was fined Rs. 2.

RIDING CYCLE WITHOUT A LIGHT.

One Ahmed Noormahomed was charged with riding his cycle without a light after dark on Thursday. Inspector Nelmes stated that the accused had no lamp at all. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 2.

GIRGAON.

Before Messrs. Frank Anderson (Chairman), and E. R. Khote.

DISORDERLY BEHAVIOUR.

Their Worships disposed of 29 cases, some of which were against drunkards and persons of disorderly behaviour.

MAZAGON.

Before Mr. Amirudin Tyabji (Chairman), and Dr. Dandeker.

GAMBLING.

Their Worships disposed of 56 cases, including two in which three persons were charged with gambling. The first two accused were convicted and fined Re. 1 each, and the third was warned and discharged.

DADAR.

Before Mr. H. M. Cama (Chairman), and Rao Bahadur Vasanji Khimji.

BUFFALO CAUSES TROUBLE.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, including one in which one Punwasi Sewamber, a labourer, was charged with causing injury by negligence in the management of cattle. It appeared from evidence that on Thursday, the accused was leading a buffalo along Bhoiwada Cross Road, when the animal broke loose and injured two passers-by. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 2, one of which was ordered to be paid to one of the complainants as compensation.

THE NASIK SEDITION CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, JUNE 23.

The hearing of the case in which Burve stands charged under Sections 121, 121A., 124A., and 153 of the I. P. C., was resumed to-day. Mr. Philipson's evidence on Commission was read. His evidence was to the effect that he had opened some of the covers containing the Tamil leaflets complained of. Mr. G. Krishna Swami Aiyar, the retired Postmaster, was not present. The Commission was issued for his examination to the District Magistrate of Salem. The case was adjourned to the 2nd July.

EDUCATION IN HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

H. H. the Nizam's Government have applied to the Madras Government for the loan of Mr. J. Mayhew's services to introduce certain educational reforms in Hyderabad.

THE JAM SAHEB'S HEALTH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOTE, JUNE 24.

Saturday last, being the Holari New Year, the usual Darbar was held at Nawanagar, when nazars were made to His Highness the Jam Saheb who presided. His Highness is now quite well again.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 24.

The freight market has been very quiet during the week and the engagements made have been trifling. Three characters are reported. Some rain has fallen in the Punjab but the monsoon current generally is weak at present and the prices of wheat are hardening up-country.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR T. A. SAVAGE, V. D.

Bombay, 24th June.

126. Detail for the week ending 26th instant:—
To-day Thursday, 24th instant.—"L" Coy. Parade on Coy. parade ground at 7-45 a.m.
II "I" Coy. Parade on Coy. parade ground at 4-15 p.m.
Subject for the week.—Physical Training without arms.

127. Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 6464 Vol. A. O. S. Dixon, "G." Coy. from 21st June to 30th Nov. 1909.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

CAPTAIN HILL, Private Secretary to Sir Thirkell White, Lieutenant-Governor of Burma, reverts to the Home establishment on the expiration of his leave.

EXPLOSION OF A DETONATOR.—About 7 o'clock on Wednesday night an explosion created a scare in Nagpada, and people not knowing what the explosion was of, the Police were requisitioned and the Second Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Vincent, and other Officers repaired to the spot. It was then ascertained that Fernandez, a fitter, was playing with a charged detonator and it exploded in his hand blowing the fingers of that hand. Some more detonators were found in the room and the Police are investigating as to how he came by them.

PSORIASIS FROM HEAD TO FEET

Five Doctors Treated this Bad Case—Irritation was Terrible—Suffered for Years and Got No Relief—Friend also Had a Rash on Face.

TWO COMPLETELY CURED BY CUTICURA

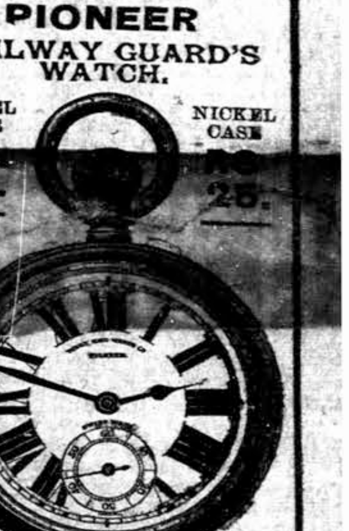
"I had seen five doctors in regard to my trouble and not one of them gave me any ease. My disease was psoriasis and it was a particularly bad case, which affected me from my head to my feet and the irritation was terrible. I was advised to try the Cuticura Remedies which I did. In the first place before retiring I used to take a fairly hot bath with Cuticura Soap and after that I used to rub the Cuticura Ointment into the skin. The Cuticura Soap of course was used every time I washed and at every bath. My case being a very bad one it naturally took longer to make a good impression. But after persevering day after day for about three weeks or a month, I seemed to make fair progress. I first started to use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment about July, 1906, and my cure as near as I can remember was complete about October of the same year. During that period I had no medical adviser. I had suffered with it for some years, but it seems to have completely vanished. If I were troubled with it again, the first thing I should do, and advise any of my friends to do, would be to use the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment on the first signs of any skin troubles and not let it gain such a hold as it did on me the last time. A little time back, a friend of mine suffered from a rash on the face and I recommended the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment which put him right in a very short time without medical aid. Alfred Levy, 1, Winkfield Rd., Lordship Lane, Wood Green, N., Eng., Mar. 23, '08."

A single treatment consisting of a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, gentle application of Cuticura Ointment and mild dose of Cuticura Pills, is often sufficient to afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations and inflammations of the skin and scalp, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura Remedies are sold wherever the British Flag floats. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co. Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Post free from London Depot, liberal sample of Cuticura and 32-page book giving description, treatment and cure of torturing Skin Diseases.

THE
PIONEER
RAILWAY GUARD'S
WATCH.

NICKEL CASE Rs. 25. NICKEL CASE Rs. 25.



AS USED BY THE PRINCIPAL INDIAN RAILWAYS.
WEST END WATCH Co.,
11, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

EUQUININE.
LIKE QUININE
IT CURES

Malaria fevers, influenza, whooping cough, typhoid fever, neuralgias, and it is furthermore a tonic and an excellent prophylactic of malaria. It has no bitter taste, does not incommode the stomach, and has much less influence on the nervous system than ordinary quinine.

Obtainable from all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents,
SCHRODER, SMIDT & CO.,
BOMBAY.

Not Beyond Hope.

Those who have suffered year after year with Rheumatism will be glad to hear of a remedy that has proved an absolute specific. There are no conditions of Rheumatism, no matter how severe, nor from what cause, that cannot immediately be relieved, and permanently cured by Little's Oriental Balm. People who have tried a hundred remedies, liniments, and doctors, are apt to be resigned to their fate. They come to believe that, there is no such thing as a cure for Rheumatism. They have been disappointed so many times that another trial seems almost useless. To all such we say, try Little's Oriental Balm faithfully and you will soon rejoice at the return of your precious health. Many a person was cured through Little's Oriental Balm by the use of a single bottle, others have used from 3 to 6 bottles to obtain the same result. In only very rare and exceedingly obstinate cases were more than 6 bottles necessary. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout India.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house so that on the first sign of any irregularity of the System it may be administered. [illegible]
MARTIN, French Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

STEAM ENGINES
OF
Various types and sizes,
FROM
6 to 500 indicated Horse, in stock, ready for delivery,
AT
MARSHALL, SONS & CO., LD.,
ENGINEERS,
Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Ormley, 2,730 tons, Captain G. M. McCann, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The City Line steamer City of Manchester, 3,562 tons, Captain H. Findlay, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Glasgow and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Kola, 570 tons, Captain A. J. Cole sailed on Thursday for Persian Gulf &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Merven, 2,272 tons, Captain R. M. Saunders, will sail to-day for Madras, with the same bottom cargo.

The Japan Line steamer Bombay Maru, 3,398 tons, Captain W. A. Evans, sailed on Thursday for Kobe &c., with a general cargo.

The Austrian Lloyd's S.N. Co's, steamer Silesia 2,339 tons, Captain E. Radonicich, sailed on Thursday for Kobe &c., with a general cargo.

The steamer Budrie, 1,613 tons, Captain T. W. Collisson, sailed on Wednesday, evening for Hodeida via Karachi with a general cargo.

The steamer Terrier, 1,007 tons, Captain H. Berg, sailed on Thursday, for Singapore, in ballast.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dufferin	Comdr F. Dobson	R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge	Lt Comdr A S Balfour	R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook	Comdr A.J. Marsack	R I Marine
R I M S Investigator	Lieut Thyne in charge	Survey S
R I M S Palinurus	Lieut Thyne in charge	Survey St
R I M S Dalhousie	Comdr C Stocken	R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 24.

Barbara	2444	Vass	T Morrison & Co
Ballochmyle	2105	Williamson	K Nixon & Co
Ben Vrackie	2535	Hunter	T Morrison & Co
City of Manchester	3562	Findlay	K Nixon & Co
Cuyahoga	2929	James	Standard Oil Co
Dunster	3916	Rutter Antwerp &c	K Nixon & Co
Ipswich	575	Pigot Rangoon	B & P S N Co
Moshtari	1110	Green	Bo & P S N Co
Nawab	2041	Park	F Muir & Co
Ormley	2730		Mc Cann
Petronia	3154	Bowman	Cowasji Dinshaw & Bros
Shah Jehan	2566	Webb	B & P S N Co
Saifi	1445		Bo & H S N Co
Siberian	2023	Rambush	Volkart Bros
Springburn	3173	Crosthwaite	W & A Graham & Co
Strathgarry	2840	Stanhope	W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Clan Urquhart	3797	Sommerfell	Antwerp	10-7	F Muir & Co
D&E DiegoSuarez	2498	Duron	Genoa	1-7	J. Mackintosh & Co
G Hoseinee	994	Jourdan	P Gulf	28-6	B & P S N Co
H Elba		Capt Cacace	Italian Man-of-War Repairing		
L Kasara	505	Elton	Busreh	1-7	M & Co
N Virginia	2789	McMarran	Baltimore	1-7	R A Willis
O Rahmani	1873	Geddie	Jeddah	30-6	B & P S N Co
Q Morven	2272	Saunders	Calcutta	26-6	K Nixon & Co

ARRIVALS

June	Vessel.	Commander.	From
23	Ormley s	McCann	Calcutta, June 10
24	City of Manchester s	Findlay	Glasgow

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
23	Budrie s	Collisson	Hodeida, &c
24	Kola s	Cole	Persian Gulf
	Silesia s	Radonicich	Cobe, &c
	Terrier s	Berg	Singapore
	Bombay Maru s	Evans	Kobe, &c

The steamer Morven, Saunders, for Madras obtained her portclearance on Thursday.

The following vessels began to load on Thursday:—

Steamer Barbara, for Liverpool, &c.
" Ben Vrackie, for Liverpool, &c.
" Fazilka, for Calcutta, &c.
" City of Manchester, for Liverpool, &c.
" Praesident, for Zanzibar, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kaiser, left Beira for Bombay on the 23rd instant afternoon, via Seychelles.

The P and O Company's steamer Caledonia, with the outward mails of the 18th instant passed Suez at 2 a. m. on Thursday the 24th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS, JUNE 24.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—4 bales carpets, Latham and Co; 20 bales carpets, H G H Mahomed and Sons; 210 cwts turmeric, V Hurridas.

FOR ABERDEEN.

Selsdon s—2,000 cwts bone meal, Croft Mody and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—2 bales carpets, Latham and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Barotse s—4,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.; 191 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 4,600 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—1 bale cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR ANCONA.

Trieste s—150 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Trieste s—501 cwts gingelly seed, E D Sassoon and Co; 6,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Manchester s—8,800 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros., 25 cwts turmeric, 35 cwts dill seed and 52 cwts finugiree, Holland Bombay Trading Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Manchester s—800 cwts castorseed, and 1720 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

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The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1909.

THE HONOUR'S LIST.

The Honour's List was published last night in Simla and contains the usual surprises both of omission and commission. But we would offer some little explanation of the latter. Lord Kitchener's G. C. S. I. is to crown the career of one of the most distinguished of Indian Commanders-in-Chief and Mr. Forbes's K.C.S.I., is in recognition of the many useful administrative reforms in the Southern Presidency. The Raja of Rutlam's K.C.S.I., connotes a State successfully and ably ruled. Mr. Krish Gobind Gupta's C.S.I. is an honour which the late Fisheries Commissioner of Bengal receives fittingly as an appendage to his appointment upon the India Council. Mr. Justice Asutosh Mookerjee's C.S.I., has been well earned by his notable University reforms. Colonel Hawkes's C. S. I. is connected with his initiation of the many useful Commissariat reforms. Mr. F. C. Harrison's C. S. I. is conferred upon one who has distinguished himself in Currency lore. Mr. Luson's C. S. I. is for his good service in developing the port of Chittagong. Colonel Cox's C. S. I. recognises his successful political services at an extraordinarily difficult time in the Persian Gulf. Dr. Rash Behari Ghose's C. S. I. is in recognition of useful and unselfish work in connection with the revision of the Civil Precedure Code. That this coveted decoration is conferred upon one who is also an ex-President of the Congress may be taken as a sign of the times. Mr. Meyer's K. C. I. E. is conferred upon the most brilliant of the present Secretaries to the Government of India and one who held the brief for Government in the Decentralisation Commission. Mr. Schlich's K.C.I.E., is in recognition of long and useful service in the Indian Forest Department.

Of the recipients of C.I.E., Mr. Burt is Senior Manager of the State Railways in India. Mr. Fell is a rising young Civilian who has come to the front in the Home Department. Mr. Newlands has introduced many but seldom wise or popular Telegraph reforms. His decoration is little short of a travesty and is the only one we can seriously condemn. Colonel Beer is a distinguished Volunteer Officer. Lieut.-Colonel Parkin is a Police Officer, who has risen to distinction by hard and continued service. Colonel Campbell has done much to encourage medical teaching in the new province of Eastern Bengal. Major Knox has done good work as a Political Officer amongst the Arabs of the Persian Gulf, Captain Rawlins will be remembered as the intrepid traveller who marched with Major Ryder in 1904 from Gyantse to Gartok through Western Tibet. Seth Kastur Chand is a distinguised Marwari merchant of Bikanir, well known for his charitable deeds in the last famine. Mr. Edgar Thurston is a distinguished scientist. Mr. M. D. Butler has carried out successfully the difficult settlement of Kotah without any assistance beyond that supplied by the officials of that State. Rai Natti Mall, Bahadur, is a merchant whose name is well-known in Bulandshahr for the useful school he has founded and endowed, Rai Bahadur Butta Singh of Rawalpindi is one of the best known Indians in the North, where he has long been an influence making for loyalty and contentment.

Of the recipients of Knighthoods Justice Reid receives a decoration conferred upon most of his distinguished predecessors in the appointment of Chief Judge in the Punjab. Mr. Dumaine has been a successful and popular Vice-Chairman of the Calcutta Port Trust where his sound sense has been of enormous service to the commercial community of Bengal. Mr. Grant Burls is an old and valued servant of the India Office. Of the recipients of Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Medals, Dr. Nariman is one of Bombay's best known medical practioners. He also played a distinguished part in connection with the recent Medical Congress. Miss Cornelia Sorabji has been the pioneer in a new field of usefulness as Legal Adviser to purdah ladies in the two Bengals. Major Wake did good service in the recent Hyderabad flood. He has thus won the as yet unique distinction of receiving a bar to the Gold Kaisar-i-Hind Medal he already owns. Mr. F. Crawford is another officer who has won distinction in the Hyderabad flood. Major Harvest has come to the front by good work in fighting plague at Mandalay. Dr. Kailash Chunder Bose is well known for his works of charity and medical skill in Calcutta. Moulvi Mahomed Aziz Mirza materially helped in relieving distress after the Hyderabad flood.

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THE ENGLISH BUDGET.

The fight over the English Finance Bill has already made some progress and His Majesty's Ministers have illustrated the means by which they intend to get it passed through the Commons. That it is a measure which will end in disaster, as Mr. Balfour predicts, is not quite certain, though it will probably produce a disaster of a different description to that foretold. It is not a Budget at all, says Lord Rosebery, but a social and political revolution of the first magnitude, though the discussion of clauses may be closured and the Government's majority carry everything it wishes, one of the earliest results may be to bring about another split in the Liberal party and bring the socialists and democrats into greater prominence, if not greater power. The Finance Bill is very involved and must create much confusion. The Land Clauses are those to which most strenuous objection is being taken, and it is on the strength of these that the Lords are expected to take vigorous action—action which may imperil their existence as a legislative assembly. Under the Bill, "land held by rating authorities or for public or charitable purposes is to be exempt from these duties. A tenant for life may charge any duty on the settled estate and the value shall be apportioned by the commissioners in such proportions as they think just." Increment value is defined as "the amount, if any, by which the site value of the land, on the occasion on which increment value becomes due, exceeds the original site value of the land." Provision is made for abatement in the case of land decreasing in value below the price originally paid. Deductions are to be made for buildings or goodwill "or any other matter personal to the occupier," and in the case of agricultural land, the value of which is solely due to its capacity for agricultural purposes. Where land is held by any body, corporate or incorporate, the occasions upon which increment value is due is to be April 5, 1914, and every subsequent fifteenth year. Regarding Reversion Duty, it is provided that, on the determination of any lease of land, there shall be charged a duty at the rate of £1 for every £10 of the value. The value of the benefit accruing to the lessor on which duty is to be levied, shall be the amount by which the total value of the land exceeds the capital value of the consideration for the original grant of the lease. Where the duty on increment value has been paid for any identical benefit accruing, allowance to the full will be made in paying reversion duty. On undeveloped land, the duty of ½d. in the £ on the site value will not be charged: (a) Where the site value does not exceed £50 an acre; (b) in the case of agricultural land exceeding £50 an acre in value so far as the site value is due to the value for agricultural purposes; (c) when the land consists of parks, gardens, or open spaces open to the public by right or to which the public have reasonable access; and (d) in instances where land is used for games or other recreation under some agreement which, as originally made, could not be determined for a period of at least five years. Deductions may be allowed for works of a permanent character for fitting the land for use as building land or for business purposes, other than agriculture.

Though Liberal Members, as a body, will follow their leader, it is evident that antipathy to the measure grows and it is getting widely recognised that Mr. Lloyd-George's proposals are more revolutionary and dangerous to the national well-being than at first sight appeared. A proposal to place no less than seven new taxes on the land cannot merely affect the wealthy landlords. The Social Labour party recognise this and Mr. Barnes and Mr. Snowdon rejoice that it is the thin end of the wedge towards the realisation of the Socialistic ideal—the extinction of all property rights and the ownerships of land and everything else by a Labour-governed State. By many of Mr. Lloyd-George's opponents the proposed taxes are regarded as economically unsound, because they are calculated to impair the security of all property and, through property, of every trade and industry in the country. As is pointed out enormous sums of trust money belonging to all classes of the community, either individually or through investment in insurance and other corporations, are secured in the land. Owing to the depreciations in the value of land in many parts of the country, which has taken place in recent years, the margin upon which trust fund have been secured is already very small. If the new land taxes are passed the margin will in hundreds of cases be still further reduced, if indeed it does not disappear altogether. Three other considerations have been urged. An inevitatble effect of the new land taxation will be that mortgages on trust funds will be, in many cases, called in; money for business and industrial purposes will be shorter and dearer; while the effect of forcing land into the property market must tend to throw it into the hands of jerry-builders and unsubstantial speculators. If capital invested in land is to be freshly taxed, why not also capital invested in commercial undertakings, stocks, and kindred securities? The answer is that taxation of stocks and commercial undertakings would lead to the transference of capital to foreign countries. The land is being taxed because it is, in a phrase, "visible and vulnerable."

In the consideration of the probable effects of the Land taxes the views of the rural labourers are of some importance. In a representation made to the Government, the labourers object that the taxes will make a serious demand on the proprieterial interests of the small allotment-holders among them and that if the Budget proposals are passed they, the people, will be driven off the land, instead of others back to it and the country villages will be depopulated. Lord Onslow declared he will be compelled to sell a portion of his estate and, no doubt, there will be many others similarly affected. Judging by today's telegrams the opposition is becoming more formidable and the Liberal leaders have decided upon a campaign in the provinces with a view to converting agriculturists to their opinions and strengthening their hands in case an appeal to the country becomes necessary. It is, of course, defensible to tax the rich for the benefit of the poor, but in its efforts to do this the Government had over-shot the mark, and we cannot but feel with the meeting of notable non-partisan City men who met in London on Wednesday, that while the necessity for increased taxation exists, the Budget proposals are calculated to discourage enterprise and thrift, being injurious both to commerce and to the landed interests. It was said some days ago that Mr. Lloyd-George showed signs of realising the errors of his ways, but those signs have since disappeared. Of this, however, we may be sure, that one result—an indirect one, perhaps—of the present proposals will be the active advocacy of Tariff Reform and a crusade against Free Trade, which may meet with a large measure of success, for it will be easier to persuade the people that it is right the foreigner should pay than that the taxes sought to be levied upon themselves are just and equitable.

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NEW CABLE RULES.

An extraordinary state of affairs has recently been exposed in regard to the new rules regarding the sending of code cable messages which come into force on July 1st, and the Bombay Chamber of Commerce deserves much credit for having drawn attention to the matter. Early in May that body addressed the Government of India a letter, asking for information as to the changes. A glance at that letter shows that on the facts disclosed it might more appropriately have taken the form of a protest. The Telegraph Conference met at Lisbon, over a year ago, but it was only at the beginning May of this year that an official intimation was issued and then only in the shape of a letter from the Under-Secretary to the Bombay Government, Public Works Department. If the Government of India considers that the Bombay Public Works Department is better fitted to deal with international telegraphic questions, than the Indian Telegraph Department we can hardly be blamed for according the belief our fullest concurrence. A department which intimates in one letter that it "considers the decision a reasonable one and has decided to adhere to the new regulations" and later sends a telegram that it does not know what the Committee of Control actually decided is an apt disciple of Mr. Newlands and his scheme of introducing reforms on a certain day and announcing what they are later on. We do not know how far the Director General of Telegraphs is a figurehead and who is the *deus ex machina*, but we are forced to believe that that must represent something of the position at headquarters, for no man would perpetrate under his own name the acts of crass stupidity which have emanated from the Department, except under considerable pressure. A second communication from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, asking which of the old codes have been sanctioned by the Committee of Control, has brought the astounding reply that no information on this point is yet at headquarters. The only point on which the Department does seem clear, is that by refusing double letters as such and charging for them as single letters, there will be a slight increase in the revenue which is made out of telegrams before they are handed over to the cable companies. The upsetting of business and the question whether large sums will have to be spent on revising old codes or the purchase of new, is either too small or too large a matter for its comprehension. The Bengal Chamber has, we understand, made an enquiry similar to that sent from Bombay, and we hope that both bodies will continue to press the matter until some definite explanation is forthcoming, both as to the information immediately necessary and also as to how it is that India has been allowed to remain ignorant of the changes without the Department of Commerce and Industry and its Telegraph section taking steps to ascertain the new conditions.

The Bank of Bombay yesterday reduced its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 4 per cen

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The Dufferin Fund Sub-Committee meets at Viceregal Lodge at Simla to-day.

The Kunwar Sahib of Benares has presented Rs. 1,000 to the Annandale Gymkhana Club.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

THE HORSE SHOW.

Pageant Dressmaking.

CHARM OF THE SCARF.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 4.

Not even the Royal enclosure at Ascot has confined a more brilliant array of wonderful toilettes, than those which are to be worn at the Horse Show which opens at Olympia tomorrow.

"For the Horse Show," has for the present at any rate, taken the place of the time-honoured placard for the races in the windows of the milliner and dressmaker. English, Parisian, and French women will vie with each other in the beauty and the smartness of their toilettes which they have ordered for this notable occasion.

Naturally the setting for these wondrous creations is as beautiful as money can make it. Literally millions of the choicest blooms obtainable, are being absorbed in the scheme of decoration, and 50,000 yards of turf has been laid down.

In addition to the thousands of palms which will cast a refreshing shade over the throngs of Society women, are many trees cut into strange shapes, horses, dogs, peacocks, storks and the like. Mounted on pedestals six or eight feet high these have a wierd effect. One of the prettiest features of the decorations are the festoons of wistaria and convolvulus which wreathe the roof. About 100,000 feet of these flowers and their entwining stems will be used each day.

Into this huge conservatory, which has been insured at Lloyds for a quarter of a million, Society will pour to-morrow. The most prominent lady riders in England will be present, including Miss Sylvia Brecklebank, who is an expert in handling a coach and four. Miss Brecklebank is the daughter of a well known Westmorland baronet, and a short time ago when her sister was married, she drove the bridal party to church in a coach and six.

PAGEANT DRESSMAKING.

Another big event is almost here the long prepared pageant of the Church of England in the grounds of Fulham Palace.

Rehearsals are taking place at the rate of seven or eight a day and after sun-down powerful searchlights are placed on the lawn so that the rehearsals may continue into the night.

Over 5,000 actors and actresses, many of them clergymen and their wives, are among the performers. and the dresses to be worn are faithful copies of the gorgeous mediæval robes.

This afternoon when I called at the Pageant Costume House, the largest dressmaking establishment in London, the workers were putting the last finishing touches to the 5.000 dresses which have accounted by the way for over 70,000 yards' material. Mrs. Croxton, the charming Mistress of the Robes, has reproduced the fashions of Saxon, Norman, Plantagenet, and Tudor times with amazing fidelity, and down to the smallest detail. She has embued the performers with her enthusiasm, and no lady would venture to appear in the Church Pageant, as has been done in other pageants, wearing say, frilled petticoats under a straight Saxon gown.

Even the characteristic Elizabethean figure has been cleverly reproduced by Mrs. Croxton, who undertakes to provide the true Elizabethean outline by the simple aid of a child's hoop and a bath loofah. The hoop is worn under the Elizabethean farthingale. The loofah fits into the pointed bodice and is declared to be superior to ordinary stuffing and padding.

THE PREMIER'S LIVELY WEEK-END.

The enterprising suffragette has not been idle during the holidays, as Mr. Asquith is painfully aware. The Prime Minister and Mrs. Asquith had been spending a few days' well-earned holiday at Clovelly Court, and elaborate precautions had been taken to ensure that the wily ladies of the militant movement did not waylay him. But once again the suffragettes proved too much for his guards. Three of them managed to obtain seats next to him in church and accompanied him home to the Court, where the door was shut in their faces. Nothing daunted, the ladies returned to the attack in the morning. Mr. Asquith was playing golf on the private links at Clovelly, guarded, it was thought, by a sufficient force of police and detectives to secure him from further molestation, but again the enemy proved their resource. By clambering down the cliffs which surround the links, they succeeded in approaching Mr. Asquith, and asked him for an interview—of course in vain, for they were quickly escorted away by the police.

At this latest triumph of the suffragettes, Clovelly Court was placed in a state of siege. Police guarded every entrance and it was thought that all danger had been averted. But the police reckoned without their host. In the dead of night, three dauntless ladies invaded the Prime Minister's staying place, and strewed the literature of their cause all over the grounds. Every terrace had a suffragette badge, bills hid the flower beds, and crowning touch, the sun-dial in the old garden was draped with a towel on which was emblazoned in huge letters the legend which is a nightmare to Cabinet Ministers "Votes for Women."

"THE DUCHESS OF MILAN"

At the last moment, Holbein's famous portrait of the "Duchess of Milan" has been saved. It will be remembered that the picture belonged to the Duke of Norfolk, and had been lent to the National Gallery for the last 29 years. Suddenly, however, the Duke announced that he had sold the picture to a firm of art dealers for £60,000, but that the firm were willing to allow the nation the option of purchase for £70,000 until the end of May. A National fund was opened but met with very little support, and it seemed as though the famous Duchess was doomed to adorn the gallery of some

AMERICAN MILLIONAIRE.

But suddenly an anonymous donor has come forward, made up the deficiency in the fund a sum of some £42,000, and so the white-faced Duchess with the wonderful hands will continue to hang in the National Gallery. Ever since the Duke sold the picture, the Duchess has been a much sought-after lady. Crowds have gathered round her at the National Gallery, including numbers of fashionable Society women. Indeed more people have looked at the picture during the last week or two than in the whole twenty-nine years it had previously hung in the Gallery.

OLD-FASHIONED JEWELS.

The smart Parisian has always had a sneaking fondness for jet and has set the fashion this season by using jet boot for dresses and hats.

Jet ear-rings are being worn by golden haired women. The glistening black jewel is descreetly introduced on evening gowns, and big black buckles and bands of jet embroidery are used as a trimming for hats.

Another old-fashioned ornament, which fashion has taken up again, is the agate. Necklaces and bracelets of this stone are being worn and it makes handsome buckles.

THE COLOUR TREND.

Art tones and pastel tints are once again commending themselves to the well dressed, who view the clear bright tones of other summers with positive distaste. Fortunately summer fabrics, linens, shantungs, and tussores lend themselves admirably to the new colourings. In linen one of the very latest shaded suggests the moss and lichen of the woodlands. It is neither grey, nor green, nor brown, but a little of all three. Dead rose shades are of course no new thing, and the wistaria and grape tints have been seen before, though not perhaps in such numbers. The blues judged by these standards are not quite a success. There are either too cold and clear, or two inclined to a hyacinth and lilac tints.

There is an ashen grey which is beind used for some of the smartest gowns for the Horse Show and Ascot later on in the month. This curious tone is seen at its best in a faced cloth with a suede like surface, a cloth by the way which is made for the present Princess style of dress.

Three greens are in the field, absinthe, pistache and almond.

THE CHARMS OF THE SCARF.

That most graceful article of feminine attire, the scarf has been struggling to the front for some time past. This season, however, it seems to have established itself on the pinnacle of favour. The once ubiquitous feather boa, the stole of fluffy marabout, even the becoming ruffle of chiffon and lace have reluctantly yielded place to the all-conquering scarf.

The latest form of the scarf is about two and and a half yards long and a yard or more wide. Silk crepe de chine, ninon, or silk chiffon are the chosen fabrics, and the ends are almost invariably heavily fringed, and frequently decorated with embroidery as well. Another pretty effect is obtained when the scarf is intended to be worn out of doors by heavily embroidering a few inches of the article in the centre, the embroidered portion being swathed round the throat. Another point in scarf etiquette is that the scarf should match the hat with which it is worn. Of course scarves are extensively used to drape evening gowns, and even in the arrangement of the coiffure.

In the new play at the Garrick Theatre Miss Violet Vanbrugh, who has a genius for dress, demonstrates the use of scarves in this way. A tunic of citron yellow satin charmeuse worn over an underskirt of white gauze decorated with bands of silver embroidery is the basis of the gown. A wide scarf of turquoise blue chiffon is draped round the hips and fastened in the front with jewel, the long fringed ends hanging nearly to the grounds. Another scarf of emerald green chiffon glistening with diamonds is twisted in the hair.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL INSPECTORS.

The following Press Note was issued yesterday:—

In the address presented by the Central Committee of the Deccan Provincial Moslem League to His Excellency the Governor on the 11th September 1908, the Committee urged the appointment of at least two Mahomedan Deputy Educational Inspectors in each Division of this Presidency for the exclusive supervision and control of Urdu schools. Twenty-eight years ago Government tried the experiment of appointing special Mahomedan Deputy Educational Inspectors to inspect and control Urdu schools. In 1886 the experiment was abandoned as a failure. His Excellency the Governor in Council desires that, in deference to the wishes of the Moslem League, a further trial of the experiment should be made by the appointment of a Mahomedan Deputy Educational Inspector in one of the Division in the Presidency Proper. The larger number of Urdu schools and the greater Mahomedan population in the Southern Division show that it is the most favourable area for the experiment.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has accordingly been pleased to sanction the creation of an appointment of a special Mahomedan Deputy Educational Inspector for Urdu schools for the Southern Division on a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem and to appoint Mr Ibrahimkhan Ismailkhan Pathan to hold it. His duty will be to inspect and advise but not to administer, the Urdu schools. It will further be his special function to bring to the notice of the Educational Inspector, Southern Division, any measures which he considers desirable, from the experience gained in the course of his inspections for popularizing and improving the teaching in these Urdu schools. The Educational Inspector, Southern Division, with whom the new Deputy will be called upon to work, has been instructed to do all in his power to make the experiment a success.

The expenditure involved in the experiment amounting to Rs. 4,416 per annum recurring and Rs. 200 non-recurring, has been sanctioned.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. A. W. Varley, I C. S., on return from leave, to be Additional Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge Thana, pending further orders.

Mr. F. C. Griffith, Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Railways and Criminal Investigation, Bombay Presidency, is granted privilege leave for two months from the 1st July or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. E. P. White to act as Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Railways and Criminal Investigation, Bombay Presidency, during the absence on leave of Mr. F. C. Griffith, or pending further orders.

Mr. Balak Ram, I. C. S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Thana.

Mr. G. Wiles, I. C. S., held charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Broach, in addition to his own duties, from the 10th December 1908 to the 18th January 1909.

Captain A. T. Kirbwood to be Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, and Secretary to the Cantonment Committee, Kirkee.

Major C. W. Field, Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, is granted privilege leave for three months from the 15th July or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Major C. B. Baldock to be a member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee for examining candidates in Urdu vice Major J. K. Condon.

Mr. W. A. H. Miller to hold charge of the office of the Working Plans Officer, Southern Circle, vice Mr. T. R. D. Bell, as a temporary measure, pending further orders.

Mr. A. M. Macmillan, I.C.S., on return to duty, to be Assistant Collector, Ahmednagar.

Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, I.C.S., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from the 26th April.

Mr. H. O. Quin, I.C.S., to be Senior Collector vice Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, I.C.S., retired.

Captain G. E. Xydis, Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted nine months' leave of absence in extension.

Mr. R. T. F. Kirk, I. C. S., Magistrate of the First Class in the district of East Khandesh, to try in a summary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in Section 26C of the Code of C. P.

Mr. J. Hughes to be a member of the Board of Examiners under the Bombay Boiler Inspector Act in Sind vice Mr. J. Moore.

Major A. Hooton, M.B.. C.M., I.M.S., to be Civil Surgeon, Larkana, continuing to do duty in Kathiawar as at present.

Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be Secretary to Government, Political, Special and Judicial Departments, vice Mr. H. O. Quin, I.C.S.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Quicke, F.R.C.S (England), I.M.S., has been allowed an extension of furlough on medical certificate for three months and two weeks.

The "Bengalee" yesterday suggests that Indians, sinking all differences, should hold a United Congress at Lahore in December.

THE CITY AND THE BUDGET.

GREAT MEETING OF PROTEST.

Resolution of Condemnation Passed.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 23.

A crowded non-partisan meeting of notable City men was held this afternoon to protest against the Budget. Among those present were Lord Avebury, Lord Goschen, Sir Felix Schuster and other leading free traders. Lord Rothschild presided.

A resolution was unanimously carried, acknowledging the necessity for the increasing taxation, but condemning the Budget proposals as discouraging enterprise and thrift and as being injurious to commerce.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Two hundred and fifty Liberal Members of Parliament, in response to an urgent Whip, met at the House of Commons to-day. Mr. Haldane presided.

An Advisory Committee was formed to assist the passage of the Budget and to inaugurate a campaign in the constituencies.

THE DEFENCE OF AUSTRALIA.

Encouraging Immigration.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

The Commonwealth Parliament has re-assembled. Mr. Deakin foreshadowed an active policy of immigration, the construction of docks and shipyards for the Australian Navy, the establishment of training colleges for Military and Naval Officers and universal military training from youth to manhood.

The New South Wales Government proposes to double its vote to promote British immigration.

RUSH ON THE TURKISH LOAN.

Remarkable Demonstration of Confidence.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

The London portion of the Turkish loan has been closed. It was subscribed three times over in three hours.

AMERICA AND CHINESE FINANCE.

Explanation of the Situation.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

America has intimated that, provided American participation in the Hankau-Szechuan loan is secured on equal terms, she is indifferent to the method employed and is prepared to leave the existing agreement undisturbed.

It is added that the American Syndicate expects twenty per cent. of the loan. This is interpreted to mean that the Americans are willing to negotiate with other groups.

Great Britain has replied that she has no objection to the course proposed. She still is of opinion that matters should be arranged between representatives of the groups.

ITALY'S FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Complete State of Confidence.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Advices from Rome state that on the debate in the Chamber on the Foreign Estimates, Signor Tittoni contradicted the reports of a premature renewal of the Triple Alliance.

The Allies, he said, were animated by mutual confidence and did not dream of anticipating its renewal.

Signor Tittoni dwelt on the friendliness of the relations with France and Great Britain, and denounced the violent language of a Socialist Deputy towards the Tsar.

Italy's relations with Russia were good, he said, and he wanted them to remain so.

SECTARIANISM IN LIVERPOOL.

Fifty Schools Closed.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

Fifty Liverpool schools have been closed owing to fights between Protestant and Catholic children aided by their mothers.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

Sussex has beaten Cambridge University at Brighton by ten wickets.

The match between Yorkshire and Australians has been abandoned.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

Middlesex has beaten Notts at Lord's by 176 runs.

The matches between Leicester and Warwick and Derby and Hampshire were drawn.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

The Newbury Summer Cup.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Sir Harry	1
Laughing Mirror	2
Wedding Ring	3

ALSO RAN:—Star of Doon; Old China; Hammerkop; King's Champion; Chute; Devana; Rose Royal; and Carbineer.

STARTING PRICES:—5 to 2 against Sir Harry; 4 to 1 against Laughing Mirror; and 7 to 1 against Wedding Ring.

As an excuse for extinguishing a street lamp a Tooting resident urged that the whistling noise caused by the air getting in to the pipe disturbed his rest.

SIR EDWARD GREY ON THE OUTLOOK.

No Difficulties with Germany.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Sir Edward Grey, speaking at the National Liberal Club, said there was nothing under discussion between Great Britain and Germany likely to raise difficulties, and there was nothing in the inner deliberations of the British Government likely to occasion anxiety.

Referring to the Budget, he agreed with Lord Rosebery that there were shortcomings in the Constitution, but they lay not in the direction of facilitating a violent change, but of obstructing progress.

CHOLERA AT ST. PETESRBURG.

Drainage and Water Supply to be Overhauled.

SCHEME OF TEN MILLIONS STERLING.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Telegrams from St. Petersburg state that 313 cholera patients are at present under treatment.

The Government, in view of the epidemic, has decided on the drainage of St. Petersburg and the reorganisation of the water supply at a cost of £10,000,000 sterling. The money will be procured by loans. It is estimated that the work will take fifteen years to complete.

BOATING DISASTER AT KILLARNEY.

Eleven Drowned.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Nine tourists and two boatmen have been drowned by the swamping of a boat at Killarney.

THE PERSIAN TROUBLE.

Sardar Assad Marching on Teheran.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Reuter wires from Teheran that Bakhtiaris under Sardar Assad are advancing on Teheran and have arrived at Kum. The British and the Russian Consuls at Ispahan followed Sardar Assad and endeavoured to persuade him to desist.

INDIAN MILITARY ADMINISTRATION.

Debate on Lord Curzon's Motion.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

The debate on Lord Curzon's motion regarding the military administration of India has been fixed for the 28th instant. Lord Lansdowne, Lord Midleton, Lord Cromer and Lord Ampthill will speak.

TWO PRINCES AND AN OFFICER.

Rumoured Trouble in a Train.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 23.

The "Morning Post" of Delhi publishes an account of alleged outrageous conduct of a certain British officer, towards Indians in a railway carriage. The military officer wanted by force to turn out two young Indian Princes from a first-class railway carriage, whereupon one of the Princes drew a revolver. The Princes were detained under Police surveillance. In the end the matter was hushed up.

THE FARIDPUR CHARGE.

Hearing Postponed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

Promotha Mukherjee, alias Shanti, was arrested many days ago on a warrant issued by the Magistrate at Faridpur, and is still detained. The District Judge has set aside a new charge against him, under Section 109, Criminal Penal Code, as being illegal and unnecessary, as there was already a charge against him under Section 399, Indian Penal Code. His petition has been rejected and the hearing of the case by Mr. Stinton has been postponed to the 6th of July, as Promotha has moved the High Court to transfer his case to some other Bench.

A NOTED SHIKARI.

Game Preservation in Kashmir.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 24.

At Government House, Naini Tal, recently, Sir John Hewett, presented to Colonel A. E. Ward, on behalf of friends and fellow sportsmen in Kashmir, a large and handsome silver bowl and a pair of silver candlesticks in recognition of his efforts on behalf of game preservation in Kashmir. In making the presentation, Sir John Hewett dwelt upon Colonel Ward's reputation as a traveller and ardent naturalist, on his great skill as a shikari, and especially on his efforts in the direction of game preservation. Incidentally Sir John Hewett remarked that most of his knowledge of the jungle, and his interest in jungle life was due to Colonel Ward.

LALA LAJPAT RAI arrived in Calcutta yesterday in connection with his action for libel against the "Englishman" which commences on

THE Countess of Minto entertained over a hundred members of the Girls' Friendly Society at Viceregal Lodge on Wednesday. Lady Dane and Archdeacon Nicols were amongst those present.

KING'S BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

A LONG LIST.

Many Native Bombay Honours.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

The following is the list of Birthday Honours:—

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

TO BE GRAND COMMANDER

Lord Kitchener.

TO BE KNIGHT COMPANIONS.

Mr. Forbes, Senior Member of the Madras Council.

The Rajah of Rutlam, Central India.

TO BE COMPANIONS.

Mr. K. G. Gupta, Member of India Council.

Mr. Justice Asutosh Mookerjee of Calcutta High Court.

Mr. R. A Lamb, Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government.

Colonel Hawkes, Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.

Mr. F. C. Harrison, Comptroller-General.

Mr. Luson, Commissioner of Chittagong.

Colonel P. Cox, Resident in the Persian Gulf.

Dr. Rash Behary Ghose,, Pleader, Calcutta.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

TO BE KNIGHT COMPANIONS.

Mr. Meyer, Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

Mr. Schlich, Lecturer on Forestry at Oxford.

TO BE COMPANIONS.

Mr. Burt, Manager, North-Western Railway.

Mr. Fell, Deputy Secretary, Government of India, Home Department.

Mr. H. A. Kirk of the India Office of the Director-in-Chief of the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

Mr. Newlands, Telegraph Expert.

Colonel J. H. Beer, Commandant, Mussoorie Volunteers.

Mr. Parkin, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burma.

Colonel R. N. Campbell, I.M.S., Officiating Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Major Knox, lately Political Officer at Koweit.

Captain C. G. Rawlins, Explorer in Tibet.

Seth Kastur Chand, merchant of Bikanir.

Mr. Edgar Thurston, Superintendent, Madras Museum.

Mr. M.D. Butler, Settlement Officer, Kotah.

Rai Nadimal Bahadur Kharja of Bulandshahr.

Rai Bahadur Butta Singh, contractor, Rawalpindi.

TO BE KNIGHTS.

Mr. Reed, Chief Judge, Punjab Chief Court.

Mr. F.G. Dumaine, Vice-Chairman, Calcutta Port Trust.

Mr. Grant Burls, of the India Office.

KAISER-I-HIND GOLD MEDALS.

Dr. Nariman, of Bombay.

Miss Cornalia Sorabji, of Calcutta.

Major E. St. A. Wake, Cantonment Magistrate, Hyderabad, Deccan.

Mr. F. Crawford, Superintendent, Railway Police, Hyderabad.

Major Harvest, of Mandalay.

Dr. Kailash Chunder Bose, Medical Practitioner, Calcutta.

Moulvi Mahomed Azis Mirza, Secretary to the Floods Relief Committee, Hyderabad.

KAISAR-I-HIND SILVER MEDALS.

Munshi Abdul Ghani, Pleader, Karnal, Punjab.

Pandit Balkrishna Govind Bhate of Burhanpur, Central Provinces.

Reverend W. Bonnar of Rajputana.

Mrs. Sarah Cain, C.S.M. Missionary, Dummagudem.

Mr. T. Carr, Deputy Conservator of Forests, United Provinces.

Miss Marie Correa, Surgeon, Victoria Zenana Hospital, Hyderabad.

Miss P. Pinto, Surgeon Victoria - Zenana Hospital, Hyderabad.

Miss Ellen Dawe, Ratnapur, Nadia.

Maung H. Won Myat, Broker, Rangoon.

Mr. R. S. King of Rohika Darbhanga.

Rao Bahadur Arcot Maiquandadeva Mudaliar of Bangalore.

Surebhan Janji of Weli School, Arkola.

A bar to his Kaiser-i-Hind Silver Medal is awarded to Mr. B. Perumal Annaswami Mudaliar of Bangalore,

SALUTES.

The following Salutes are added to the table for Indian Princes and Chiefs:—

The Nawab of Malerkotha, eleven guns.

Raja Ghorpade of Modhol, nine guns.

TO BE HON. A.D.C.'s TO THE VICEROY.

The following are made honorary A.-D. C's. to the Viceroy:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Apostolides, Commandant, Calcutta Light Horse, and Colonel Longe, Surveyor-General.

Captain D. Harvey, R. A. M. C., is gazetted Honorary Surgeon to the Viceroy.

INDIAN HONOURS.

The following Indian Honours are notified:—

TO BE HEREDITARY RAJA.

The title of Raja as a hereditary distinction is conferred upon Sheo Mangal Singh of Mainpuri, United Provinces.

TO BE NAWABS.

The title of Nawab is conferred upon.—

Shams-ul-Ulama Saiyid Imbad Imam of Neora Patna.

Sardar Pasand Khan of Zarakzai, Baluchistan.

TO BE RAJAS.

The tittle of Raja is conferred upon:—

Rai Bahadur Kamaleswari Prasad Singh of Monghyr.

Lal Digbijai Singh of Daiya, Allahabad district.

TO BE MAHAMHOPADHYAYA.

The title of Mahamhopadhyaya is conferred upon:—

Pundit Chandrasekhara Sastrial, Senior Sanskrit Pundit, Sanskrit College, Mylapore.

Pundit Neelamegha Sastrial, Principal, Sanskrit College, Trivady, Tanjore District.

Pandit Ram Kishan Shastri, Professor of Sanskrit College, Benares.

Kaviraja Murar Dan, member of the Consulative Council of Jodhpur.

TO BE SHAMS-UL-ULAMA.

The title of Shams-ul-Ulama is conferred upon:—

Mirza Musa Cowser Shirazi, late Professor of the Gujrat College, Ahmedabad.

Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Yusuf, Calcutta.

Maulvi Abu Naer Muhammad Wahid, Superintendent, Decca Madrassa.

TO BE SHAFA-UL-MULK.

The title of Shafa-ul-Mulk is conferred upon:—

Hakim Raziuddin of Delhi.

TO BE DIWAN BAHADUR.

The title of Diwan Bahadur is conferred upon:—

Yellepedd Janaki Ramayya Pantulu Garu, retired District Judge, Madras Presidency.

Rao Bahadur Telagani Kethandarama Nayudu Garu, Diwan of Sandur State.

Diwan Bhagwan Das of Kapurthala.

Rai Bahadur Ballabh Das of Jubnlpore.

TO BE KHAN BAHADUR.

The title of Khan Bahadur is conferred upon:—

Khan Sahib Dadabhoy Sorabshah Munsifna, Superintendent of the Common Prison, Bombay.

Dadabhai Nasarvanji Nanavati, late City Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Shams-ul-Ulama, Inspector of Police, Calcutta,

Maulvi Muhammad Bakht Mazumbdar, Honorary Magistrate. Sylhet.

Munshi Asghar Ali Khan, Honorary Magistrate, Bareilly.

Saiyid Amjad Husain, Inspector of Police, United Provinces.

Mirza Yusuf Beg of Bishandarpur, Borabanki.

Shaik Wahid-ud-Din of Meerut.

Sayid Alay Habi, Vice Chairman, Agra Municipality.

Kazi Gulam Rabbani, Extra Assistant Commissioner, the Punjab.

Munshi Mushamad Ali, retired Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Punjab.

Subadar Sadik Khan of the Mandalay Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Maulvi Sayid Ali Hasan Bilgrami, Minister, Jaora State, Central India.

Mir Rahim Khan Shahezai Mengal, Inspector of Mengal Levies, Baluchistan.

Sardar Mustafa Khan, Barozai, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib Munshi Muhammed Abdul Karim Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province.

Mohammad Umar Khan of Shewa, North-West Frontier Province.

Sahibdad Khan Midad Khel, Jagirdar of Marwat, Bannu District.

Khan Sahib Ahmad Din, Attache, British Consulate General, Khorasan.

Raja Sifat Bahadur, Governor of Punial.

TO BE SIRDAR BAHADUR.

The title of Sardar Bahadur is conferred upon:—

Sardar Saheb Bhai Ram Singh, Vice-Principal, Mayo School of Art, Lahore.

Subadar-Major Nathu Singh, Malwa Bhil Corps, Central India.

TO BE RAI BAHADUR.

The title of Rai Bahadur is conferred upon:—

Chandi Charan Chatarji, Deputy Magistrate of Nadia, Bengal.

Annada Lal Basu, M. B., Assistant Surgeon, Cuttack.

Amrita Lal Raha of Khulna.

Bachu Narayan Lal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Champaran.

Bijay Narayan Kundu of Itachona, Hooghly.

Kshetra Nath Chatarji of Cushtiah, Barasat.

Srijut Parsu Ram Khaund, Municipal Commissioner, Dibrugarh.

Babu Shashi Bhushan Mitra, late District Engineer, Dacca.

Babu Prag Narayan Bhargava, Honorary Magistrate of Lucknow.

Sardar Baghel Singh Talukdar of Bhangala, Bahraich.

Assistant Surgeon Baldeo Singh, Officiating Civil Surgeon of Ballia.

Lala Manohar Lal, Zamindar of Tharpal Grant Estate, Saharanpur.

Sardar Mal Singh, Inspector of Police, Lucknow.

Pandit Sadanand Pande of Ghazipur.

Rai Sahib Milkhi Ram, Vice-President, Municipal Committee, Lahore.

Pandit Durga Prasad, Superintendent of Revenue, Kota State.

Rai Sahib Dewan Uttam Chand, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nasirabad.

Lala Karam Chand of the Municipal Committee of Peshawar.

Babu Sris Chandra, formerly Superintendent in the office of the late Department of Military Supply.

Lala Ram Ratan, Superintendent, Office of the Principal Medical Officer to His Majesty's Forces, in India

Babu Chandra Kant Dutt, officiating Deputy Postmaster General, United Provinces.

Desirazu Krishnayya Panchilu Garu, Assistant Commissioner Revenue Settlement Department, Madras.

Isnar Manikkavasagam Nadar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madras Presidency.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bayya Narasimheswara Sarma, Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam.

Gopathi Narayenaswami Chetti Garu, Merchant, Madras.

Anant Sadashiv Tambe, Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar.

Achyat Bhaskar Desai of Belgaum.

Raghavendra Ramchandra Gangolli, late First Class Subordinate Judge of Karwar.

Sundardas Narandas Thakar, Solicitor, Bombay.

Shridhar Abaji Satbhai, Karbhari, Bhor State.

Krishna Rao Phatak, Pleader of Nagpur.

Ramchandra Ganesh Mundle, Pleader, Yeotmal.

Babu Tiwari Chhajuram, Dewan of Dhar State.

Chaube Chatarsal Prasad, Jagirdar of Bhaisanda, Baghelkand.

Pandit Girdhari Lal, Member of Bharatpur State Council.

TO BE KHAN SAHIB.

The title of Khan Sahib is conferred upon:—

Abdullah Hajee Kasim Sahib, Inspector of Police, Madras Presidency.

Behramji Sorabji Mehta, Head Accountant, Aden Treasury.

Hafiz Suleman walad Karam Khan, Police Inspector, Sukkur.

Aba Haji Muhammad, Merchant, Bombay.

Haji Ahmed Dewji, Bombay.

Wadero Rahimdad Khan walad Misri Khan, Jakhro.

Wadero Kambu walad Saindad Choro

Hashmat Ali Khan, Jail Department, United Provinces.

Mian Abdul Ahad, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Punjab.

Sultan Mubarij Khan Awan of Lawa, Attock.

Sheikh Abdul Haqq, Vice President, Municipal Committee, Multan.

Fakir Muhammed Khan, Inspector of Police, Chanda.

Munshi Saiyid Ali Ahmad, Superintendent of Raghogarh and Kamdar.

Munshi Wazir Bakhsh, President, Committee of Dargah.

Khavaja Sahib, Ajmer Hospital Assistant.

Mirza Inacat Husain, Bhagwan Das Hospital, Bikaner.

Muhammad Ali Khan, British Representative, Kandahar.

Mouladad Khan Belkhel, Musakhel, Baluchistan.

Malik Walbari Khan, Marghezani, Baluchistan.

Muhammad Akbar Khan of Hangu.

Maulvi Ahmed Din, Tahesildar, North-West Frontier Province.

Shaikh Ghulam Muhamed, District Inspector of Schools, North-West Frontier Province.

Muhammad Aman Khan Utmanzai of Kalabhat.

Mr. Karmally Joosab, Baroda.

Haji Mulla Ahmed bin Mulla Jafar, Head Munshi, British Residency, Bushire.

Munshi Aziz-ud-din Assistant to the Political Agent, Gilgit.

Sheikh Khair Din, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway.

TO BE SARDAR SAHIB.

The title of Sardar Sahib is conferred upon Bhai Teja Singh, Inspector of Police, Punjab.

TO BE RAI SAHIB.

The title of Rai Sahib is conferred upon Pran Krishna Sen, Assistant Engineer, Bengal.

Priya Krishna Biswas, Assistant Engineer, Calcutta.

Babu Banga Chandra Chaudhuri, Sub-Deputy Collector, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Srijut Bishtu Ram Barna, late Tahsildar, Jorhat.

Gobardan Singh, Vice Chairman, Budaun Municipality.

Pandit Narayan Dat, Chinmal, Almora District.

Lala Kirpa Ram of Ambala District.

Pandit Sheo Narayan, Pleader, Lahore.

Lala Nathu Mal, late Civil Surgeon, Patiala.

Babu Shangshar Chandra Banarji, late Accountant, Indore.

Lala Kishen Chand, Government Pleader, Peshawar.

Diwan Singh Dugal, Assistant Surgeon, North-West Frontier Province.

Thana Ram Inspector of Police, North-West Frontier Province.

Lala Raghubar Dial Mir, Munshi, British Residency, Nepal.

Babu Piara Lall, Head Clerk, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry.

Row Narayen Sooryavunsy, Telegraph Inspector, Assam-Bengal Railway.

TO BE RAO SAHIB.

The title of Rao Sahib is conferred upon:—

Abraham Pandithar Avargal, Merchant, Tanjore.

Godmari Sanbhog Bhimasena Rao Garu, Landholder, Bellary district.

Kishan Nandram Parakh of Yeola, Nasik.

Anant Krishna Pai, of the Health Department, Bombay Municipality.

Virupuscapa Dandapa Mandvi of Gadag, Dharwar.

Purushottam Balkrishna Joshi of Bombay.

Pundlikrao Narayen Pundit of Sirsi, Kanara.

Vinayak Ganesh, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Akola.

Daulat Rao Khandwilkar, Minister, Dewas State.

Bapu Narain Dekhne Subah of Shahjahanpur, Gwalior.

Admission to the Civil Division of the Indian Order of Merit is notified of Jemadar Nur Shah of the Kohat Border Military Police and of Sub-Inspector Mehr Dass of the Teri Police Station for conspicuous bravery and resource displayed by them on the 28th February 1909 in an encounter with eleven Khattak outlaws who had committed constant dacoities, murders, and abductions of women and children throughout the Upper Khattak country—an encounter during which the outlaws who were armed with rifles made a stubborn and determined resistance to the small combined force of the Border Military Police and District Police resulted in ten of the gang being killed and one being taken prisoner, while one police sepoy was killed and two non-commissioned officers and one villager were wounded.

FATAL SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

European Killed at Rajkote.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOTE, JUNE 24.

Mr. H. St. John Williams, lately Vice-Principal, Rajkumar College, met with a fatal accident while shooting here this morning.

LATER.

Mr. Williams, who acted as Vice-Principal of the Rajkumar College during the absence on leave of Mr. C. Mayne, the Principal, shot himself accidentally this morning while shooting some birds.

It appears that he stumbled with the gun and received the full charge in his throat. Death was almost instantaneous. The incident is very much regretted and the Agency Offices and the College are ordered to be closed.

The reception to-morrow by the Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar at the Kothi in honour of the King's Birthday will not be held now.

THE DOIWALA COLLISION.

Another Derailment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JUNE 24.

The hearing of the Doiwala collision case has been fixed for to-day at Dehra. Mr. Lomas, before whom the case will be tried, yesterday inspected the scene of the accident. He was accompained by railway officials concerned.

Another derailment occurred on the 20th instant on the Bengal and North-Western Railway at Sarju Station between Colonelganj and Jarwal Road, to a mixed train which leaves Lucknow at seven in the morning. The engine and the rear goods carriages left the rails and were wrecked.

The passenger carriages also left the rails, but were not upset and no loss of life is reported. The passengers were transhipped for two days and the line is again in working order.

THE ENNORE DISASTER ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

This morning Messrs. Nathan, Government Inspector of Railways, Mr. R.H. Shipley, District Magistrate, Chingleput, Mr. C.G.W. Clogstoun, Deputy Inspecter-General of Police for C I. D. and Railways, Captain Magniac, Deputy Agent, Mr. Conyngham, Superintendent of the Railway Police, accompanied by Mr. Duncan, the District Railway Engineer, proceeded to the scene of the accident by special train to conduct certain experiments in connection with the official enquiry which is now being held at the Traffic Manager's office at the Central Station. The special returned shortly before 2 p.m. The enquiry has been resumed. The evidence of all the witnesses who were able to give details of the disaster has been recorded. The enquiry is expected to close to-morrow.

THE Travancore Government applied for the services of an expert in manual training from England. Mr. Green having been appointed by Government will arrive at Trivandrum next week and will be attached to the English Normal School, for male teachers.

DURING the week ending 22nd June, 47 chests of opium were removed from warehouse in Bombay. Of these 38 were shipped to China and 9 were purchased by the farmer at Ahmednagar. During the week 7½ chests were imported from Indore.

IMPROVEMENT AT ALLAHABAD.

Lakh and a Quarter in Compensation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 24.

In the annual report of the Allahabad Municipality, particulars are given as to the progress made with the scheme of city improvement, recently sanctioned. It was proposed to start operations by driving a road, 150 feet wide and 4,080 feet long, through Badshahi Mandi and Mohtashimganj, connecting Goodshed Road with Lowther Road, at a cost of one and a half lakhs of rupees. In January of the present year, a trust was created and a deed executed between the Secretary of State and the Board, whereby the former agreed to pay Rs. 28 lakhs to the trustees for the construction of broad thoroughfares, and the opening up of congested areas. Half of this sum was paid over at once, and formal sanction was given in March to the making of a new road from Johnstonganj to Lowther Road. Since then practically the whole of the property between Johnstonganj and the E.I. Railway embankment has been acquired, but the point of junction with Lowther Road cannot be settled until the Bengal and North-Western Railway have decided upon the site and plan of their new station building.

Sites for those persons rendered homeless by the scheme are now being provided, and when this work is completed the houses will be demolished and the road constructed. Already the trustees have paid a lakh and a quarter in compensation.

THE MIDNAPORE INQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MIDNAPORE, JUNE 23.

The inquiry was resumed to-day when Peari and Santosh Dass were recalled and cross-examined by Captain Weinman.

Rammoy de Bankim, Chandra Dutt, and Babu Upendranath Maiti, also spoke as to the demands made on them for money, and Mr. Dutt was cross-examined by Mr. Weston and Mr. Lalmohan. Mr. Denham arrived to-day and is staying at Circuit House.

MADRAS ORIENTAL TRANSLATORS.

Proposed Changes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

Consequent on the death of Mr. S. Rungiah Chetty, the Telugu Translator to Government of Madras, duties will be carried on by the Senior Munshi of the office. The office will be in charge of Mr. Filson, Personal Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General for Criminal Investigation.

GOPALICHUCK COAL COMPANY.

Injunction of High Court Obtained.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

The Directors of the Gopalichuck Coal Company to-day obtained an injunction from the High Court returnable by July 2nd prohibiting the resolutions passed at to-day's adjourned meeting from being carried into effect.

ALLEGED DEFALCATION IN A MILL.

Accused Arrested at Colombo.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

Adam Birkmire Fenton, Cashier, Naihati Jute Mill, who the other day absconded after discovery of a defalcation close on Rs. 5,000 in his accounts was arrested at Colombo and placed before the Magistrate of Barrackpore on Wednesday. James Doskins, an assistant in the same Mill who left with Fenton, has gone on to England. Fenton has been released on bail pending his trial on 2nd proximo.

ARABINDO GHOSE AT BARISAL.

Lectures on Hindu Religion.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARISAL, JUNE 23.

Arabindo Ghose arrived at Barisal yesterday, and addressed a public meeting to-day on "Hindu Religion." The lecture lasted for more than an hour. The house was crowded to suffocation. Three boys fainted and had to be taken outside.

THE MADRAS EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Probable Indian Member.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

I am informed that an impression is gaining strength in the Southern Districts that Mr. V.D. Madhava Rao, the late Dewan of Mysore, will be the first Indian Executive Member of Council, Madras. The whole of Mr. Madhava Rao's service has been spent in Mysore with the exception of a brief but epoch-making tenure of the Dewanship of Travancore.

Dewan Bahadur P. Rajagopala Chariar, the present Dewan of Travancore, and former Dewan of Cochin, is also regarded as a likely candidate for the post. He had a brilliant and successful career in British service.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending June 22, was 504, giving a death-rate of 25·80 per annum per thousand as against 29·46, the corresponding period of last year, and 35·53, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 37 died from fevers; 26, plague; 7, small-pox; 1, measles; 21, cholera; 4, leprosy 36, phthisis; 39, diseases of the nervous system; 137, affections of the respiratory organs; 16, diarrhœa; 13, dysentery; 30, still-born; 83, old age and debility; 13, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 17; Brahmin, 27; Lingaet, 3; Bhattia, 1; Hindu of other caste, 230; Hindu low caste, 58; Musalman, 104; Parsee, 26; Jew, 7; Native Christian, 23; Eurasian, 4; European, 2; Budhist, 1; other and unknown castes, 1. The total number of births was 327 as against 358, the corresponding period of last year, and 346, the average over the past five years.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.

Justice Beaman's Lecture.

Under the auspices of the Gatha Society, a public lecture on "Moral and Religious Good and Evil" was delivered yesterday at the Framji Cowasji Institute by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman. There was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen; every available space in the Hall end in the gallery was occupied by visitors. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice D. D. Davar presided on the occasion.

The Gatha Society has been in existence for the last eight years, its principal object being to facilitate the study of the Zoroastrian religious writings and to explain the spirit of the teachings of the religion from a rational and scientific standpoint.

The Chairman in introducing the Lecturer said that that day should be considered an important event in the history of the Gatha Society of Bombay for this was the first time that a distinguished English gentlemen had consented to deliver a lecture before them. Justice Beaman, said the Chairman, was distinguished not only for his many sided intellectual activities but also for his broad-minded sympathies with the people of this country.

In the course of his address, the lecturer said that he regarded it as a compliment and an honer that he should have been asked to address this select Zoroastrian society. He was not much given to empty flattery. He did not care to say the smooth thing merely because it was pleasing, unless he was sure that it was also true. Knowing the constitution of this Society, its highly academic, scholarly character; having seen something of the work of others who have been chosen to speak to them, he felt that unless he could give something really good, or as good as he could make it, it would be fairer to decline the invitation. At the same time he reminded the audience that he had no rich fare in store for them and begged them not to expect too much. All he could promise was that the subject he had chosen was one which could scarcely fail to interest every thinking moral being.

WHENCE COMES MORAL EVIL.

The lecturer said:—One simple way of settling the question is by a flat denial of the major premiss. There are people, not a few, who, when fairly cornered, deny that Evil, as an absolute, exists at all. Nothing, they say, is either evil or good. It is, no doubt, true in a measure, to insist upon the relativity of our terms, to point out that the conception of evil is only possible by contrast with the conception of good, and "vice versa." And I have little to say to those who find any solace in this kind of verbal parry. A great and popular school of European philosophy has been founded on it. Hegelism is perhaps out of date, but it has largely coloured philosophic thought, and still numbers numerous ivotares. As an intellectual gymnastic, I can understand that it attracted and amused curious and restless intellects. The final reconciliation of all contradictories in an underlying identity, satisfies the primary philosophic need. The aim of all philosophy has been Unity, the Absolute, the Reality. And its despair has always been the practical irreconcilables. Thus Hegelism coming in deftly and agilely to demonstrate that there really are no irreconcilables, was sure of a cordial reception. You take a coin; on one side a head, on the other a tail. These may stand for a thousand more important opposites. You may stake considerable sums on the coin falling head or tail uppermost. As in greater matters you may make great ventures on the superior value of one of two opposites. But are you not deluding yourself? Are these opposites? The coin is the identity, made up of two faces, merely complementary, one the same as the other in the middle (but unperceived) region where they meet. If you doubt it, melt the coin and recast it without impressing either side with an image. You have the same quantity of metal, the same surfaces, but no opposites. So, if you could melt down the substance, on which our contradictories—moral, social, religious, ethical, æsthetic—appear to us in the guise of opposites, you would find that the opposition merged in a fundamental identity, and as a philosopher you would be, or ought to be at peace.

ROMAN STOICISM.

And, immensely though I admire the Roman Stoicism, I cannot wholly blind myself to its dependence on this broken reed. But it is not so open to attack, as some who dislike its haughty self-centred confidence, the very antithesis of later religious models, are too hastily disposed to assume. For, after all, the Stoic did not deny the existence and reality of pain, or of many other external temporal ills. The distinction upon which he insisted, with a fine nobility and a clear eye upon the inherent dignity of man, was that nothing, however disagreeable, was in any sense an Evil, that is subjectively, and tainting the man's soul and moral nature, which befell him from without. In a much narrowed field, the field of literary controversy, a great polemist once said: "No man can be written down except by himself." And that, after all, will serve for a concrete and easily understood illustration of the Stoic spirit. No man could be "injured" that is, morally injured or degraded, except by his own voluntary act. While this is, from an ethical stand point as true to-day and in all systems of Ethics and Religions, as it was when Marcus Aurelius meditated, it does not meet the fundamental difficulties with which we shall soon be confronted.

PRIMARY CONTRAST.

With the conciousness of Life comes the consciousness of Death. This is the primary contrast; here it first takes shadowy outline. Life constantly overshadowed by Death. Life the positive, Death the negative; the affirmative of Life is thwarted by the negation of Death. And with the consciousness of life is intimately correlated the stinct that Life is a good thing, and Death a bad thing. The Will to live is the great general affirmation. In its earliest conscious manifestations it is purely instinctive, taken on the human side. Whence it comes we will not now pause to enquire.

Speaking, we see that two-thirds of our estimate of Good and Evil has no reference to any subjective morality at all. It is tested by consequences, pleasurable or painful, life-serving or death-promoting; and it is referable to primitive instincts, which probably are the metors of the Universe. It is all pretty easy going so far, and but for the intrusion of morbidly sophisticated perversions of elementary natural facts all traceable to the reactive energy of the moral conscience first awakened in its own medium, and then trying back to find a harmony, in which its moral judgments can be satisfied and vindicated in the processes of Nature, trying back, in a word for the Hegelian reconciliation of contradictions in identity good and bad fortune would probably be acceped as inevitable accidents, in a spirit of resigned, but, on the whole, contented fatalism. It is only when we insist upon reconciling these chances with the verdicts of our own "innate" sense of justice, that the trouble really begins. If man were a mere animal, following his natural instincts, as other animals do, there would be no problem of Good and Evil, and you would have been spared this discourse. No one supposes that the common wild animal falling a prey to its devourer experiences any sense of moral injury, any other sense than that of pain, and the instinctive rebellion against this violent curtailment of its right to live. The protest of the animal goes no further than a physical protest against pain, and possibly an undefined protest against Death. But a man, condemned to die, especially if he thinks that he is unjustly condemned to die, arraigns the entire Universe. He protests not only against the pain, and the negation of Death, but consciously against the "injustice" of the world. He is a moral as well as a physical victim.

GOOD AND EVIL.

In the analysis of Good and Evil, practically and morally, it may be as well to begin disentangling the matter from specially Theological explanations. These, while presenting the greatest difficulties, may be reserved, until we have threaded our maze, as far as we can, in the light of unsectarian Ethics. And we may start from the assertion which you may afterwards examine for yourselves and pronounce proved, or not proved, that there is no such thing possible as an ethical philosophy, dogmatically made up beforehand.

PSYCHOLOGICAL QUESTION.

The purely psychological question lies between the Intuitionalists and the Evolutionists. The former postulate an unique faculty, Conscience, which tells us what is right and what is wrong, what, in any given situation, we ought to do. The latter hold that all our moral judgment have gradually resulted from the teaching of the environment. Each in his own way and to his own satisfaction settles the question. But this is only one question of three. If we fall back on conscience, as intuited, we still need to know whence it comes, and we shall soon find ourselves in the domain of Theology. If, on the other hand, we adopt the Evolutionist opinion, we shall find a score of perplexing exceptions in every day experience.

ETHICAL PROBLEM.

The Ethical problem resolves itself really into the true meaning, and significance of three words, Good Ill, and Ought. For Ill you may substitute Bad or Evil. Such words can plainly have no meaning or relevance apart from sentient life. Depopulate the world, remove all sentient life from the face of this planet, and there can be no Good or Ill, or Ought. The movements of lifeless matter can never be good or bad, either in themselves or their consequences.

The Theological answer would, of course, be God's Will; or it might be said that the "a priori" constitution of the Universe required certain conduct and so on. A little reflection will reveal the inadequacy of such ascriptions. Given human beings forming moral judgments, saying this is good, this is bad; this is better, that is worse; in other words, making moral claims on each other, we have every essential of an ethical world. And we add nothing by postulating a God, or a pre-arranged Order of the Universe. For unless God or the Universe makes special claims on us, to which we find a ready response in our hearts, to be at once translated into action, we should find that these great abstractions were practically impotent in the ethical sphere. What we ought to do seems in the last analysis, to satisfy every claim directly made upon us, unless some other claim runs counter to it and prevails.

ILL-ASSORTED HUMAN PAIR.

Like an ill-assorted human pair, the Soul pulls one way, the Body the other. Mind or Spirit or Soul, (the three terms have, of course, quite distinct meanings) has made a wretched match with body or Matter. The Soul makes for good, the Body for Evil. But the Soul being temporarily involved in the Body, cannot escape its attractions, so that we have the perennial war of the flesh upon the spirit. Now all this is very well. But where does the Omnipotent God come in? Why does He not throw His decisive power into the scale of the spirit and at any rate make that wholly triumphant and victorious in its own proper domain? Conceded that the body being matter, is radically impure, and must produce its impurities,—cancers, plague, leprosy, every form of disease, which we account an Evil; still when it comes to conduct, when we are in the regal presence-chamber of the Will, why should not that be always and entirely good? Yet too often we find that men deliberately choose what the unsophisticated Spirit, must judge to be evil, nor are these the men, who, as far as our earthly vision reaches, pay the wages of Sin. It is all very well again to fulminate against the "wicked" whom we observe to be flourishing as the green bay tree, that the wages of Sin is death. That is nothing. Death awaits us all, and if, as no doubt it does, the denunciation means not physical, but spiritual Death, we are primarily concerned with life, the life we have to live here, the life we know, of the accidents and embellishments of which we feel able to judge, and secondarily and very remotely concerned with the fate of the Spirit, when it has taken flight into the beyond.

ANCIENT WISDOM.

The Ancient Wisdom, with its hypothesis of re-incarnation and Karma, does offer us a perfectly logical account of all, that we, as mere human beings, judging upon the evidence before us, must believe to be unmerited Evil. We will waive the question whether this hypothesis is True or not; because like every scientific hypothesis, I treat it as for the present provisional, and I test it by the ordinary scientific rule Does it explain more facts and explain them better than any rival hypothesis? I think that it does, and I am therefore perfectly justified in adopting it as a provisional working hypothesis, if I choose. It is not, however, with that, which is after as by way of deduction from the main hypothesis, that I am concerned. For before we can whole-heartedly subscribe to the law of Karma, we need, as rational metaphysicians, to be satisfied of its logical connection with its origion. Now when you push this scheme to its commencement, I take it that it comes to this, God involved Himself in matter, for the sole object of evolving out of matter again.

RIDDLE OF CONDUCT.

In conclusion, the learned Lecturer said: "All that I can say, speaking for myself, is that the "how" is and must remain, incomprehensible. Descending from those lofty transcendental regions to the common atmosphere, we have to face the world as it is and decide for ourselves upon its Good and its Evil. Omitting external accidents and external blessings—for the rain like the avalanche, falleth on the just and the unjust alike—we must, as moral and spiritual beings, wrestle out the riddle of conduct. It is plain, I think, that in the last analysis of every good moralist, we come to this that the only really good thing, morally good thing in the world is a Good Will. And it follows that those who adopt the determinist view of the universe root out that last and only good thing which it contains. For if the Will is not free, then there can be no moral value, in a good or in a bad Will.

DEEP AND VEXED QUESTION.

I have no time to go into that deep and vexed question; but I must insist, in spite of the disclaimers of what I call soft or sentimental Determinists that Determinism is stark fatalism, and does away with all possibility of Morals. Not necessarily, of course, of Religion, for it is only a statement of a common and quite popular form of Religion—Predestination. Morally, however, it presents this dilemma. Pessimism of the worst kind; for hundreds of things happen daily in the world which shock our moral senses. If these are the only things that could have happened, if they are the best things that could have happened, then there really is something rotten in the state of Denmark, and it is high time that we were quit of the world or might remould it nearer to our heart's desire. Alternative horn, Subjectivism. True, what happens is extremely horrid, but it happens to educate our finer moral sense. The thrill of horror it sends through us is its moral justification. Some brutal murder is committed. The subjective sensualist, feels all his skin goose fleshy, and he says, that sensation warrants the murder; to produce that in me, that murder was ordained. Now it is clear that this sentiment carried but a little way becomes horribly immoral and is infinitely worse than a resentful pessimism. Both are bad enough. For evil or no evil I cannot bring myself to doubt that this lovely world is on the whole and for its final purpose, extremely good. Floating in pure ether, a glittering ball, half-turned to the sun half-bathed in the starry night, with myriad eyes and ears, and senses complete in radiant beauty, is she not very like a great Angel, under whose wings we little things with our measures of personal good and personal evil swing through space, a part of her glorious Intelligence and Being?

SUBORDINATING PERSONALITIES.

In thus subordinating our personalities and sufferings and claims to a larger whole, by thus identifying ourselves with the Universe, we may rhapsodically and emotionally shirk the problem. And these moods of exaltation, no doubt, help us to forget its ugliness much better, than moods of fatalistic resignation. But all the same, when we come down to earth again, we find the thorny thing waiting for us. And no Theologies, or Metaphysic or Ethic, has yet proved adequate to solve it rationally, logically, and yet in obedience to our spiritual demands, spiritually. It seems to me that you can only harmonise the facts of life with all our own spiritual needs, by denying the one or the other. Or you may give it up and take refuge in a confession of impotence. No attempts to explain undeserved personal suffering, disease, inequalities, and the like, upon theories of "sacrifice", the sacrifice of the individual to the state, or of the member to the family, and so on, seem to me to be more than academic. No one attaches any moral value to unwilling sacrifices. You may say that hanging a criminal is sacrificing him to the State. So it is but you will find it rather hard to convince him that he ought to rejoice in this painful moral as well as physical elevation. While scientific explanations of unmerited evil in the shape of disease, upon a theory of Heredity may be perfectly true they are obviously and utterly immoral. Least of all can any right thinking man derive consolation from theories of vicarious suffering or consent to be indemnified for his own sins by the agonies of the sinless. Placing a good Will at the top of all morally good things we allow by implication that Will may be a bad thing and a bad Will the worst of all moral things, But how the Will which must according to all Theologies and Metaphysics, really belong to the most permament and, therefore the most Divine part of us, can be both good and bad, is inexplicable upon any other ground than that, as Zoroastrianism teaches, the Good and Evil are alike principles in the One God. This much will doubtless set many of you questing for yourselves in this dark and perilous region. I wish I had more definite conclusions to offer. But I told you I only meant to suggest and afterwards expect much help and further light from your own intelligent researches.

The usual votes of thanks to the lecturer and the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

It is reported that Mr. Eardley Norton goes home after the Alipore appeals. Eight appeals have been heard.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE AT POONA.

The following were present at H. E. the Governor's Levee at Poona on Wednesday:—

PRIVATE ENTREE.

Bainbridge, Capt W F
Barham, Rev Charles, acting Archdeacon of Bombay
Beatty, Mr
Bhandarkar, R G Dr
Bivalkar, Vinayek Dhundiraj
Bishop of Bombay. The
Brinton, Rev P R
Bruder, Rev A
Cameron, Mr M L
Carmichael, Mr G
Cassim Shah, Lt A D C to G O C
Clifton, Mr C N
Coopooswamy Viziarungum Moodliar, Sirdar
Crump, Mr Louis, I C S
Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Sir Kt
Dastur Kaikobad A Nosherwan, Sirdar
Dastur, Bymunjee Jamaspjee Dastur C I E
Davoud Khan, Sir Meftahos Sallaneh, Consul General of Persia
Desai of Vantmari, Sir
Deverell, Captain
Drew, Mr W W
Djelal Beg, Mr Ottoman Consul General
Enthovan, Mr Reginald E
Gokhale, Mr G K
Hewlett, Mr
Hill, Mr Arthur
Ichalkaranji, the Chief of Hon'ble
Jackson, J Major I M S
Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Sir
Heatinge, Mr G
Kemball, Mr
Kennedy, Michae Mr
Khandalawalla, Mr N D
Khunderao Baboorao, Dabhaday, Senapatee of Talegaon
Kincaid, Mr
Lithgow, Major R F A
Malegaonkar, Raje Ratna Sinha
Martin, E E Major A V C
Muir Mackenzie, Sir John
Murray, Hugh Mr
Nowrojee Pestonji Vakil Khan Bahadur
Nowrojee Pudumjee Sirdar
Orton, Capt E E 37th Lancers
Panse, Sardas G D
Perkins, Major
Phadanavis Balaji Mahadevrao 1st Class Sirdar
Punt Sachiv Raghunathrao
Punt Sachiv Shankerao, Chief of Bhor
Purandhare Sadashivrao Mahadhaorao
Purandhare Trimbakrao Ramrao
Pratt, F Mr
Raje Shambhersing Jadhavrao
Raste Vishavanath Khanderao
Robertson, Mr L
Sharp, Mr W H
Spance Lambley, H Mr
Stevenson, Surgeon-General I M S
Swami Shree Gangadhar Laxuman
Syed Samsudin Kadri Oriental Translator to Government
Syed Zain-el Edroos, Hon'ble
Talbot, Mr W A
Tchirkine, Mr Serge acting Russian Imperial Consul General
Thackwell, Colonel O M R
Westropp, G R C Col

PUBLIC ENTREE.

Aaron Daniel, Mr
Abdul Feroz Khan, Sardar
Abdul Hoosein Adamjee Peerbhoy, Mr
Ahmed Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Mr
Akerman, W P J B 2nd Lieut R F A
Alexander, Dr
Alexander, F D Mr M R C S, D P H (Edin)
Allana Fazul Dost Muhammud, Mr
Anderson, R H B, Capt
Anjangaokar Ganesh Hari, Mr
Anklesaria Nusserwanji Sorabji, Mr
Apte, Hari Narayan, Mr
Arnold, Major
Arthur, S R, Mr I C S
Atlay, H W Capt R F A
Aylen, E V, Capt R A M C
Baig Mirza Ibrahim, Sub Major Sir Bah
Baines, E F E Major IMS
Bala Saheb Shriniwas, Rao Pant Pratinidhi
Bailward, T 2nd Lieut
Balaji, Krishnarao, Mr
Bari P R, Mr
Barlow C C L, Major
Bailee, K W Mr I C S
Barter, B St J, Colonel
Bell, E J Lieut
Belli-Bivar, H F Lieut
Berti Clay, R A Major
Bhagwat, S R Mr L C E
Bhandarker, D R Mr
Bhave, A G Mr
Bharucha, E S Dr
Bhanu, C G Mr
Bhardi, R R Mr
Bhuraya Gallaya, Rai Bahadur
Binney, E Lieut R E
Blackwood, F H S 2nd Lieut
Bolton, D Capt A V C
Bonus, A R Mr I C S
Bottee, Dorabji, Khan Saheb
Boyd, S Lieut R E
Bovet, W Capt R E
Brander, J Mr I C S
Bremner, A G Major R E
Brookes, W R P Mr
Brown, F J Wade Major R A M C
Brown, O 2nd Lieut
Burjorji Perosbaw, Mr
Burns, W Mr
Cardmaster, B S Khan Saheb
Carvalho, H F Mr
Carr, M R Capt
Chandrachand, M B Sardar
Chatoorbhooj, B Mr
Chaytor, Lt
Chenai, Dadabhoy Sorabji Mr
Chibber, H M Mr
Chimanlal Kisandas, Mr
Chiplunkar, M H Mr
Clabby, D M J Capt
Clabby, W G Mr
Cody, J Capt
Connell, C E H Major
Coter, E B Capt R A
Cousens, H Mr
Cowie, D G Capt R A
Cragg, E 2nd Lt
Crossle, H C Mr
Cruickshank, Lt
Dandekar, V N Mr
Dandekar, W G Mr
Dastur Cursetji, D B
Dastur Dorab, H
Dastur Dhunjishah, H
Dastur Meher Hoshang Khan Pah
Davar, C D Mr
Davies, R D Lt
Deshpande, A L Mr
Deshpande, G A Sardar
Deshpande, L N Mr
DeSouza, A M Mr
DeSouza, J P F Mr
Dhamdhare, H R Sardar
Bias, E X Dr
Dickson, B B Lt
Dickson, J H Major
Dobson, H P Lt
Dudley, O H T Mr
Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer Mr
Edgar, Lt A V C
El Edroos Syed Ali, Mr
Egerton, P J Lt
Ellis, A C S B Capt
Esmail, Beg Mohomed Mr
Fanshawe, Lt L A
Fakih Galani Nabi, Mr
Fauce, Major
Field, J A Lt R E
Fitz Gerald, A M Mr
Flower, Mr E H
Fowler, F J Lt Col D S O
Frenchman, M P Mr
Frenchman, N F Mr
Frenchman, P N Mr
Fryer, Lt-Col
Gadgil, K G Mr
Gadney, F M Mr
Gadre, M T Mr
Gandekar, K R Mr
Gaskell, H S Lt R E
Ghorpure, D G Mr
Ghaswalla, D A Mr
Ghaswalla, F D Mr
Ghaswalla, K A 2nd Lt
Ghate, V S Mr
Godbole, K R Mr
Gokhale, G B Mr
Gokhale, L R Mr
Gokhale, T G Sardar,
Gole, C D Sardar
Goostadji Dhunjishaw, Mr
Gotivala, S P Mr
Granger, J A Major I M S
Grant, H A Capt
Grant, W O Capt
Griffith, F O Mr
Guider, J A Mr
Gunputgir, Bholagir Mr
Gurr, G W Capt I O D
Gwynn, A H Lieut I A
Haji Esmail Haji Haroon, Mr
Haji S Haji Ooman,
Haji S A Wahed,
Hakim Sk A Ali
Hall R C Carr, Capt
Haumantram Ramnath, Mr
Hamilton, A F Capt I M S
Hamilton, E H Mr
Hamilton, S W S Lt R E
Harding, C E L Lt R A M C
Harvey, G F Rev
Harvey, Kelly Lt
Hasan, S I Kazi
Hastings, W H Lt
Hayne, S S Lt
Hill, J G Lieut
Hingston, G B Major R E
Hitchins, C A M Col
Hobson, L C 2nd Lt
Hooper, A F A Lt
Hopkins, G A Mr
Hopwood, H Mr
Hosking, H E 2nd Lt
Hoskyns, H C W Capt
Houston, W M Capt I M S
How, A V Major
Hozdar Arderji Minoocher
Hudson, J R Capt Comsy
Hughes, C L Capt
Hulseberg, H Capt
Humphry, L Capt R A M C
Humphry, R J P Lt
Ichharam Bhagwandas Mr
Jussuff, H Jaffer Mr
Javadekar Ganesh Vaman, Mr
Javari Dipchand Maganlal, Mr
Jijibhoy Byramji, R B Mr
Jeejeebhoy Rustomji Byramji, Mr
Jennings, W E Lt Col I M S
Johnson, Lt
Joglekar, R N Mr
Jorge, M R Rev Fr
Joshi, B P Mr
Jumde, G D Mr
Kumthekar, Rao Bah M K
Kumthekar, Mr K M
Kumthekar, Mr B H
Kamat, B S Mr
Kunhardt J C Capt
Kapadia, M Dinsha D
Karve Mr Ramchandra G
Khan Mr K M Inayullah
Kelkar, Mr G K
Kelkar, Mr K G
Kenjale, Rao Bah B M
Khambatta Major D D
Khambatta Surg Capt K D
Khare, Mr G N
Kisandas, Tikamdas Mr
Kisandas, Vishundas Mr
Knight Mr J B
Kolaporewalla Mr J F
Krenger Rev Fr C
Kulkarni Mr M S
Lalkaka, C J Mr
Leao, S A Mr
Lewis, W R Mr
Lowe, W C Capt A V C
Mac Leod M N Lt R E
Macmillan, N B Mr
Maddock E C G Capt I M S
Madiwala Krishnadas Goverdhandas, Mr
Malhar, D G Revd
Mandy, C N Mr
Mann Harold, H Dr D Sc
Mainar Mahomedji Haji Adam Mr
Mankar, V G Mr
Mansaram Kaluram Bhau Mr
Marathe Kasinath Balakrishna, Mr
Massy E C Maj R F A
Maxwell, D F Capt R E
McCudden, J H Lieut
McIver, J A Mr
McGill, H S Lt Co R A M C
Meeredy, H P Lieut R A
Medadkar Sadashiv Ragunath, Mr
Mehendale Khanderao Chintaman, Mr
Mirikar Gopalrao Lakshman, Mr
Mirza A H Khan, Mr
Modi, S H Dr L M S
Mody, C T Mr
Moodliar Balcrishny, V Mr
Moodliar, S C Mr
Moodliar, V M Mr
Muhammad, D F P Mr
Mowat Lt
Mulliken, E M Lieut
Mulchand, B Mr
Muzumdar, G N Sardar
Mylne, E C 2nd Lieut
Nadkarni, S S Mr
Naegamwalla, K D Mr
Naik, H R Mr
Naralikar, G B Mr
Natu, N E Sardar
Natu, S V Mr
Natu, V M Mr
Natu, V N Mr
Naylor, H W Lt and Rid Master R F A
Newcombe, D L Lt
Nicholson, R W Lieut Col
Norris, H Lieut
Nusserwanji Dhunjishaw Mr
Oldfield, Major C G R A
Oliver, Mr E G
Oosman, Mr Haji Moosa Haji
Orr, Capt H M C
Ostreban, Mr A H M
Ookar, Rao Bah Baburao Balchandra
Page, H M Mr
Pajnigar, N M Mr
Parker, Major F J
Parker, Capt L
Parasnis, D B Mr
Parkin, 2nd Lieut H D
Pasta, M G L Mr
Patel, P C Mr
Patvardhan, R B S V
Patwardhan, V K Mr
Patwardhan, Rao Saheb V A
Pearson, H S J Lieut
Peerzadah, M S K Mr
Phillips, R C P Mr
Pirzade Sardar Khan Bah, K S A
Pirzade, K S N Mr
Potnis, C M Mr
Potnis, R B Mr
Powar, C J Mr
Prescott, H Wde B Lieut
Pring, F J Lieut
Pudumji, Khan Bah, B D
Pudumji P B Mr
Pudumji, B P Mr
Pudumji, S P Mr
Purser, A W Lieut
Paranjpye, R P Mr
Raban, H T Capt
Rafiuddin. A Moulvi
Rahimtulla, C E Mr
Rainsford Hannay, F Capt R A
Ramaya, Pullaya Mr
Ramdas, G Mr
Ramnarayan, A Rao Bah
Ranade, S V Mr
Rashid Khan, A Mr
Rawlence, Mr Lt R R
Rawline, B W Capt
Rawlinson, H G Mr
Rebeiro, C A Mr L C E
Reed, C Capt R A
Refare, Syed G M Mr
Richardson, J S Lt Re
Roberts, C E L
Robertson, Glasgow N L R A
Robinson, G St G 2nd Lt
Rose, F C Capt
Russell, B B Bt Col Re
Rustomji, C M Mr
Buttonjee Muncherjee, Mr
Sahasrabudhe, B T Mr
Saiyed, M S H Mr
Samarth, V M Dewan Bahadur
Sanjana, K C Lt Col I M S
Sarge, R A Mr A M I C E
Satbhai, S A Mr
Sathe, H V Rao Bahadur
Sathe, S G Mr
Satpute, N R Dr L M & S
Savory, K W Lieut
Scaife, C Lieut R A M C
Scudamoore, D V Maj R E
Searle, A V Capt
Sedgwick, L J Mr I C S
Sethna, A B Mr B A L L B
Sewoo, R Subedar Sar Bahadur
Subhedar, K S S A Cader Mr
Shaik, I H Khan Saheb
Shaik, R Subhedar
Shapoorji Darasha Mr
Sharpley, T W Revd
Shellun, S E Mr
Shikhare, P V Asst Surg
Shinde, D K Revd
Shinde, D R Revd
Smales, W C Lt R A M C
Stranger, Leathes, H E Capt I M S
Stewart, P A Lieut
Stewart, P M Mr
Stochr, C F Lieut R E
Stowell, R S Mr
Studdert, T Lieut
Sultan, Hajibboy. Mr
Surfraz, S A K Mr M A
Suryawanshi, S S Revd
Sweeny, R T C Capt
Swinburne, T A S Lieut R E
Symons, H Lieut R F A
Talukdar, Burjorji
Tillard, Capt E D
Tilak, Mr Vinayak Vithal
Todd, Capt T
Thompson, Lieut W H H
Thorn, Major T
Thunder, Lieut S H I
Tribhowandass, Mangaldas N
Turnbell, Mr H G D
Turner, Lieut F T T
Usborne, A J 2nd Lt
Vaidya Ramchandra, B Mr
Vandikar, V K Rao Bah
Vartak Vishnu, R Mr
Wadia, P N Mr
Wadia J P Assist Surg
Wallace, J T Lieut R F A
Walker, E C Lieut R E
Warad, M B Rao Saheb
Webber, N D Capt R E
Wetherall, F G B 2nd Lieut
Wickham, J J D Lieut
Widdicombe, F S Major
Wilkins, E G R Major
Williams F T Capt
Wilkinson, A C L Mr
Wilson, H R 2nd Lieut
Wilson, H W Lea Revd
Wilson, R C Lieut.
Willes, W F G Lieut
Williamson, J Rutter Dr M D
Will, P Revd Fr S J
Windeusen, D Revd Fr S J
Wiseman, C S Capt
Woodhouse, C G Capt
Wood, H Capt R E
Yesudian I Rev
Young, H A Major R A

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Council Hall, Mr. Jaffer Rahimtulla, the President, occupying the chair.

THE ARTHUR ROAD OVER-BRIDGE.

In continuation of his letter of 25th February last, the Municipal Commissioner wrote another letter on 13th May last, submitting for the approval of the Corporation a plan of the bridge proposed to be erected by the G. I. P., and B. B. and C. I. Railway Companies at the Elphinstone Road level-crossing.

The letter was submitted for the consideration of the Corporation.

In his last latter the Commissioner stated:—The plan and alignment of the bridge have been settled by the Railway authorities in consultation with the Executive Engineer, and do not seem to be open to objection. The cost of all the land required and which has to be provided at Municipal expense, is estimated at Rs. 1,31,179. The total estimated cost of diverting water mains drains, etc., and making low level roads amounts to Rs. 2,09,547 so that the total cost to the Municipality will be Rs. 3,40,726, plus Rs. 17,036 for contigencies, making a grand total of Rs. 3,57,762 for a bridge for the level crossings on both the Railways. In the above estimate I have not included the value of the Municipal land now occupied by roads and footpaths as this appears to have come to us free of charge after the passing of the Foras Act. I have the honour to request the sanction of the Corporation to the construction of this over-bridge in accordance with the plan at an estimated cost to the Municipality of Rs. 3,57,762.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Arthur Hill Trevor, the plans were approved and sanction was granted to spend Rs. 3,57,762.

BOMBAY MILK SUPPLY.

The Corporation next considered the Health Officer's report regarding the importation of adulterated milk and curd into Bombay.

The report has already been published in a previous issue of the "Bombay Gazette."

Mr. Haji Yusuf proposed that the report be recorded.

Mr. S. S. Mistry, seconding the proposition, pointed out that the sections of the Act empowered the Health Officer to stop sale and importation of such milk. He could destroy any unwholesome article of food. He could not see why he wanted further power.

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji did not see any good calling for their officers' report, if the Corporation were not inclined to adopt measures to prevent the evil. He moved that a Committee be appointed to whom this report might be referred for the purpose of suggesting legislative measures.

Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin seconded the amendment.

Mr. J. A. Wadia thought that the only practical way to deal with the subject was to empower the Commissioner to build cowsheds up to a cost of one lakh or two lakhs or what limit they thought best.

Sir Balchandra Krishna supported the amendment. He argued that nothing could be effectively done without a preliminary enquiry. He criticised the action of the officials for issuing the report without any recommendation as to ways and means.

Mr. J. B. Petit urged the establishment of a central depot in which milk would by sold under Municipal control and supervision, but not by the Municipality. He deprecated the formation of another Municipal deoartment.

The amendment to appoint a Committee was lost.

VAGRANT LEPERS.

The reply of Government to the Corporation's request for the establishment of a sub-jail at Bombay for lepers was reported.

The Hon. A. Hill-Trevor regretted its tone. The reply clearly showed that Government were not aware of the state of the case. Government informed the Corporation that there was an Act in force, empowering Magistrates to send pauper lepers to an asylum, but apparently they did not realise that the Matunga Asylum being full, the Act could not be put into force. Lepers had been driven from the streets where the wealthy passed daily to the native town, but he failed to see how that had improved the situation. The state of the lepers was still as pitiable and as far as he could see nothing was likely to be done to alleviate their sufferings. Government said that a leper hospital would probably come into existence in Poona this year, but from his experience of Government they were just as likely to see it in five or ten years.

The reply was recorded.

POOR TICCA GHARRY HORSES.

On a reference to allowance payable to Land Conveyance Inspectors the Hon. A Hill Trevor complained of the condition of Ticca gharry horses in Bombay. They were worse in his opinion than they were six years ago and he believed that horses which had never been inspected—or at any rate had never been suspected—by any one who knew a horse—were brought out at night.

Mr. Phillips, Deputy Commissioner of Police, said he agreed that the condition of the horses had grown worse. The cost of horse to gharry-owners had increased and recently fares were raised, but the schedule had not been enforced and the drivers often plied their gharries as omnibuses taking two annas from one man, and six pies or nine pies from another and thus made up a six annas fare for a four annas ride.

Mr. Phillips further said that they could not improve the condition of the horse and gharry by a strict inspection without the risk of a strike and that when taxicabs were on the streets the present unsatisfactory condition would disappear.

Mr. Wacha declared that there were too many gharries and so the drivers had to ply for low fares.

No action was taken.

A MAHOMEDAN CEMETERY.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Municipal Commissioner, requesting sanction to a plot of ground near Digi Tank at Mahim, being used as a burial ground for Mahomedans.

Mr. Fazulbhoy Meherally Chinoy moved for the necessary sanction.

Mr. S. S. Mistry moved an amendment, referring the matter to a Committee as a protest against this measure being received.

Mr. Fazulbhoy replied that their expert advisers and sanitary officers having found no objection, the Corporation should not heed other's objection.

On being put to vote the amendment was lost and the proposition was agreed to.

The Corporation adjourned till Monday.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A MEETING of the members of the Bombay Natural History Society took place at the Society's rooms yesterday, the Rev. F. Dreckmann, S.J., presiding.

The election of the following 91 new members since the last meeting was announced. Mr. B. Sen Gupta, (Gairkatta), Capt. H. Le M. Fellows, 47th Sikhs, (Rawal Pindi), Mr. William Burns (Poona), Mr. C. G. Leftwich, I.C.S. (Khandwa), Mr. Lane Brown (Benares), Mr. R. F. Greer (Thaton), Mr. R. G. T. Gatherer, 10th Gurkhas (Bhamo), The Mess Secy., 64th Pioneers (Belgaum), Mr. R. F. Francis 47th Sikhs (Dera Ismail Khan), Mr. J. D. Bharda (Bombay), Mr. E. W. Fritchley, (Bombay), Lieut. Col. A. C. Younan, I.M.S., 25th Punjabis, (Rawalpindi), Mr. L. W. Middelton, (Sonapore), the Hony Secy., Royal Asiatic Society (Bombay), Mr. L. A. Luffman, (Bamrup), Mr. G.S. Henderson (Mirpurkhas), Mr. D. R. H. Browne (Mirpurkhas), Mr. G. R. Bhatia (Gonda), Mr. P. E. Plunkett (Katha), Col. D. O'Sullivan (Quetta), Mr. A. A. Flynn (Bostan, Baluchistan), The Mess Secy., 39th C. I. Horse, (Goona), Capt. F. R. S. Gervers (Cawnpore), Mr. P. C. Briscoe (Bahatungoda) Mess President, 103rd M. L. Infy. (Belgaum), the Curator and Librarian, Vict. Tech. Inst. (Nagpur), Mr. H. E. H. Johnston Stewart, Highland Lt. Infy., (Dilkusha), the Hony. Secy., the Book Club, 67th Punjabis, (Multan Cantt.), Lieut. A. C. Frere (Tharrawady), Mr. A. J. Russell (Mansi), Mr. J. Oliphant (Mansi), Mr. Martin Hallauer (Bombay), Mr. W. P. Cowie (Ahmednagar), Rear-Admiral H. J. Warre Slade (Bombay,) Mr. R E A. Elliott, ICS (Bombay), Mr. W. Graham (Bombay), Mr. J. H. Skelton, (Bombay), Mr. R.G. Campbell (Bombay), Mr. C.H.H. Chessall, (Bombay), Mr. T. E. Durie (Bangalore), Mr. H. J. Dunlop (Secunderabad), Major L. F. O'Connor (Quetta), Dr. H. T. Holland (Quetta), Mr. A. Anderson (Quetta), Mr. Lala Mulraj, (Quetta), Mr. T. Clear (Madras), Lieut. Col. J. R. Roberts (Indore), Capt. A. C. Wardrop, R. H. A., (Mhow), Mr. John N. List, (Henzada), Capt. M. R. K. Hodgson, Royal Fusiliers (Trimulgherry), Sir B. S. Brooke, Bart., (Trimulgherry), Dr. J. Dunlop (Barkola), Capt. J. Martin 94th Russell's Infy., (Baroda), H. H. Iftikhar Alikhan (Jaora), Miss Birrell (Simla), Hony. Secy., U. S. Club, (Bangalore), Lieut. R. G. M. Johnston R. H. A. (Bangalore), Mr. C. H. James (Lahore), Mr. J. Coldstream (Simla) Lieut J. Gray, 36th Sikhs, (Rawalpindi), Capt. W. C. Long, I. M. S., (Madras), Lieut. H. A. Goldsmith 95th Russell's Infy, (Bolarum), Mr. E. A. Hughes, (Travancore), Mr. A, J. Wright (Travancore), Mr. W. C. Dawson, (London), Mr. H. R. C. Debbs (Quetta), Captain Terence Keyes, (Quetta), Mr. L. H. Kirkness (Madras), Mr. W. R. Gibson (Madras), Lieut. J. E. M. Boyd, R. A. M. C., (Ferozepore), Mr. A. A. Porter, (Rehang), Mr. C. T. Graham (Rangoon), Mr. C. Clifford Batten (Mussoorie), Mr. G. W. Giles (Madras), Mr. J. Erskine (Kotagiri), Mr. A. Butcher (Behalli P. O.), Major John H. Whitehead, 93rd Burma Infty. (Mandalay), Mr. A. McKenel (Mandalay), Mr. G. C. Tew (Mandalay), Mr. Edwin W. Hill (Mandalay), Mr. A. Kenyon Rogers (Barrackpore), Mr. T. Carr, (Naini Tal,) Mr. L. A. Thruston (Mandalay), Mr. S. P. Limaye (Satara), Mr. E. H. A. Goss, (Shwebo), Mr. K. McDiarmid (Shwebo), Mr. C. R. White (Shwebo), Capt. E. G. C. Maunsell (Baroda), Mr. D. J. Montagnon (Chandkira), Mr. A. H. M. Barrington (Rangoon), and Mr. C. G. E. Dawkins (Pyinmana).

CONTRIBUTIONS.

The Joint Honorary Secretaries acknowledged the following contributions to the museum.

Himalayan Langur...	Tibet	Lt F. M. Bailey.
2 Burmese Squirrels...	Burma...........	Capt A Mears.
Muntjac, female........	Dhulia	A. J. Montgomery.
2 Eggs of the White-eyed Buzzard Eagle.	Satara	Capt A. Delme Radcliffe.
1 Indo-Burmese Hornbill.	Burma	Capt A. Mears.
4 eggs of White-bellied Drengo.	Bellary	P. R. Allen.
1 European Striated Swallow.	Quetta	Baluchistan Nat. Hist. Socy.
Biddulph's Ground Chough.	Turkestan	Col J. A. Betham.
2 Eggs of Large Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	Muhammarah...	Lt A.T. Wilson.
1 Barn Owl	H.M. Mint Bombay.	J. P. Gaidera.
31 Bird skins	Shillong and Kashmir.	E. C. Stuart Baker
Coluber porphyraceous.	Sadeon-Burma..	T. F. G. Wilson
Several Tropidonotus stolatus	Madras	H. M. Dwane.
1 Eryx jaculus	Mahammarah ...	Lt A.T. Wilson.
1 Psammophis condanarus.	Mussoorie	P. Mackinnon.
Common Krait and Dendrelaphis tristis	Madras	H. M. Dwane.
Cobra (black variety)..	Jhansi	C. Thornhill.
Common Wolf Snake, Green-keelback, Phoorsa, Chequered water Snake and Oligedon sp.	Kandesh	S. D. Smith.
A small collection of snakes including, Bungarus niger, Ablabes rupii, Trachischium guntheri, Callophis macclellandi etc.	Darjeeling and Assam.	Major Wall.
Several Butterflies......	Naini Tal	F. Hannyngton
60 specimens of Hemiptera.	Ceylon	E. E. Green.
82 specimens of Hymeoptera including 38 specimens of Ants and 44 Bees and Wasps.	Pusa........	Mr H. M. Lefroy
Number of Beetles ...	Simla	Lt H. G. Chippindale.
82 Beetles	Rangoon	R. G. Fagan.
Several Beetles	Assam	L.W. Middelton

MINOR CONTRIBUTIONS.

Minor Contributions from C. W. Fitchley, Simpkins, J. A. Beetham, W. W. Coen, Capt. Thomson, Capt. A. R. Yule, P. Gerhardt, H. Blair, H. M. Dwane, Lt. A. M. Lloyd, Lt. R. Francis, Mr. F. V. Gokale, Mr. D. M. Boyle.

THE LATE MR. E. H. AITKEN.

The Chairman, the Rev. F. Drekmann, made the following remarks on the late Mr. Aitken.

Before we proceed with the business of the meeting I wish to move that on behalf of the members of the Bombay Natural History Society, the Honorary Secretaries be instructed to express to the widow and family of Mr. E. H. Aitken their condolence with them in their sorrow and their sense of the great loss the Society has experienced through Mr. Aitken's death.

The Bombay Natural History Society which has now over 1,400 members stationed in all parts of India and Burma—and we have members in all parts of the world—owes its inception to seven men, of whom Mr. Aitken was one, and it was Mr. Aitken who at the first meeting held on the 15th September 1883, seconded the proposition that the new Society should be called "the Bombay Natural History Society."

Mr. Aitken was the first Honorary Secretary of the Society and until February 1884 the meetings of members were held in the Victoria and Albert Museum. The meetings in those days were composed of enthusiastic naturalists who contributed to make the meetings both interesting and instructive and in consequence at many of the early meetings over 49 members were present.

In February 1884 the collection of the Society were removed to Forbes Street, to rooms placed at the Society's disposal by Mr. Phipson, and on the 7th December 1885 the first meeting was held in the present rooms.

In looking back through the minutes of these early meetings one finds how quickly the numbers of the members and their enthusiasm grew and the amount of work which must have devolved on the Honorary Secretary.

In March 1886 Mr. Aitken had to resign his post as Honorary Secretary owing to his departure from Bombay and a special vote of thanks was passed at a General Meeting of the Members to Mr. Aitken for "the energetic manner in which he had carried on the work of Honorary Secretary since the commencement of the Society".

Before Mr. Aitken left, however, he had, with the co-operation of the late Mr. R. A. Sterndale, brought out the first two numbers of the Society's Journal, the first of which was published in January 1886. Although the Journal in those days was small, the work of bringing out a number probably entailed as much trouble and work on the Hony. Editors as the present ones do, where we have so many distinguished writers to fill our pages.

Mr. Aitken was Honorary Secretary of the Insect Section from the commencement of the Society until the death of Mr. De Niceville when he became the President of the Section. He was elected a Vice-President of the Society in July 1902.

I will not touch here on Mr. Aitken's published works, "Tribes on my Frontier," "A Naturalist on the Prowl," "The Common Birds of Bombay," "Behind the Bungalow," and "The seven Windows of the Soul," but would draw your attention to the many and varied Papers Mr. Aitken contributed to our Journal. He drew up the first list of the Butterflies in the Society's collection and with Messrs T. R. Bell, and J. Davidson wrote a paper on the Butterflies of the North Kanara District, and in collaboration with Mr. Comber, a list of the Butterflies of the Konkan. The early numbers of our Journal are full of interesting and amusing Papers from his pen such as, "A voyage from Liverpool to Bombay," and "The Red Ant," and covered a great range of subjects.

The funeral, he might mention, had been attended amongst others by five members of the Society—Dr. MacDonald, Col. Bannerman, Major Lamb, Mr. Davidson and Major Robertson Milne.

The proposition was briefly seconded by Mr. William Bell who had known Mr. Aitken from the commencement of his life in India and had been with him last year in Scotland, and carried unanimously.

The following papers, both of which will appear in full in the Society's Journal, were then read and discussed.

Some Nature Notes, by Lt.-Col. R. G. Burton.

The Nesting Habits of the Baya or Weaver Bird by Douglas Dewar, I. C. S.

MAHOMEDAN REPRESENTATION.

Question of Elective Associations.

MR. Ebrahim Rahimtoolla dealt at both of the recent meetings of the Bombay Legislative Council with the subject of Mahomedan representation on the enlarged Councils. We give the following passages in amplification of a very full report of his remarks which we published in the account of the Council's proceedings.

Regarding the establishment of Central Associations as being the best form of communal electorates, he said:—

"I earnestly hope that such is not now the intention of Government. In my reply on the Reform Proposals, I have dealt fully with this question, and have pointed out the reasons, why in most cases such a right will lead to mischievous results. I am glad both the Government of India and the Secretary of State have taken the same view. In para. 29 of the despatch of the Government of India of the 1st October last, they say 'there are, however, certain possibilities connected with it, which may become serious if the expansion of the Councils and the enlargement of their powers should stimulate the electioneering spirit in India. If election by associations is admitted as the standard means of giving representation to classes, it seems probable that rival associations may claim recognition, and that it may be difficult to decide between them. There is also the danger that an association may be captured by a small ring of politicians; that its original character may be transformed by changing the conditions of membership or by manipulating admissions; or again, that the whole of organisation may exist as the Hon'ble Malic Umar Hyat Khan has suggested more on paper than in practice.' Lastly, where parties are formed within an association, with the result that validity of an election is disputed, and each party charges the other with fraud, it is obvious that the Government would find some difficulty in determining which of two rival candidates should be held to have been elected. For these reasons we consider that the recognition of associations as electoral agencies should be regarded as a provisional arrangement, to be maintained only until the interests which they propose to represent demand the formation of a regular electorate, and succeed in satisfying the Government that this step in advance is possible. The Secretary of State confirms this view in the following words 'and you point out with much force the objections to election by voluntary associations. In these observations I agree and especially in your remark that the recognition of associations as electoral agencies should be regarded as a provisional arrangement to be maintained only some regular electorate can be formed.'

"I do not know the special circumstances prevailing in the different Provinces of India and I cannot therefore say whether it would be necessary to recognise as an electoral agency any voluntary association existing there; but I am in entire agreement with the views so ably expressed in the Despatch and trust that no such procedure will be adopted in this Presidency. I do not see any difficulty in the formation of separate Mahomedan electorates in this Province and if my suggestion is adopted with such modifications as may appear necessary to Government, separate Mahomedan electorates can easily be formed and the election proceedings conducted on a satisfactory basis.

"I do not wish to conclude my remarks on this subject without saying that H. E. Lord Minto in pressing for Mahomedan representation by election on the communal basis, and Lord Morley, in accepting it, have both shown far-sighted statesmanship. I think the recognition of this principle was necessary, both in the interests of good Government and those of the Country. It is to my mind very necessary that the British Government should be in a position to know at first hand the views and sentiments of all the important sections of the people, over whom they are called upon to exercise authority, and no better means can be found of ascertaining such views than through their elective representatives on the Legislative Councils. It is equally necessary in the interests of the Country's political advancement that the views of the educated Hindus and educated Mahomedans should be expressed freely and independently. No real political progress is possible until the two important communities inhabiting this land work conjointly and in co-operation. Such co-operation does not require fighting elections. It is easier to secure it through the elected representatives. By the means of the elections held on the communal basis, it would be easy to ascertain in regard to every important question whether the two communities are at one or are divided. If they hold identical views the path of progress will become smooth and easy. If they are divided, the grounds for such division will be authoritatively known and remedies applied. It is to my mind clearly necessary both in the interests of good Government and in those of India that the Mahomedan representatives on the Legislative Councils should be free from the taint of Government patronage as well as dependence upon the vote of the Hindu majority. I feel confident that when in the near future the clouds of dust raised by misunderstandings and misapprehensions become dispelled, my Hindu friends will be the first to recognise that the principle of communal representation by election has done and will continue to do an immense amount of good to the cause of political advancement and progress of our mother land."

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SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL AT COLABA.

An interesting game was played on the Garrison Ground at Colaba on 23rd between the Band and the Drums of the Gloucestershire Regiment. Although the ground was of a heavy nature, yet a very fast game was indulged in. It was seen from the very start that the Band were by far the superior team and it was only a matter of conjecture by how many goals they would win After ten minutes' play Rees opened the score for the Band with a characteristic stinging shot after running the ball up the field with extreme cunning. The game now took the form of a perfect bombardment into the Drummers' goal, and a clever shot from Burrows added to the Band's score. Before the whistle blew for half time three more goals were registered against the Drummers, one being an easy shot by Billett, and the other two coming from the centre forward, Copl. Cavanagh.

The second half consisted of a very interesting game, the Drummers making a hard fight against odds. They were unable to score, finding the superb defence of Sherwood and Brown too strong for them. Some clever passes were put in by Phillips, and Cavanagh, taking advantage of one of them sent it underneath the crossbar out of the goal-keeper's reach. Cavanagh, who was playing a really splendid game again scored five minutes before time, thus raising the Band score to 7.

Teams:—

Band:—Smith, Sherwood, Brown, Amey, Burrows, Lewis, Rees, Billet, Cavanagh, William and Phillips.

Drums.—Haggatt, Clark, White, Sissens, Green, Williams, Jenkins, Moulder, Schofield, Dawse and Hacklin.

CRICKET IN POONA.

Poona vs. Kirkee.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA JUNE 24.

This match had to be abondoned at four o'clock this afternoon on account of rain. Nevertheless it was an interesting game as far as it went. Kirkee, going in first, held out for the creditable total of 164, Captain Cotter having stood manfully to his guns for 49 and carried his bat out for that figure. Captain Davis and Captain Tillard shaped remarkably well too. Poona finished up at 90 for two wickets down. Major Arnold and Lieut. Wickham put up pretty tall scores,

Scores:—

KIRKEE.

Capt C T Davis, b Robinson..........................	25
Capt G A Sullivan, b Wickham	4
Mr G C Denton, b Stanger Leathes	16
Mr A T Usborne, b Wood...............................	2
Capt Webber, c Grant, b Robinson................	18
Capt Tillard. c Grant, b Robinson	4
Mr T H Swinburne, c Robinson, b Wood..	20
Mr M N Maclead, b Robinson	0
Mr C Scarfe, b Robinson	4
Capt Cotter, not out	49
Mr H C Walker, b Stanger Leathes.............	9
Extras.................	23
Total......	174

POONA.

Major A S Arnold, not out	35
Lieut Wickham, c Swinburne, b Sullivan.	33
Major Wood c Cotter, b Macleod	8
Lieut Willis, not out	6
Mr S R Arthur......... Capt Spring .... Capt Stanger Leathes Lieut Fanshawe .... Major Parker .... Capt Grant .... Lieut Robinson, ... } did not bat.	
Extras...............	8
Total ...	90

GOLF AT MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

The annual merchants' and bankers' challenge foursomes resulted in an unexpected win for the Chartered Bank. The match was all square at the end of the first nine holes, but in the last nine the Chartered Bank came away with a strong short game and won at the seventeenth hole. Messrs. Best and Co., who played well throughout the tournament, were second.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA CRICKET.

The following will play vs. G. I. P. on the Gymkhana Ground at 11-30 a.m. to-day:—J. S. Milne, C. A. Stileman, S. N. Powell, P. M. D. Sanderson, E. E. Coombs, E. E. B. Lover, Lieut. Brook, E. G. Phillips, Comd. D. J. Vines, G. N. Hewlett, L. F. Arasson.

THE Director-General of Telegraphs has replied to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce that a postponment of the introduction of the revised rules for the use of code words in foreign telegrams is impracticable.

IT IS understood that the Government of Madras have under consideration a proposal to re-organise the offices of all the Translators to Government with a view to placing them under the control of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D.

THE MAHARAO OF KOTAH arrived at Simla on Wednesday with Captain Bannerman, Political Officer, and stays for three weeks at Bothwell. Captain Muir A.-D. C. received him at the station on behalf of the Viceroy.

TIRED,
WORN-OUT, RUN DOWN.

Conditions we so often find in, and so often are we unable to find a cause. We grow tired over ordinarily easy work, old before our time, listless and lifeless and without energy or ambition. Appetite grows poor, sleepless nights are passed, no desire for work or pleasure. Then troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, in fact, the entire system is undermined and overcome. Such an array of system is appalling—but liability of same is certainty. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious and do deadly work with little warning. At the first sign of the smallest symptom of nerve disorder get in touch with that King of all remedies.—

Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

FREE.—In order to prove the abovementioned effects a trial bottle lasting for two days will be forwarded post paid to any person sending two annas postage stamps. Read these evidences.

J. R. Gaikwad, Mamlatdar of Sakri, writes that "Please send two bottles of Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls by V. P. P. as soon as possible. They give good effects."

Mr. J. C. Britto from Ponda, writes that—"Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills, or the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two bottles of it."

M. N. Venkataramier, Pleader from Kulitala, writes that I feel some good effect from Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls. Kindly send one more bottle of it, per V. P. P.

Santokhsingh, B.A., Law Professor, Police Training College, Moradabad, writes: "I have tried two bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and have found them very useful. Please send two more bottles of it, per V. P. P."

Please write clearly.

Price, Rs. 2 per bottle of 40 Pills.
3 Bottles Rs. 5-8-0. V. P. P. extra.

ADDRESS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.
No. 154, Juma Masjid, BOMBAY,
Druggist and Chemists.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

The rainfall has been moderately heavy on the West Coast of the Peninsula and nearly general rain has fallen in the Central Provinces and Northern Hyderabad. Local rain is reported from the United Provinces and Burma. Ratnagiri, Goa and Akola had three inches; Karwar, Mangalore, Calicut, Hyderabad and Aurangabad, two; Nagpur, one and half; Silchar, three; Dehra Dun, one and half; and Mainpura three. The Arabian Sea monsoon has become re-established in the Peninsula, and it is extending into the interior, especially in the north, though the area of low pressure has moved away from hills and it is likely that the Bay current will shortly penetrate along the Gangetic plain.

The forecast gives nearly general rain as probable along on the West Coast of the Peninsula and in the central parts of the country. Local rain is likely in the United Provinces, North-East India and Burma.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 24TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 24th June, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is in excess at Delhi but normal or in defect elsewhere. Both maximum and minimum temperatures are higher than usual at Lahore and Ambala; over the rest of the division temperature is normal except for a defect at night at Rawalpindi and an excess during the day at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Mainpuri records 2·58 ins. of rain and Cawnpore 0·23 inch. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess at Mainpuri but either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies remain heavily clouded in lower Sind but are generally clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal is Sind and in defect in Rajputana. Both the maximum and minimum temperatures are higher than usual in Rajputana. In Sind temperature is normal except for an excess during the day at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Maximum temperature is in excess except at the coast stations; the minimum is generally normal.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen. Khandwa has had 0·22 inch, Akola 2·53 inches, Amraoti 0·31 inch, Nagpur 1·42 inches Raipur 0·20 inch, and Chanda 0·29 inch. Skies are clear or lightly clouded in the north-eastern and extreme eastern districts, but are moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess in the area of rainfall but in defect over the rest of the division. Maximum temperature is high but the minimum is normal.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Ratnagiri has received 3·21 inches, Mormugao 1·28 inches and Karwar 1·79 inches. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is normal at Bombay and in defect at the other stations; night temperature is everywhere normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been local in the Deccan and nearly general in Hyderabad. Malegaon has had 0·15 inch, Ahmednagar 0·20 inch, Belgaum 0·12 inch, Aurangabad 1·83 inches and Hyberabad 1·93 inches. Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in excess at some stations; night temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—General and at most stations fairly heavy rain has fallen in Central Provinces and in the Peninsula with the exception of the Madras Deccan, the Mysore plateau and the Carnatic. Local showers have fallen in the United Provinces. Skies are heavily clouded over the areas where rainfall has occured.

The barometer has fallen rather irregularly. Pressure is in moderate defect in the southern half of the Peninsula and in the Konkan. Winds continue southerly or south-easterly in the Konkan.

Nearly general rain is probable on the West Coast and local rain in the Central Provinces and the Deccan.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplanade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered.......	12·48	11·29	15·01	10·04
Thursday, 24th June.........	0·00	0·00	0·00	0·00
Total......	12·48	11·29	15·01	10·04
Same date last year.........	14·70	12·58	12·30	10·45

CUMBALLA HILL.
MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ld.
June 24.
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1907.	Corpdg. Total 1908.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill...	0·00	14·1	18·74	14·9

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 24th June to date.
Bushire (23rd)	87·6	77·1	...	...
Jask (23rd)	91·8	80·3	...	...
Muskat (23rd)	101·3	92·1	...	...
Multan	111·3	87·0	...	...
Rawalpindi	103·4	71·4	...	2·06
Lahore	103·9	84·7	...	1·09
Sirsa	107·3	83·1	...	1·65
Ambala	103·5	85·0	...	3·98
Delhi	99·7	82·7	...	4·45
Agra	101·5	85·5	...	1·81
Mainpuri	102·3	77·0	2·58	4·79
Jhansi	98·5	85·8	...	1·23
Cawnpore	96·7	80·0	0·23	2·85
Allahabad	99·6	75·5	...	7·01
Jacobabad	116·6	85·8	...	0·01
Karachi	91·0	83·1	...	0.00
Ajmer	102·4	86·7	...	0·29
Jaipur	106·2	85·1	...	1·44
Kotah	107·0	89·1	...	1·59
Bhuj	97·6	80·0	...	0·93
Dwarka	90·3	84·2	...	0·63
Veraval	85·7	82·3	...	0·69
Rajkot	100·9	79·2	...	0·88
Bhavnagar Para	96·6	81·0	...	2·97
Surat	91·1	81·1	0·03	1·94
Ahmedabad	101·6	84·7	...	0·91
Deesa	101·8	83·4	...	0·96
Neemuch	101·6	82·3	...	1·22
Indore	98·6	74·6	0·05	2·27
Jubbulpore	97·0	78·3	...	1·95
Saugor	95·6	70·5	...	3·79
Hoshangabad	102·6	79·4	0·10	0·95
Khandwa	101·2	77·1	0·22	2·73
Akola	102·2	74·6	2·53	5·77
Amraoti	96·8	74·3	0·31	3·68
Nagpur	98·6	74·3	1·42	4·46
Chanda	100·0	77·0	0·29	4·57
Raipur	95·2	76·1	0·20	5·31
Bombay	87·3	79·1	...	10·04
Ratnagiri	80·8	73·9	3·21	24·22
Mormugao	80·0	73·7	1·28	14·49
Karwar	79·8	73·0	1·79	25·84
Malegaon	97·4	71·6	0·15	3·94
Ahmednagar	95·4	72·5	0·20	2·37
Poona	91·0	74·3	...	2·13
Sholapur	93·3	72·9	0·01	12·65
Bijapur	91·2	69·2	...	4·97
Belgaum	79·3	66·1	0·12	5·13
Aurangabad	93·7	69·2	1·83	5·41
Nizamabad (Indur)	...	...	...	...
Hyderabad	95·3	72·7	1·93	5·82
Mangalore	80·7	72·4	2·40	26·80
Calicut	80·8	74·1	1·99	23·52
Cochin	83·7	75·8	0·21	17·62
Colombo	85·0	78·0	0·01	2·24
Masulipatam	103·8	78·1	0·45	2·08
Bellary	98·0	76·3	...	0·02
Cuddapah	102·2	81·6	...	2·11
Madras	102·0	83·0	...	1·42
Bangalore	91·8	65·8	0·05	0·38
Coimbatore	87·4	70·8	...	1·09
Trichinopoly	99·6	79·3	...	0·00
Negapatam	100·4	77·5	...	0·12

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE SPREAD OF THE MONSOON.

The Bombay season reports for the week ending 22nd June 1909 give the following details :—

AHMEDABAD.

Rain during week 29 cents at Ahmedabad, in the district maximum 1 inch 91 cents at Dhandhuka, minimum 12 cents at Dholka ; for season 75 cents at Ahmedabad, in the district maximum 6 inches 38 cents at Dhandhuka, minimum 75 cents at Daskroi. Rainfall general but slight in all talukas except Dhandhuka.

PANCH MAHALS.

Rain during week, maximum 2 inches 66 cents at Godhra, minimum 41 cents at Kalol ; for season, maximum 2 inches 73 cents at Godhra, minimum 81 cents at Kalol. Rainfall insufficient. More rain urgently needed.

KAIRA.

Rain during week 7 cents at Kaira, in the district maximum 18 cents at Mehmadabad, 10 cents at Cambay; for season 1 inch 44 cents at Kaira, in the district maximum 2 inches 56 cents at Mehmadabad, minimum 18 cents at Matar, 52 cents at Cambay.

BROACH.

Rain during week 25 cents at Broach, in the district maximum 1 inch 88 cents at Amod, minimum 19 cents at Anklesvar ; for season 3 inches 64 cents at Broach, in the district maximum 8 inches 34 cents at Vagra, minimum 95 cents at Jambusar. Rainfall general except in Amod taluka and Hansot petha.

SURAT.

Rain during week 21 cents at Surat, in the district maximum 1 inch 78 cents at Chikhli, minimum 38 cents at Olpad, 2 inches 1 cent at Bansda, 75 cents at Sachin ; for season 1 inch 26 cents at Surat, in the district maximum 10 inches 56 cents at Pardi, minimum 2 inches 12 cents at Olpad, 5 inches 79 cents at Bansda, 1 inch 85 cents at Sachin. Rainfall general and sufficient, but more needed in Chorasi and Olpad talukas for sowing operations.

THANA.

Rain during week 2 inches 64 cents at Thana, in the district maximum 3 inches 30 cents at Murbad, minimum 91 cents at Dahanu, 5 inches 73 cents at Jawhar; for season 16 inches 34 1-2 cents at Thana, in the district maximum 15 inches 8 cents at Bhiwandi, minimum 5 inches '83 cents at Mahim, 9 inches 29 cents at Jawhar. Rainfall generally good.

KOLABA.

Rain during week, maximum 5 inches 71 cents at Khalapur, minimum 53 cents at Alibag; for season inches 5 cents at Alibag, in the district maximum inches 34 cents at Roha, minimum 8 inches 3 cents at Mangaon, More rain needed.

RATNAGIRI.

Rain during week 1 inch 52 cents at Ratnagiri, in the district maximum 8 inches 97 cents at Mandangad, minimum 75 cents at Guhagar; for season 17 inches 44 cents at Ratnagiri, in the district maximum 22 inches 3 cents at Vengurla, minimum 11 inches 10 cents at Malvan Rainfall general but insufficient except in Vengurla and Malvan talukas and Mandangad pethas. More rain needed.

KANARA.

Rain during week 2 inches 21 cents at Karwar, in the district maximum 4 inches 66 cents at Bhatkal, minimum 8 cents at Haliyal ; for season 22 inches 7 cents at Karwar, in the district maximum 30 inches 5 cents at Bhatkal, minimum 2 inches 17 cents at Haliyal. More rain needed everywhere except in Bhatkal petha.

EAST KHANDESH.

Rain during week, maximum 5 inches 34 cents at Chalisgaon, minimum 67 cents at Jalgaon ; for season 2 inches 85 cents at Jalgaon, in the district maximum 6 inches 65 cents at Chalisgaon, minimum 1 inch 10 cents at Raver. Rainfall good, but more needed.

WEST KHANDESH.

Rain during week 2 cents at Dhulia, in the district maximum 3 inches 5 cents at Navapur, minimum 1 inch 12 cents at Nandurbar; for season 4 inches 49 cents at Dhulia, in the district maximum 3 inches 58 cents at Navapur, minimum 1 inch 94 cents at Nandurbar. Rainfall insufficient in Nandurbar and Sakri talukas where it is badly needed for sowing, elsewhere it is seasonable.

NASIK.

Rain during week, maximum 5 inches 67 cents at Dindori, minimum 4 cents at Nasik; for season maximum 7 inches 4 cents at Dindori, minimum 2 inches 99 cents at Nasik. Rainfall sufficient except in Baglan and Chandor talukas and eastern parts of Kalvan taluka.

AHMEDNAGAR.

Rain during week 1 inch 52 cents at Ahmednagar in the district maximum 2 inches 77 cents at Shevgaon minimum 55 cents at Shrigonda; for season in the district maximum 7 inches 12 cents at Jamkhed minimum 1 inch 43 cents at Rahuri. More rain urgently needed for kharif sowing.

POONA.

Rain during week 11 cents at Poona, in the district maximum 1 inch 96 cents at Paud, minimum [illegible] cents at Sasvad ; for season 3 inches 27 cents at Poona, in the district maximum 6 inches 69 cents at Baramati, minimum 1 inch 73 cents at Khed. Rainfall sufficient for sowing except in the north-eastern portion of the district.

SHOLAPUR.

Rain during week 28 cents at Sholapur, in the district maximum 91 cents at Madha, minimum 28 cents at Sangola ; for season 8 inches 15 cents at Sholapur, in the district maximum 7 inches 83 cents at Barsi, minimnm 1 inch 81 cents at Malsiras. Rainfall very slight during week but for season sufficient for kharif sowing.

SATARA.

Rain during week 76 cents at Satara; for season 5 inches 71 cents at Satara, in the district maximum 6 inches 96 cents at Javli, minimum 2 inches 10 cents at Khanapur.

BIJAPUR.

Rain during week in the district maximum 72 cents at Sindgi, minimum 1 cent at Muddebihal; for season 4 inches 33 cents at Bijapur, in the district maximum 7 inches 23 cents at Indi, minimum 42 cants at Muddebihal Rain urgently needed. Kharif sowing in progress in Sindgi and Indi talukas but retarded elsewhere for want of sufficient moisture.

BELGAUM.

Rain during week 20 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 1 inch 98 cents at Chandgad, minimum 2 cents at Sampgaon ;for season 5 inches 43 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 8 inches 75 cents at Chandgad, minimum 1 inch 76 cents at Parasgad. More rain needed everywhere. Kharif sowing in progress, but retarced in places for want of rain.

DHARWAR.

Rain during week 3 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 96 cents at Kalghatgi, minimum 3 cents at Gadag; for season 2 inches 77 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 3 inches 80 cents at Hangal, minimum 86 cents at Gadag. Rainfall useful for kharif sowing.

KATHIAWAR.

Rain during week 74 cents at Rajkot, in the Agency mazimum 6 inches 82 cents at Thadach, minimum 7 cents at Patdi, for saason 89 cents at Rajkot, in the Agency maximum 6 inches 82 cents at Thadach, minimum 7 cents at Patdi.

BARODA.

Rain during week 59 cents at Baroda, in the State maximum 2 inches 99 cents at Amreli, minimum 1 inch 6 cents at Navsari ; for season 2 inches 51 cents at Baroda, in the State maximum 5 inches 70 cents at Navsari, minimum 1 inch 77 cents at Kadi.

PALANPUR.

Rain during week 10 cents at Palanpur, in the Agency maximum 4 inches at Thara, minimum 40 cents at Tharad ; for season 1 inch 86 cents at Palanpur, in the Agency minimum 88 cents at Diodar.

CUTCH.

Rain during week 24 cents at Bhuj in the State maximum 1 inch 44 cents at Rapar, minimum 13 cents at Mandvi; for season 85 cents at Bhuj, in the State maximum 1 inch 44 cents at Rapar, minimum 13 cents at Mandvi. Rainfall partial and beneficial to ploughing operations. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation.

THE Bishop of Chichester, at Hayward's Heath, denounced the practice of placing on graves what he termed "miserable artificial flowers" brought across from the Continent. "There was a good deal of Continental stuff used in this country that might well be dispensed with," he said.

BY THE WAY.

"B. N. C."

Brasenose College, Oxford, which is keeping its quatercentenary, can be traced back to the Brasenose Hall that stood upon part of the present site so far back as 1239. There was no real break in corporate continuity, and the last Head of the Hall became the first Principal. Under the early statutes corporal punishment was introduced, and undergraduates were birched for, among other offences, "making odious comparisons." During the Commonwealth the dons successfully "diplomatised," and contrived in that troubled time to build a fine chapel which is the first work of Sir Christopher Wren. The curious name of Brasenose comes from a quaint knocker, the original of which, recently recovered from Stamford, inspired a college poet to sing :

Talk not of lilies, nor of roses,
Nor scents that come from dainty posies,
Dream we now of brass and noses.

A proposed scheme of amalgamation between Brasenose and neighbouring Lincoln College came to nothing, partly owing to a vigorous pamphlet by Mr. H. E. P. Platt, the present senior Fellow of Lincoln.

THE "HELL FIRE CLUB."

With a good intellectual record Brasenose College has always combined a reputation for athletic prowess and conviviality, and possesses the oldest existing wine club, the "Phœnix," of which the poet-bishop, Heber, was once a luminary. The Phœnix formerly had a disreputable rival called the "Hell Fire Club," with which a ghastly legend is connected. It is said to have collapsed in 1834 upon the terrible death of the president, who burst a blood vessel while uttering a blasphemous imprecation, and whose struggling soul was dragged through the double iron stanchions of the window by the devil. This is alleged to have been actually witnessed by a Fellow of the college, the late Rev. T. T. Churton ; but the picturesque story probably arose from a a confusion of two quite distinct occurrences.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

France has just kept the centenary of the the death of Marshal Lannes, who was mortally wounded at the battle of Essling. Napolean used to say of him that he had a perfect genius for war, and there are many anecdotes which show that he was very fond of fighting. On one occasion, when he was only a captain he was attacking a redoubt in the Pyrenees, and was asked to agree to a suspension of hostilities. His reply was that he would grant a suspension of hostilities for ten minutes on condition that the Spanish officer in command would spend the time in engaging in single combat with him in the presence of the two armies. The chivalrous Spaniard consented, and was wounded in the duel which ensued. Then the attack on the redoubt was renewed, and it was quickly taken.

THE NEW ACADEMICIAN.

M. Marcel Prevost, who defeated M. Drumont in the Academy election, was educated in the Ecole Polytechnique. He graduated "dans les tabacs," and took an appointment in one of the State tobacco factories, at Chateauroux, at a salary of £8 16s. per month, but from the very first devoted his evenings to the writing of fiction. He wrote three novels, and though he could not, to begin with, find a publisher, he presently managed to serialise all of them in the "Matin," the "Gil Blas," and the "Figaro" respectively. At this stage the Government promoted him to a position in the Ministry of Finance; but his literary work was so heavy that he at once applied for leave of absence. It was granted and is still running, for M. Prevost has never formally resigned his appointment or been discharged from it, though his salary has been suspended.

ANTIPODEAN STONEMASON-POLITICIANS.

Stonemasons have always been keen politicans in Australia. The late Hon. Thomas Price was only one out of several who attained distinction in public life. The first working-man M.P. at the Antipodes was a stonemason. His name was Charles Jardine Don, and he was a British Chartist before he emigrated. Exactly half a century ago he was returned to the Parliament of Victoria by Collingwood, a democratic suburb of Melbourne. He continued to work at his trade after becoming an M.P. "I hammer bluestone by day and the squatters by night" was one of his sayings. The squatters were the wealthy wool kings and land monopolists.

THE ORDNANCE SURVEY.

The measurements recently marked out with scientific refinement by the Ordnance Survey on the Brooklands Motor Track will serve to remind the public that this special branch of the Army—which comprises three companies of the Royal Engineers—has done much useful work apart from the actual delineation of the British Isles. Municipal authorities have often availed themselves of its services. Royal Commissions have had special work done for them, and parties have been specially detailed for surveys at the Cape, Canada, Cyprus, and even Jerusalem.

ZULULAND'S SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Zululand is associated in most minds with battles and a race of warrior kings, but since 1904, when the Delimitation Commission threw open certain of the sub-tropical lands to European occupation and cultivation, nothing has been more remarkable than the rise of the sugar-growing industry on lands which would have remained barren in native hands. Sugar-planters are now found along this fertile coast from the Tugela to the Amatibulu Rivers; and last year over 4,000 tons of sugar were produced from the crushings at a large mill erected by Sir Liege Hulett. Sir Liege is one of Natal's most prominent colonists, the father of the tea industry in the Garden Colony. and he is now expanding the Colony's products by the assistance he is rendering to sugar-growing in Zululand.

SIR TIMOTHY.

Sir T. C. O'Brien, the defendant in the Irish slander suit now being heard in Dublin, was a famous member of the Middlesex cricket team years ago. He is married to a daughter of the late Sir Humphrey de Trafford. The baronetcy was conferred on his grandfather, the first Sir Timothy, a Dublin merchant who was Lord Mayor of the city when the late Queen Victoria visited it 60 years ago. The present baronet succeeded his uncle, Sir Patrick O'Brien, who for over thirty years represented King's County in the House of Commons, and who once appealed to Ministers to consent to the adjournment of the debate in the middle of an all-night sitting on the ground if members did not get sufficient sleep they would not be able to appreciate his nephew's batting at Lord's in the afternoon. On another occasion when Sir Patrick was addressing the House another Irish member muttered qulte audibly, "Sit down, you fool!" whereupon Sir Patrick, turning calmly round upon his colleague, said : "The honourable baronet the member for Wexford says 'Sit down, you fool!' The term 'fool' is frequently applied to the honourable baronet by his own constituents, with the adjective 'old' and some other adjectives as profane as they are uncomplimentary before it,"—a retort which set the House rocking with laughter.

THE MOST POPULAR GOLFERS.

The most popular, most discussed men in golf, who are they? "Baily's Magazine" asks the question, and answers it with this list :

Amateur.	Professional.
Ball, John	Braid, J.
Hutchinson, H. G.	Vardon, H.
Hilton, H. H.	Taylor, J. H.
Low, J. L.	Herd, Alex
Laidlay, J. E.	White, Jack
Maxwell, R.	Vardon, Tom
Fry, S. H.	Duncan, G.
Hambro, Eric	Massy, A.
Colt, H. S.	Mayo, J. H.
Fowler, W. H.	Robson, F.
Palmer, C. A.	Reid, W. E.
Graham, J.	Ray, E.

Ball is considered as "perhaps the most conspicuous figure in amateur golf to-day," and in the professional sphere his record is pretty much equalled by Braid.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

AFTERNOON FROCKS.

Afternoon frocks of the smarter sort, writes a London lady, are being made in various kinds of fancy Shantung silks. with waved or ribbed surfaces. These look very pretty when they are arranged in pinafore style over blouses of soft silk net, dyed to match the colour of the silk. To complete the picture, a sleeveless coat of chiffon in the same shade is sometimes added, bordered with a hem of silk. Large clusters of roses in every shade, pink and cream-colour, damask red and ivory-white, may be seen on picture hats in fine Leghorn straw, massed closely together in front of the brim, while round the crown there are soft draperies of black tulle. Other charming hats with brims of black crinoline are arranged with crowns of black spotted net, half hidden under a shower of moss rosebuds, some pink and some white. A dainty chapeau with a fairly wide brim of biscuit-coloured straw has a crown composed entirely of loose-leaved pink roses and rosebuds. Encircling this floral crown, there is a folded band of black moire ribbon, drawn on one side, through a diamond buckle.

SOME NOVEL OPERA COATS.

For the wearing of the most gorgeous evening cloaks the opera is being made an excuse this season, and seldom if ever, have more beautiful wraps been seen than those which have been just made by one of the cleverest of our London modistes, with a special view to their being worn at Convent Garden. One of the most charming of all is a harmony in sunset tones of crimson and pale pink carried out in palest pink satin charmeuse, with exquisite embroideries in deep crimson and very delicate rose-colour, and a lining of cloud grey mousseline de soie. The embroideries are worked in soft silks and arranged so that they cover the shoulders like a deep cape. The design of the embroidery represents clusters and trails of roses and rose-foliage, and forms long points, which taper away to nothing, as they near the waist. Small diamonds flash out from the centres of the flowers, and the embroidery is outlined everywhere with fine silver threads. The same beautiful work borders the hem of the coat, and forms cuffs upon the large wing sleeves. Another evening wrap of a simpler kind is made in white crepe de Chine, and arranged with statuesque folds, held in place on each shoulder by a diamond clasp, and so cunningly contrived, that by the fastening of a single loop of silk cord round a diamond button they can be draped round the arm to form sleeves, when necessary. As a rule, however, they will hang in long, unbroken lines from the shoulder, adorned only by a greek key-pattern design, worked in diamonds and silver. In the case of many opera cloaks the burnous form of wrap is still in evidence, and seems particularly well suited to the soft satins of the moment. The pointed hood, weighted with a gold or silver tassel, has been superseded, however, in some instances, by a very becoming drapery, arranged with a long handkerchief point in the centre. This drapery forms a practical hood, and is outlined with a band of soft satin, through which a silk ribbon is threaded, so that when any kind of head-covering is necessary, the handkerchief point can be arranged, almost in Marie Stuart fashion on the hair, and the silk ribbons drawn closely, and tied under the chin with long flowing ends.

MYSTERY OF THE SEA.

Lost Warship Condor.

REPORTED DISCOVERY OF THE WRECK.

The "New York Herald's" correspondent at Victoria British Columbia, reports the arrival of an English naturalist named Bonnycastle Dale with tidings of the discovery, near Barclay Sound, Vancouver Island, of the submerged hulk of what he asserts is the sloop-of-war Condor, which has been missing since 1901. He says he has communicated which the British admiralty, and he declares that the evidence of identity seems incontrovertible.

The wreckage lies in comparatively shallow water, less than two miles off the coast. A few weeks ago a spar stamped with the Admiralty mark was visible floating on the surface, apparently attached to a wreck beneath. It was washed ashore almost in the same spot where a jibboom spar marked Condor, together with a life-buoy similarly stamped, were thrown up on the beach some months ago. At extreme low tide, according to half a dozen West Coast residents, the hulk is barely submerged.

If investigation corroborates Mr. Dale's story the sepulchre of over one hundred officers and men of the British Navy has been found. One the morning of Dec. 3, 1901, the Condor, in Company with his Majesty's ship Warspite, left Esquimault, Vancouver Island. The former was bound for Honolulu and Tahiti, heavily laden with coal and carrying mails to isolated South Sea islands. During a storm outside the Straits, the ships parted company. The Condor was last seen labouring heavily and flying signals of distress by Captain Boyd, of the Bank Line steamer Aymeric, who was then in command of the south-bound lumber-ship Springbank. He had all he could do to save his own vessel.

The Condor never reached Honolulu, and her fate has heretofore remained one of the mysteries of the deep. On the same night the collier Mattewan, bound from Nanaimo to San Francisco, was lost. Some people believe that the two vessels collided and sank. The Admiralty sent the warships phaeton and Egeria in search of the Condor, while the United States Government contributed the revenue cutters Grant and McCulloch.

One of the saddest naval tragedies in modern times is associated with the loss of his Majesty's ship Condor, because to this day there has been no indication of how the end came. The Condor was one of an unfortunate class. She was a new ship of 980 tons, of a type which is not now, happily, built for the Navy. The Condor was practically a police boat, being of light draught to enable her to go into shallow rivers.

The Condor was commissioned at Chatham on Nov. 1, 1900, by Commander Clifton Slater, brother of Mr. Sanders Slater of Bombay, and ordered to the Pacific. Her other officers were Lieutenants James B. Mason, Hay Winthrop, and Henry V. T. Proctor, with Surgeon Thomas S. Hartley, Assistant Paymaster William H. Franklin, Gunner A. D. A. Burns and Artificer-Engineer George J. Dutton. She had a crew of about 120 men.

When week after week passed and no news of the ship reached England, Sir Charles Cameron, father-in-law of Commander Slater, proceeded to Esquimalt. On his return to this country he told the only connected story of the ship which has been published. The Condor left Esquimalt about nine o'clock on the morning of Dec. 3, 1901, her mission being to make a cruise among the Pacific Islands, carrying mails to the lonely inhabitants of Pitcairn Island, and touch at various remote reef islands on the chance of relieving castaway seamen. She first proceeded to gun practice, which continued until the afternoon and then started on her course to Honolulu. Investigations showed that she had at least thirteen hours of calm weather, during which she was lessening her distance from the land, and then she encountered the storm in which, apparently, she went down.

Sir Charles attributed the vessel's loss to her build. "She had between her forecastle and poop—both of which stood well above the water—a well at the waist. In a merchant vessel this would have been a safe enough build, as the bulwarks round the waist would either have been low and slight, or their place would have been taken by rails. In a man-of-war, however, to give shelter in fighting, the bulwarks are breast-high and very strong, and if a vessel of the Condor's build shipped a heavy sea a huge weight of water would be landed in this well without any means of escape, and the wish of this might aggravate her roll to such an extent as to upset her altogether, or, if not sufficient for that her furnaces might become extinguished. Now the Condor rolled tremendously. In letters to his wife and myself, Commander Slater constantly referred to her rolling as an excuse for his inability to write more frequently, or as a reason for the substitution of pencil for pen and ink." On one occasion, Sir Charles Cameron added, Commander Slater reported the "lateral level" of the vessel was altering every few seconds some 55 degrees.

THE "Gaulois" states that the Archbishop of Westminster will take a prominent part in the Joan of Arc celebrations to be held at Rheims Cathedral at the end of July.

MADE on Pitcairn Island, about 1850, by Thursday October Christian, and bearing a metal plate made from the nails of H.M.S. "Bounty," a small cabinet has sold for £4 14s. 6d. at Sotheby's.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

THE SWEET HEROINE INDUSTRY.

The change in our drama—the retirement of the play of wholesome morals in favour of the social problem play—has brought about a very alarming result. It has struck a deadly blow at the "sweet heroine" industry. I did not dream, writes a London correspondent, how deadly that blow was—even if I had thought of the matter at all—until a few nights ago, when I was in the company of an actor-manager who was beating his brains to discover a strong actress for the part of an "absolutely pure, therefore best" heroine. There was Miss Evelyn Millard, of course; but this delightfully womanly actress had other plans. There was Miss Eva Moore, but she was engaged; and so, too, was Miss Evelyn D'Alroy. There were plenty of fine comedy actresses of the "Society" sort : Miss Compton, Miss Ellis Jeffreys, Miss Henrietta Watson, and so on. And there were plenty of leading ladies who loved to play the moaning wife, with a drunken husband at the club and a boy lover on the balcony.

NONE AVAILABLE.

But there were no actresses in the market (none available, at all events) of the Mrs. Kendal school—no Amy Roselles, no Kate Rorkes, no Winifred Emerys, no Blanche Horlocks, no Jessie Milwards; no pretty womanly women to stand up and glory in impersonating the virtuous wife of powerful domestic drama. What would happen, I wonder, if the fashion for such dramas were suddenly to return? The shady heroine has become so important a dramatic figure that our young actresses seem to feel they might get left out in the cold unless they trained themselves to be ready at any moment to play a "Lena Ashwell part," an "Irene Vanbrugh part," a "Mrs. Patrick Campbell part"—some female "enigma," forger, or thief. The villainess of the piece has quite taken the place of the villain of the piece. The sweet heroine industry is practically at a standstill. And what my actor-manager will do, who—when last I saw him was offering his soul to the stars for a powerful actress who could play a powerfully virtuous part with conviction, I do not know. Neither do I much care, so far as he is concerned. But it seems a pity, for many nice reasons, that the sweet heroine industry is going to the dogs.

ERRONEOUS IDEAS.

One is apt to form strangely erroneous ideas of people one has never met. There is a notion on foot, I see, that the author of "The Showing Up of Blanco Posnet"—it should now, by the way, be called "The Throwing Up of Blanco Posnet"—is an extremely slovenly man. That is an idea that most people have of the genius, whether his work be painting, writing, or playing an instrument. The wife of the man in the City condoles with the wife of the man in the clouds, because he "must" be so untidy. "She pictures his study a raging, roaring sea of troubles"—letters, manuscripts "books" and newspapers strewn upon the floor. She sees him in her mind's eye, using the antimacassars (objects of household furniture that no self-respecting genius would tolerate in his home for five minutes) as pen-wipers, and knocking out the ashes of his pipe by tapping its inverted bowl upon the arm of his chair. She calls up the most degrading visions of his corner of the bedroom—coats and "continuations" thrown into a crupled, huddled heap on a chair, boots on his dressing-table, ties, and collars under it, socks hung over his shaving-glass, and braces dangling from the gas-bracket.

"YOU NENER CAN TELL."

But, to use an appropriate phrase, in this connection you never can tell—or, as some wit observed when that play was new to London "You never can B. Shaw!" Referring to the "Blanco Posnet" business, a writer who does not love his "G. B. S." as he should do, and as he would do if he had a sense of humour, says he can imagine our great satirist and thinker (he does not call him that, by the way) "splashing off undecipherable epistles of wrath" to Mr. Redford! If Mr. George Bernard Shaw wrote to Mr. Redford at all (most probably he did not), his letters would not have been "undecipherable," nor would they have shown signs of having been splashed off. "G. B. S." does not splash with his pen. His handwriting is as clear as print—clearer than some print ; and he goes ahead through a whole play or book without an erasure or a blot. His manuscript of "Cashel Byron's Profession" is said to have been the neatest thing in manuscripts ever seen. It was as tidy from beginning to end as a visiting card.

THE NERVOUS STRANGER.

A gentleman had his watch taken from him at the Windsor Meeting, and at the subsequent police-"court matinee," which was only one of the results of the thief being captured, the magistrate looked angrily over his spectacles at the prosecutor, and told him that he ought to have had more sense than to take his watch to the races with him. Which reminds me of the story told of Sir W. S. Gilbert, J.P., who, prior to a certain event which he has good cause to remember, once administered a similar rebuke from the bench under similar circumetances. The "certain event" which cured him of speaking too sternly to prosecutors of racecourse pickpockets took the following shape. He was in the paddock at Sandown with a friend, watching the horses as they were being led round, when one of the animals kicked out in his direction. Its heels only reached within a couple of yards of the famous librettist and magistrate, who took the affair quite coolly, if not with an air of Tattersall stable devilry (for Sir William is very accustomed to, and very fond of horses of most kinds), but a neatly-dressed stranger who has standing by was so agitated by the occurrence that he bumped violently into into the gallant knight, and nearly knocked him down.

THE VANISHING STRANGER.

The most profuse apologies were nervously offered, and none too graciously accepted (one can imagine Sir Bab under the circumstances); but when the thing happened for a second time, Sir William felt very angry indeed, and looked it twice over. Apparently far too ashamed of his timidity to approach Sir William with another string of apolozies. the smart-looking stranger hurried out of the paddock and lost himself in the first knot of people he could find. "There goes a fine specimen of British manhood," sneered Sir William to his friend, as they both scowled at his retreating figure. And something else had gone out of that paddock, besides a fine specimen of British manhood; for a few seconds afterwards Sir William found that the nervous stranger had done the vanishing trick, not only with himself, but also with his ("W. S. G.'s,") watch and chain, pocket-book, and scarf-pin.

MASKELYNE AND DEVANT.

If Mr. David Devant had had the pleasure of living 300 years ago, I feel sure he would have been treated to a most picturesque death at quite an early age. If a man could have been burned at the stake for being merely supposed to have the Evil Eye, one can only faintly imagine the kind of lingering death that would have been reserved for a man who can enclose a hand in a glass case and set it to play dominoes against three skilled opponents, and win easily. I feel sure that the Inquisition would have made Mr. Devant last a clear week, so that they could have the opportunity of crowding every variety of torture upon a man so obviously in league with the Prince of Darkness.

A DARK SECRET.

I understand that the secret of "The Imprisoned Hand" has been so jealously guarded that even other members of Mr. Devant's interesting profession have not been able to solve it. A glass case is put on the stage, and a committee of three gentlemen is invited to examine it in detail. (On the evening of my visit two of the three gentlemen were clergymen). The Hand is then put on a sort of trolley, inside the case, and shut in, and the game then begins. When it is the Hand's turn to play, it moves along till it is opposite the domino it requires, when it bends over, picks it up, and passes it through a glass door to Mr. Devant. The man who said that the age of miracles is past was in too much of a hurry.

MORE MYSTERY.

Mr. Devant has another little trick that is quite a staggerer. He takes a glass of water and covers it with a handkerchief. Then he puts an ordinary tall hat on the top of the handkerchief, and asks us to watch with both eyes accordingly. Slowly but surely the hat sinks until it is level with the glass table on which the tumbler was placed, and a gentleman summoned from the audience is invited to look into the hat to see that there is no deception. Of course there never is in these cases. The gentleman reports that the tumbler of water is now inside the hat, and, at Mr. Devant's request, proceeds to draw it forth for our inspection. It seems to me that by the time the Inquisitors in the good old days had dealt adequately with the case of a man who can do things like that, they would have run out of red-hot cinders and boiling oil.

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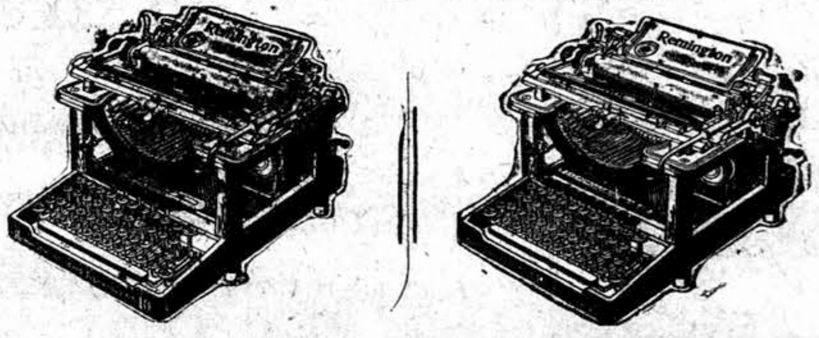

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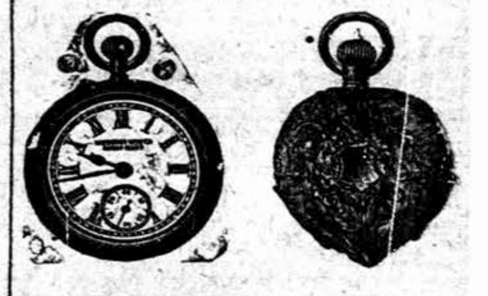

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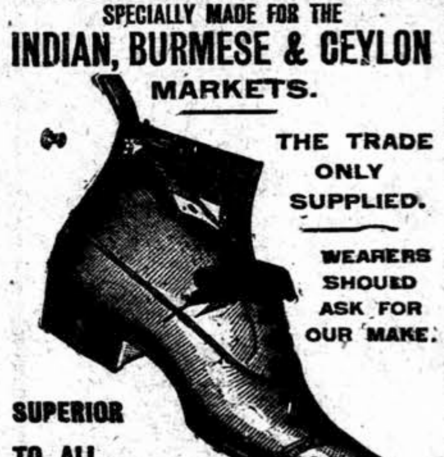

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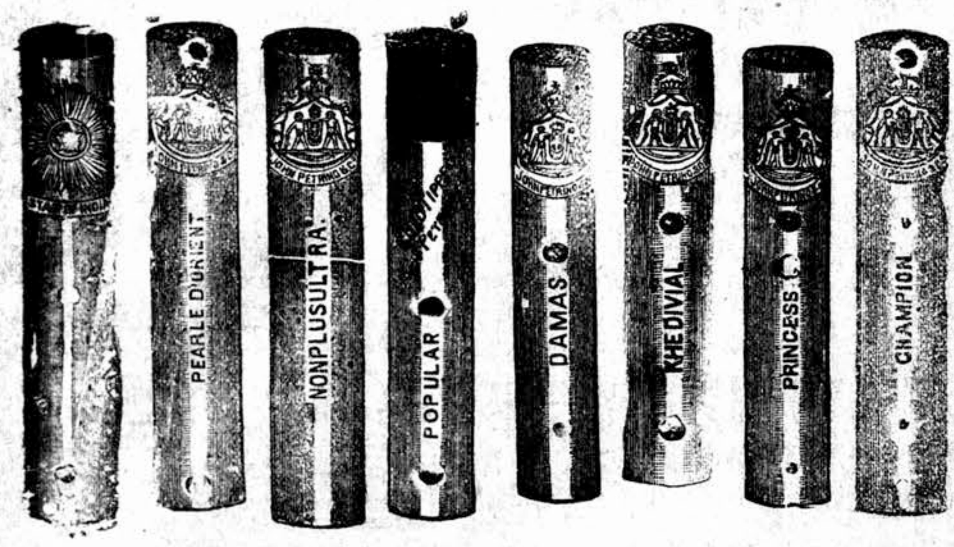

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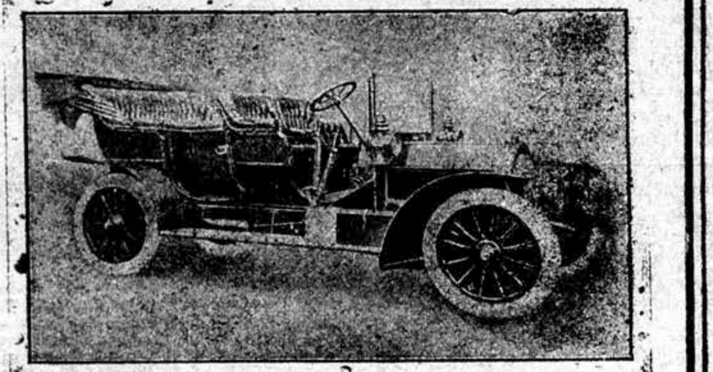

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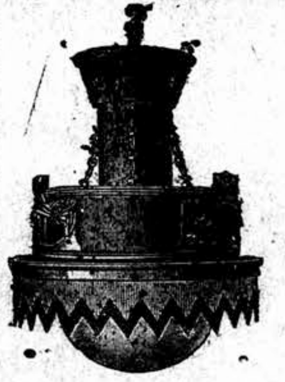

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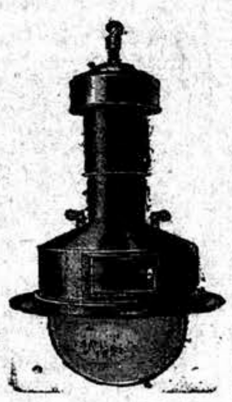

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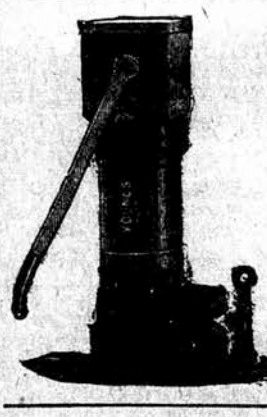

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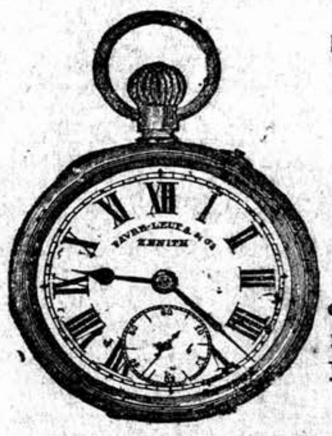

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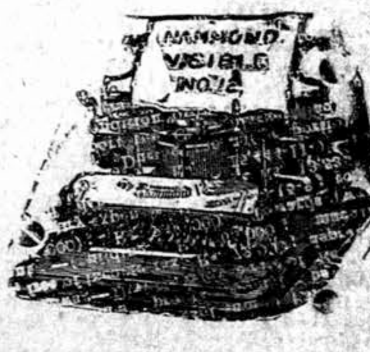

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